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#### (54)Phytase formulation

- A stabilized enzyme formulation is disclosed which comprises phytase and at least one stabilizing agent selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) C5 sugars such as xylitol and ribitol,
  - b) polyethylene glycol having a molecular weight of 600 to 4000 Da,
  - c) the disodium salts of malonic, succinic and glutaric acid, and
  - d) carboxymethylcellulose, and
  - e) sodium alginate.

Alternatively, phytase may be stabilized by chemical crosslinking with either

- a) glutaraldehyde, or
- b) oxidation of phytase carbohydrate residues with sodium periodate and subsequent addition of adipic acid dihydrazide.

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### Description

[0001] The present invention relates to liquid and dry phytase formulations having an increased stability, preferably thermostability, which is obtained by the addition of stabilizing agents, or by crosslinking.

[0002] Although a large amount of phosphate is present in feed in form of phytate phosphorus, monogastric animals, like pigs and poultry, lack the ability to use this form of phosphate. The alkali or earth alkali salts of phytic acid occur naturally mainly in cereals. Since monogastric animals are not able to use this form of phosphate it is common practice to add phosphate to animal feed.

[0003] On the other hand an enzyme called phytase (*myo*-inositol hexakisphosphate phosphohydrolase) is known to occur in plants and in some microorganisms. Since phytase can be produced by fermentation it is known in the art to use phytase as an animal feed additive in order to enhance the nutritive value of plant material by liberation of inorganic phosphate from phytic acid (*myo*-inositol hexakisphosphate). By adding phytase to the animal feed the level of phosphorus pollution of the environment can be reduced since the animal is able to make use of the phosphate liberated from phytate by the use of phytase.

[0004] For feed application a stable preferably thermostable phytase is of general interest in order to avoid problems that may occur during the formulation (e.g. spray drying, granulation) and feed treatment processes (e.g. pelleting, extrusion, expansion) where temporarily high temperatures (up to 80-120 °C) and shear stress may affect the protein structure and lead to an undesired loss of activity.

[0005] The international patent application WO 93/16175 of Gist-Brocades describes stabilized liquid formulations of phytase. It is suggested to use as stabilizing agent urea and a water-soluble polyol whereby sorbitol, glycerol and polyethylene glycol having a molecular weight of 6000 are mentioned.

[0006] It is an object of the present invention to improve the stability, preferably rhermostability of phytase whereby stability is defined as the ability to retain activity under various conditions. This stability aspect relates to the entire life cycle of the enzyme which comprises production (fermentation, downstream processing, formulation and heat treatment of feed), distribution (transport and storage) and final application. For a commercially interesting enzyme like phytase it is important to withstand the high temperatures reached during various feed treatment processes like pelleting, extrusion and expansion (up to 80-120 °C) and to be stable during long-term storage.

[0007] The term "stability" as used in the present invention relates to all the specifications of an industrial enzyme which comprise aspects such as activity, specificity, shelf stability, mechanical stability, microbial stability, toxicity, chemical composition and physical parameters such as density, viscosity, hygroscopy, but also colour, odour and dust. A preferred aspect of the present invention relates to the stability of phytase against thermal inactivation during formulation and feed treatment processes such as pelleting, extrusion and expansion.

[0008] A major barrier to the wide use of phytases is the constraint of thermal stability (80-120 °C) required for these enzymes to withstand inactivation during feed treatment processes. The currently available industrial phrases all originate from *A. niger* and have a low intrinsic resistance to heat inactivation. As an alternative or in addition to molecular biological approaches the present invention enhances the stability, preferably thermostability of a protein by the addition of different additives and in another aspect by the chemical crosslinking of enzyme monomers to oligomers.

[0009] The experiments leading to the present invention were also performed with the so-called consensus phytase, a phrase developed according to a theoretical molecular biological approach which has a higher intrinsic stability compared with *Aspergillus* phytases, see European Patent Application Publication No. 897 985. In the practice of the present invention the consensus phytases specifically described in examples 3 - 13 can also be used.

[0010] The present invention discloses the use of different additives which act as stabilizing agent on the stability, preferably thermostability of the enzyme.

[0011] Regarding the temperature dependence of the specific activity of the non-formulated phytases which can preferably be used in the present invention three different groups can be formed according to their activity maximum. The activity maximum is reached at the following temperatures: for *A. fumigatus and A. niger* phytase at 55 °C, for *A. terreus* CBS and *A. nidulans* phytase at 45 °C and for consensus phytase at 65 °C. A temperature of 10-15 °C above the determined temperature maximum - where the non-formulated phytases were completely inactive - was chosen as screening point for studying the effect of the stabilizing agents on the thermostability of phytases, i.e. 60 °C for *A. nidulans* and *A. terreus* CBS phytase, 65 °C for *A. niger* and *A. fumigatus* phytase, and 75 °C for consensus phytase.

[0012] The present invention provides a stabilized, preferably thermostabilized enzyme formulation comprising phytase and at least one stabilizing agent selected from the group consisting of:

- a) polyols containing five carbon atoms, preferably C<sub>5</sub> sugars, more preferably xylitol or ribitol,
- b) polyethylene glycol having a molecular weight of 600 to 4000 Da,

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c) the disodium salts of malonic, glutaric and succinic acid,

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- d) carboxymethylcellulose, and
- e) sodium alginate

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- [0013] The present invention also provides a stabilized, preferably thermostabilized enzyme formulation comprising phytases which have been crosslinked:
  - a) by chemical reactions with glutaraldehyde; or by
  - b) oxidation with sodium periodate and subsequent addition of adipic acid dihydrazide

[0014] Although it would be possible to use other phytases obtained from other sources than microorganisms it is preferred to use a phytase which has been produced by microorganisms. In the present invention preferably such phytases are used which are produced by a fungus, and more preferably from the group consisting of *Aspergillus fumigatus*, *Aspergillus nidulans*, *Aspergillus terreus*, and *Aspergillus niger*. Another phytase preferably used in this invention is the so called consensus phytase. It is, however, also possible to produce such phytases by genetic engineering whereby the gene obtained from a fungus is transferred to a host organism like a bacterium (e.g. *E.coli*), a yeast or another fungus, for further details, see e.g. European Patent Application Publication No. 684313 and European Patent Application Publication No. 897 010.

[0015] The term enzyme formulation comprises all liquid and dry formulations in which the enzyme phytase may be commerciallized. Preferably, the source of phrase for such a formulation is a rather raw, liquid preparation obtained from the fermentation broth. For the preparation of a liquid phytase formulation the selected stabilizing agents are added or the phytase is crosslinked. To obtain a stabilized, preferably thermostabilized dry formulation the phrase is a) spray dried or granulated in the presence of the selected stabilizing agents, or b) chemically crosslinking.

[0016] In one preferred embodiment the liquid enzyme formulation comprises as stabilizing agent polyethylene glycol whereby the polyethylene glycol is present in a concentration of 10-50% (w/w) in the final formulation.

[0017] Preferably the enzyme formulation comprises polyethylene glycol having a molecular weight of 1000-3350 Da. It is especially preferred to use a polyethylene glycol having a molecular weight of about 1450. Polyethylene glycols with molecular weights slightly outside of the preferred range (600 Da and 4000 Da, respectively) showed still reasonable effect but are less preferred. The stabilizing effect of polyethylene glycol was shown to be molecular weight-dependent (see Figures 2 and 3).

[0018] In another preferred embodiment of the present invention the stabilizing agent is xylitol or ribitol. Both are sugar alcohols having a five carbon atom structure. Xylitol and ribitol are preferably used in a concentration of 20 to 60% (w/w) in the final liquid formulation. Surprisingly xylitol and ribitol as stabilizing agents of, e. g., A. fumigatus phytase increased the specific activity measured at 65 °C to 11-12 U/mg at a concentration of 12.5%, and to 51-90 U/mg at a concentration of 25% of the polyol (see Figure 4).

[0019] In another embodiment of the present invention the liquid enzyme formulation comprises as stabilizing agent the disodium salts of glutaric, succinic or malonic acid whereby the concentration of the salt in the final formulation ranges between 10 and 30% (w/w). The addition of malonate, succinate and glutarate at a concentration of 25% resulted in a significant increase in *A. fumigatus* phytase thermostability with considerable activity still being detected at 70 °C for malonate and 65 °C for succinate and glutarate as can be seen in Figure 6.

[0020] In addition thereto the carboxylates stimulated *A. fumigatus* phytase activity measured at 37 °C with an approximately 4-fold increase in phytase activity beeing observed in the case of malonate, a 2-fold increase for succinate and minor effects for glutarate. Investigation of different concentrations (5, 10 and 25%) of malonate showed that thermostabilization of *A. fumigatus* phytase is concentration-dependent whereas stimulation of enzymatic activity, at least in this concentration range, is not (see Figure 7). In contrast to these findings different concentrations (5, 10 and 25%) of sodium acetate which is a monocarboxylic acid, caused an up to 2-fold increase in specific activity of *A. fumigatus* phytase at 37 °C, but had only minor effects on the thermostability of the protein (see Figure 8). Therefore, it may be concluded that carboxylate groups are responsible for activity modulation whereas bifunctional dicarboxylates stabilize phytases possibly by ionic interactions. The sodium malonate and succinate generally increased the thermostability of *A. nidulans*, *A. terreus* CBS, *A. niger* and consensus phytase by 5-15 °C. On the other hand stimulation of phytase activity was only observed for *A. nidulans* and *A. fumigatus* phytase both having rather low specific activity but not for *A. terreus* CBS, *A. niger* and consensus phytase (see Figures 9 and 10).

[0021] In another embodiment of the present invention the enzyme formulation comprises as stabilizing agent the polymers carboxymethylcellulose and/or sodium alginate whereby the concentration in the final liquid formulation is between 1 and 20% preferably 1 and 10% (w/w). The addition of these polymeres to *A. fumigatus* phytase preparations resulted in a significant 5 to 10% increase of phytase thermostability.

[0022] In another embodiment of the present invention the enzyme formulation comprises as stabilizing agent alginate, preferably sodium alginate and most preferably in a concentration of 1 to 10% (w/w) in the final liquid formulation.

[0023] In a further embodiment of the present invention the enzyme formulation comprises crosslinked phytase. For the preparation of such a stabilized phytase form, glutaraldehyde is added to the phytase at a concentration resulting in an oligomerization of the protein.

[0024] In another embodiment the enzyme formulation comprises phytase which has been crosslinked via its carbohydrate chains. Crosslinking involves as a first step periodate oxidation of the carbohydrate residues followed by reaction of the generated aldehyde groups with adipic acid dihydrazide.

[0025] Depending on the conditions employed, the crosslinking reaction can lead to various derivatives of an enzyme, namely

- a) modified enzyme molecules that have reacted with only one hydrazide group of adipic acid dihydrazide,
- b) intramolecularly crosslinked enzymes, with or without intermolecular crosslinking, and
- c) intermolecularly crosslinked, soluble oligomers or insoluble polymers.

[0026] In most cases the reaction results in a mixture of several forms. Crosslinking of *A. fumigatus* and consensus phytase both expressed in *Hansenula polymorpha* resulted in the formation of oligomeric forms. The degree of crosslinking could be controlled effectively by changing the degree of enzyme oxidation. An optimal thermostabilization of phytase has been observed at a concentration of 50 mM sodium periodate applied to a 5 mg/ml phytase solution. For both phytases an increase in thermostability between 10 and 15 °C has been observed (see Figure 12). It should be noted that the oxidized phytases formed a significant amount of dimers, trimers and tetramers even without addition of adipic acid dihydrazide (see Figure 11A).

[0027] Another aspect of the present invention concerns the use of the listed stabilizers as additives for the production of dry/solid phytase formulations. In this embodiment of the present invention the addition of stabilizers (1 to 20% (w/w) of xylitol/ribitol, 1 to 20% (w/w) of polyethylene glycols with a molecular weight preferably between 1000 and 3350 Da and/or 1 to 20% (w/w) of dicarboxylates like malonate, succinate and glutarate, and/or 1 to 10% (w/w) of the polymers carboxymethlycellulose and/or alignate, preferably sodium alginate disolved in 100-200 ml phytase liquid (crosslinked or non-crosslinked) or added as solid compounds to the standard granulation mixture (containing ligninsulfonat as binder, silica and gipsum as carrier) Such formulation can result in an increased recovery (up to 20%) of phytase activity determined after a high shear granulation process which included a drying step of the granulates on a fluid bed dryer at 45°C for 15 mm. In addition such granulates which contain stabilizers can show, when mixed with feed, an increased recovery of enzymatic activity after the feed treatment (e.g. a pelleting process at 85°C) compared to granulates without such additives.

[0028] Another aspect of the present invention concerns methods of preparing feed compositions for monogastric animals, whereby the feed is supplemented with a thermostabilized dry or liquid enzyme formulation according to any of claims (1-13). The phytase supplemented feed can be subjected on several methods of feed processing like extrusion, expansion and pelleting, where temporarily high temperatures may occure and thermostabilization is an advantage.

[0029] The stabilized enzyme formulation of the present invention can be appllied for example on feed pellets. The thermostabilized liquid enzyme formulation may be diluted with tap water to yield a solution having the desired activity of phytase (100 - 200 phytase units/g solution). The feed pellets can be transferred to a mechanical mixer and the diluted enzyme formulation is sprayed onto the feed pellets while being agitated in order to yield a homogeneous product with an added phytase activity of for example 500 units phytase/kg feed pellets. Alternatively the dry or liquid enzyme formulation can be directly mixed with the mash feed before this mixture is then subjected to a process such as pelleting, expansion or extrusion.

[0030] In a further aspect the present invention concerns a method of providing a monogastric animal with its dietary requirement of phosphorus wherein the animal is fed with a feed according to the present invention and whereby no additional phosphorus is added to the feed.

[0031] The results of the experiments of the present invention are shown in the following Figures.

- **Figure 1.** Comparison of the temperature dependence of activity of *A. fumigatus, A. nidulans, A. terreus* CBS, *A. niger* and consensus phytase measured under standard assay conditions as described in Example 1.
  - Figure 2. Effect of different polyethylene glycols on the specific activity of A. fumigatus phytase at 65 °C.
- Figure 3. Effect of 50% solutions of polyethylene glycols with different molecular weights on the thermostability of A. niger, consensus, A. terreus CBS and A. nidulans phytase. The specific activities were measured at 60 °C for A. terreus CBS and A. nidulans phytase, at 65 °C for A. niger phytase and at 75 °C for consensus phytase.

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Figure 4. Effect of 25 and 50% solutions of different polyols on the specific activity of A. fumigatus phytase at 65 °C.

**Figure 5.** Temperature dependence of activity of *A. niger* (A), consensus (B), *A. nidulans* (C) and *A. terreus* CBS (D) phytase in the presence of 50% xylitol as additive.

**Figure 6.** Temperature dependence of activity of *A. fumigatus* phytase in the presence of 25% concentrations of disodium malonate, succinate and glutarate.

**Figure 7.** Temperature dependence of activity of *A. fumigatus* phytase in the presence of 5, 10 and 25% disodium malonate.

Figure 8. Temperature dependence of activity of *A. fumigatus* phytase in the presence of 5, 10 and 25% sodium acetate.

**Figure 9.** Temperature dependence of activity of *A. niger* (A), consensus (B), *A. terreus* CBS (C) and *A. nidulans* (D) phytase in the presence of 25% disodium malonate.

**Figure 10.** Temperature dependence of activity of *A. niger* (A), consensus (B), *A. terreus* CBS (C) and *A. nidulans* (D) phytase in the presence of 25% disodium succinate.

#### Figure 11.

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- A) SDS-PAGE of A. fumigatus phytase samples after incubation with different concentrations of sodium periodate.
- B) SDS-PAGE of the different oxidized A. fumigatus phytase samples from (A) after subsequent crosslinking with adipic acid dihydrazide.
- Figure 12 Temperature dependence of activity of *A. fumigatus* phytase and consensus phytase before and after crosslinking with periodate/adipic acid dihydrazide.

Figure 13 Design of the consensus phytase sequence. The letters represent the amino acid residues in the one-letter code. The following sequences were used for the alignment: phyA from Aspergillus terreus 9A-1 (Mitchell et al, 1997; from amino acid (aa) 27), phyA from A. terreus cbs116.46; (van Loon et al., 1998; from aa 27), phyA from Aspergillus niger var. awamori (Piddington et al, 1993; from aa 27), phyA from A. niger T213; from aa 27), phyA from A. niger stain NRRL3135 (van Hartingsveldt et al, 1993; from aa 27), phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 13073 (Pasamontes et al, 1993; from aa 25), phyA from A. fumigatus ATCC 32722 (van Loon et al, 1998; from aa 27), phyA from A. fumigatus ATCC 58128 (van Loon et al., 1998; from aa 27), phyA from A. fumigatus ATCC 26906 (van Loon et al, 1998; from aa 27), phyA from A. fumigatus ATCC 32239 (van Loon et al, 1998; from aa 30), phyA from Emericella nidulans (Pasamontes et al, 1997a; from aa 25), phyA from Talaromyces rhermophilus (Pasamontes et al, 1997a; from aa 24), and phyA from Myceliophthora thermophila (Mitchell et al, 1997; from aa 19). The alignment was calculated using the program PILEUP. The location of the gaps was refined by hand. Capitalized amino acid residues in the alignment at a given position belong to the amino acid coalition that establish the consensus residue. In bold, beneath the calculated consensus sequence, the amino acid sequence of the finally constructed consensus phytase (Fcp) is shown. The gaps in the calculated consensus sequence were filled by hand according to principals stated in Example 3.

Figure 14 DNA sequence of the consensus phytase-1 gene (*fcp*) and of the primers used for the gene construction. The calculated amino acid sequence (Figure 13) was convened into a DNA sequence using the program BACKTRANSLATE (Devereux *et al.*, 1984) and the codon frequency table of highly expressed yeast genes (GCG program package, 9.0). The signal peptide of the phytase from *A. terreus* cbs.116.46 was fused to the *N*-terminus. The bold bases represent the sequences of the oligonucleotides used to generate the gene. The names of the respective oligonucleotides are alternately noted above or below the sequence. The underlined bases represent the start and stop codon of the gene. The bases written in italics show the two introduced *Eco* RI sites.

Figure 15 Alignment and consensus sequence of five *Basidiomycetes* phytases. The letters represent the amino acid residues in the one-letter code. The amino acid sequences of the phytases from *Paxillus involutus*, phyA1 (aa 21) and phyA2 (aa 21, WO 98/28409), *Trametes pubescens* (aa 24, WO 98/28409), *Agrocybe pediades* (aa 19,

WO 98/28409), and *Peniophora lycii* (aa 21, WO 98/28409) starting with the amino acid residues mentioned in parentheses, were used for the alignment and the calculation of the corresponding consensus sequence called "Basidio" (Example 4). The alignment was performed by the program PILEPUP. The location of the gaps was refined by hand. The consensus sequence was calculated by the program PRETTY. While a vote weight of 0.5 was assigned to the two *P. involutus* phytases, all other genes were used with a vote weight of 1.0 for the consensus sequence calculation. At positions, where the program was not able to determine a consensus residues, the Basidio sequence contains a dash. Capitalized amino acid residues in the alignment at a given position belong to the amino acid coalition that establish the consensus residue.

Figure 16 Design of consensus phytase-10 amino acid sequence. Adding the phytase sequence of *Thermomyces lanuginosa* (Berka *et al.*, 1998) and the consensus sequence of the phytases from five *Basidiomycetes* to the alignment of Figure 13, an improved consensus sequence was calculated by the program PRETTY. Additionally, the amino acid sequence of *A. niger* T213 was omitted, therefore, using a vote weight of 0.5 for the remaining *A. niger* phytase sequences. For further information see Example 14.

Figure 17 DNA and amino acid sequence of consensus phytase-10. The amino acid sequence is written above the corresponding DNA sequence using the one-letter code. The sequence of the oligonucleotides which were used to assemble the gene are in bold letters. The label of oligonucleotides and the amino acids, which were changed compared to those for consensus phytase -1, are underlined and their corresponding triplets are highlighted in small cases. The *fcp* 10 gene was assembled from the following oligonucleotides: CP-1, CP-2, CP-3.10, CP-4.10, CP-5.10, CP-6, CP-7.10, CP-8.10, CP-9.10, CP-10.10, CP-11.10, CP-12.10, CP-13.10, CP-14.10, CP-15.10, CP-16.10, CP-17.10, CP18.10, CR-19.10, CP-20.10, CP-21.10, CP-22.10. The newly synthesized oligonucleotides are additionally marked by number 10. The phytase contains the following 32 exchanges: Y54F, E58A, D69K, D70G, A94K, N134Q, I158V, S187A, Q188N, D197N, S204A, T214L, D220E, L234V, A238P, D246H, T251N, Y259N, E267D, E277Q, A283D, R291I, A320V, R329H, S364T, I366V, A379K, S396A, G404A, Q415E, A437G, A463E. The mutations accentuated in bold letters revealed a stabilizing effect on consensus phytase-1 as tested as single mutation in consensus phytase-1.

Figure 18 Alignment for the design of consensus phytase-11. In contrast to the design of consensus phytase-10, for the design of the amino acid sequence of consensus phytase-11, all *Basidiomycetes* phytases were used as independent sequences using an assigned vote weight of 0.2 for each *Basidiomycetes* sequence. Additionally, the amino acid sequence of *A. niger* T213 was used in that alignment, again.

Figure 19 DNA and amino acid sequence of consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]-Q50T-K91A. The amino acid sequence is written above the corresponding DNA sequence using the one-letter code. The replaced amino acid residues are underlined. The stop codon of the gene is marked by a star (\*).

**Figure 20** DNA and amino acid sequence of consensus phytase-10-thermo[3]-Q50T-K91A. The amino acid sequence is written above the corresponding DNA sequence using the one-letter code. The replaced amino acid residues are underlined. The stop codon of the gene is marked by a star (\*).

**Figure 21** DNA and amino acid sequence of *A. fumigatus* ATCC 13073 phytase a-mutant. The amino acid sequence is written above the corresponding DNA sequence using the one-letter code. The replaced amino acid residues are underlined. The stop codon of the gene is marked by a star (\*).

Figure 22 DNA and amino acid sequence of consensus phytase-7. The amino acids are written above the corresponding DNA sequence using the one-letter code. The sequence of the oligonucleotides used to assemble the gene are in bold letters. Oligonucleotides and amino acids that were exchanged are underlined and their corresponding triplets are highlighted in small cases. The *fcp*7 gene was assembled from the following oligonucleotides: CP-1, CP-2, CP-3, CP-4.7, CP-5.7, CP-6, CP-7, CP-8.7, CP-9, CP-10.7, CP-11.7, CP-12.7, CP-13.7, CP-14.7, CP-15.7, CP-16, CP-17.7, CP-18.7, CP-19.7, CP-20, CP-21, CP-22. The newly synthesized oligonucleotides are additionally marked by number 7. The phytase contains the following 24 exchanges in comparison to the original consensus phytase: S89D, S92G, A94K, D164S, P201S, G203A, G205S, H212P, G224A, D226T, E255T, D256E, V258T, P265S, Q292H, G300K, Y305H, A314T, S364G, M365I, A397S, S398A, G404A, and A405S.

Figure 23 Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) of consensus phytase-1 and consensus phytase-10. The protein samples were concentrated to ca. 50-60 mg/ml and extensively dialyzed against 10 mM sodium acetate, pH 5.0. A constant heating rate of 10 °C/min was applied up to 95 °C. DSC of consensus phytase-10 (upper graph) yielded

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a melting temperature of 85.4 °C, which is 7.3 °C higher than the melting point of consensus phytase-1 (78.1 °C, lower graph).

Figure 24 Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) of consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T and consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T-K91A. The protein samples were concentrated to ca. 50-60 mg/ml and extensively dialyzed against 10 mM sodium acetate, pH 5.0. A constant heating rate of 10 °C/min was applied up to 95 °C. DSC of consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T (upper graph) yielded a melting temperature of 88.6 °C, while the melting point of consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T-K91A was found at 89.3 °C.

Figure 25 Comparison of the temperature optimum between consensus phytase-1, consensus phytase-10 and consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T. For the determination of the temperature optimum, the phytase standard assay was performed at a series of temperatures between 37 and 86 °C. The diluted supernatant of transformed *S. cerevisiae* strains was used for the determination. The other components of the supernatant showed no influence on the determination of the temperature optimum: △, consensus phytase-1; ⋄, consensus phytase-10; ■, consensus phytase 10-thermo-Q50T.

Figure 26 pH-dependent activity profile and substrate specificity of consensus phytase-10 and its variants thermo-Q50T and thermo-Q50T-K91A. The phytase activity was determined using the standard assay in appropriate buffers (see Example 11) at different pH-values. Graph a) shows the pH-dependent activity profile of consensus phytase-10 (□), consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T (•), and consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T-K91A (△). Graph b) shows the corresponding substrate specificity tested by replacement of phytate by the indicated compounds in the standard assay; open bars, consensus phytase-10 (grey bars, consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T; dark bars, consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T-K91A). The numbers correspond to the following compounds: 1, phytate; 2, *p*-nitrophenyl phosphate; 3, phenyl phosphate; 4, fructose-1,6-bisphosphate; 5, fructose-6-phosphate; 6, glucose-6-phosphate; 7, ribose-5-phosphate; 8, DL-glycerol-3-phosphate; 9, glycerol-2-phosphate; 10, 3-phosphoglycerate; 11, phosphoenolpyruvate; 12, AMP; 13, ADP; 14, ATP.

Figure 27 pH-dependent activity profile and substrate specificity of consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]-Q50T and of consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]-Q50T-K91A. The phytase activity was determined using the standard assay in appropriate buffers (see Example 11) at different pH-values. Graph a) shows the pH-dependent activity profile of the Q50T-K91A-variant ( ⋅ ). Graph b) shows the corresponding substrate specificities tested by replacement of phytate by the indicated compounds in the standard assay (open bars, consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]-Q50T-K91A.). The substrates are listed in the legend of Figure 26.

Figure 28 Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) of consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]-Q50T and consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]-Q50T-K91A. The protein samples were concentrated to ca. 50-60 mg/ml and extensively dialyzed against 10 mM sodium acetate, pH 5.0. A constant heating rate of 10 °C/min was applied up to 95 °C. DSC of consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]-Q50T (upper graph) showed a melting temperature of 84.7 °C, while the melting point of consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]-Q50T-K91A was found at 85.7 °C.

Figure 29 Comparison of the temperature optimum between consensus phytase-1, consensus phytase-1-thermo[3] and consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]. For the determination of the temperature optimum, the phytase standard assay was performed at a series of temperatures between 37 and 86 °C. Purified protein from the supernatant of transformed *S. cerevisiae* strains was used for the determination. ○ , consensus phytase-1; □, consensus phytase-1-thermo[3]; ▲, consensus phytase 1-thermo[8].

Figure 30 Comparison of the pH-dependent activity profile and substrate specificity of consensus phytase-1, consensus phytase-7, and of the phytase from *A. niger* NRRL 3135. The phytase activity was determined using the standard assay in appropriate buffers (see Example 11) at different pH-values. Graph a) shows the pH-dependent activity profile of consensus phytase-1 (**a**), the phytase from *A. niger* NRRL 3135 ( ), and of consensus phytase-7 (**a**). Graph b) shows the corresponding substrate specificity tested by replacement of phytate by the indicated compounds in the standard assay (black bars, *A. niger* NRRL 3135 phytase; grey bars, consensus phytase-1, dashed bars, consensus phytase-7). The substrates are listed in the legend of Figure 26.

Figure 31 Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) of the phytase from A. fumigatus ATCC 13073 and of its stabilized  $\alpha$ -mutant, which contains the following amino acid exchanges F55Y, V100I, F114Y, A243L, S265P, N294D. The protein samples were concentrated to ca. 50-60 mg/ml and extensively dialyzed against 10 mM sodium ace-

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tate, pH 5.0. A constant heating rate of 10 °C/min was applied up to 95 °C. DSC of consensus A. fumigatus 13073 phytase (upper graph) revealed a melting temperature of 62.5 °C, while the melting point of the  $\alpha$ -mutant was found at 67.0 °C

Figure 32 Comparison of the temperature optimum of *A. fumigatus* 13073 wild-type, its *A. fumigatus*  $\alpha$ -mutant, and a further stabilized  $\alpha$ -mutant (E59A-S126N-R329H-S364T-G404A). For the determination of the temperature optimum, the phytase standard assay was performed at a series of temperatures between 37 and 75 °C. The diluted supernatant of transformed *S. cerevisiae* strains was used for the determination. The other components of the supernatant showed no influence on the determination of the temperature optimum.  $\bigcirc$ , *A. fumigatus* ATCC 13073 phytase;  $\triangle$ , *A. fumigatus* ATCC 13073  $\alpha$ -mutant;  $\square$ , *A. fumigatus* ATCC 13073 alpha-mutant-(E59A-S126N-R329H-S364T-G404A)-Q27T;  $\blacksquare$ , *A. fumigatus* ATCC 13073  $\alpha$ -mutant-(E59A-S126N-R329H-S364T-G404A)-Q27T-K68A. Q27T and K68A corresponds to consensus phytase-1 Q50T and K91A, respectively.

Figure 33 Amino acid sequence of consensus phytase 12 (consphy12) which contains a number of active site residues transferred from the "basidio" consensus sequence to consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T-K91A.

### Example 1

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# a) Materials

[0032] Phytic acid (dodecasodium salt) and polyethylene glycols, polyols, sodium dicarboxylates, sodium periodate, adipic acid dihydrazide and other additives were purchased from commercial suppliers. All other chemicals were at least of analytical grade. Five-ml HiTrap desalting columns were obtained from Pharmacia. SDS-PAGE gels (4-12% NuPAGE Bis-Tris Pre-Cast) and buffers were delivered by NOVEX.

### b) Expression and purification of phytases

[0033] A. fumigatus, A. terreus CBS phytase and consensus phytase were overexpressed in Hansenula polymorpha. A. niger and A. nidulans phytase were overexpressed in A. niger Cloning, purification and characterization of these phytases was previously described by Pasamontes et al [Appl. Environ. Microbiol. (1997), 63, p. 1696-1700]. Construction, cloning and purification of consensus phytase were performed according to European Patent Application Publication No. 897 985. Non-formulated consensus phytase had an increased thermal stability of up to 70 °C and, due to an amino acid exchange (L at position 50 for Q), a three-fold higher specific activity compared to A. fumigatus phytase.

### c) Phytase activity assay

[0034] For the determination of thermostability the enzymatic activity measurements with phytic acid were done at different temperatures by diluting the purified enzymes to 0.05 U/ml (activities measured at 37 °C) in 0.2 M sodium acetate, pH 5.0 (+/- additives in % w/w). An aliquot of the protein solution (250 µl) was preincubated for 5 mm at the desired temperature, followed by addition of an equal volume of a solution containing 1% phytic acid in 0.2 M sodium acetate, pH 5.0 (preincubated as a 10 ml aliquot for 10 mm at the same temperature). After incubation of the sample for 15 mm at the desired temperature (e.g. at 60 or 65 °C for the screening of additive effects), the reaction was stopped by addition of

0.5 ml 15% trichloroacetic acid. Determination of liberated inorganic phosphate was performed by standard methods.

# d) Evaluation of thermostabilizing additives

[0035] In general, the polyols have been dissolved at a concentration of 25 or 50% (w/w) in 0.2 M sodium acetate, pH 5.0. PEGs have been dissolved at a concentration of 50% with the exception of PEGs with a molecular weight of 4000, 8000 and 10000 which were used at a concentration of 25%. For the screening of PEGs and other polyols, the preincubation and reaction temperature was chosen as 60 °C for *A. nidulans* and *A. terreus* CBS phytase, 65 °C for *A. fumigatus* and *A. niger* phytase and 75 °C for consensus phytase.

[0036] Disodium malonate, succinate and glutarate were dissolved at concentrations of 5, 10 and 25% and phytase activity was measured after preincubation of enzyme plus additive and substrate (see above) at the following temperatures: 37, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, and 85 °C. In the same way, the temperature dependence of the activity of different phytases in the presence of 25% xylitol and ribitol was tested. It should be noted that the concentration of the additives was reduced by half after substrate addition.

#### e) Crosslinking f carbohydrate chains

[0037] Crosslinking of phytase carbohydrate chains was performed as described for invertase by Cesi et al. [Studies in Organic Chemistry 47: Stability and Stabilization of Enzymes, Proceedings of an International Symposium held in Maastricht, The Netherlands, 1992, Elsevier Science Publications B.V., Amsterdam, The Netherlands]. Phytase samples (5 mg protein/ml) were incubated for 2 h at 30 °C in the presence of different concentrations (0, 5, 10, 20, 30, 40 and 50 mM) of sodium periodate in 0.2 M sodium acetate, pH 5.0, and stored at 4 °C overnight. Each sample was desalted on a 5-ml HiTrap desalting column (Pharmacia) connected to an ÄktaExplorer system (Pharmacia), using 0.2 M sodium acetate, pH 5.0, as elution buffer. Crosslinking was achieved by adding 100 µl of 0.5 M adipic acid dihydrazide dissolved in 0.2 M sodium acetate, pH 5.0, to 900 µl of the desalted oxidation products. Phytase activity measurements and gel electrophoresis of the samples were performed after both the oxidation and crosslinking steps.

# f) High-shear granulation of thermostabilized phytases

[0038] 100-250 ml of a phytase solution (in total 2500 - 5000 units of crosslinked or non-crosslinked phytase) were added to 1 kg of a dry mixture of 5-10% calcium lignosulfonate (Borregard, Norway), 5-20% silica (Sipernat 50S, Degussa, Germany), 0-20% thermostabilizing agent and gipsum. During the high-shear granulation process water was added until granulates with desired properties were formed. The granulates were dried in a fluid bed dryer for 15 mm at 45 °C and subsequently fat coated with natural palm fat (Palm 46, Florin, Basel, Switzerland).

# g) Pelleting stability of thermostabilized dry and liquid phytase formulations

[0039] Thermostabilized dry or liquid formulations of phytases (as mentioned above) were mixed with feed and subsequently pelleted under steam conditioning at 85 °C. The pelleting stability of phytase was determined by measurement of the phytase activity both in the mash before pelleting and in the delivered pellets.

### Example 2

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[0040] Investigations of the temperature dependence of activity of different fungal phytases as described in Example 1 revealed activity maxima at the following temperatures: 55 °C for *A. fumigatus phytase* and *A. niger* phytase, 45 °C for *A. terrreus* CBS phytase and *A. nidulans* phytase, and 65 °C for consensus phytase. A temperature 10-15 °C above the determined temperature maximum was chosen as screening point for studying the effects of polyols, polyethylene glycols, dicarboxylates, carboxymethylcellulose and sodium alginate on the thermostability of phytases.

### a) Addition of polyethylene glycols of different molecular weights

[0041] The addition of 50% or 25% (25% and 12.5% final concentration during the reaction period) polyethylene glycol enhanced the specific activity of *A. fumigatus* phytase measured at 65 °C in a molecular weight-dependent fashion, with a maximum being observed with PEG 1450 (specific activity 80 U\*(mg protein)<sup>-1</sup>) and considerable activities also with PEG 1000 (50 U\*(mg protein)<sup>-1</sup>) and PEG 3350 (42 U\*(mg protein)<sup>-1</sup>). The results of this experiment are summarized in Figure 2.

[0042] PEGs with molecular weights of 600, 1000, 1450, 3350 and 4000 Da showed similar effects on the other phytases tested. The results of this experiment are shown in Figure 3.

#### 5 b) Addition of polyols

[0043] The polyols ribitol, xylitol (C<sub>5</sub> sugars) and sorbitol (C<sub>6</sub> sugar) in concentrations of 25 and 50% significantly improved the thermostability of *A. fumigatus* phytase. This is shown in Figure 4.

[0044] Erythritol, mannitol, mannoheptulose and mannoheptose were not soluble in 0.2 M sodium acetate, pH 5.0, at a concentration of 50% (w/w) and, therefore, only the 25% values are shown. The specific activities measured at 65 °C were 11, 21 and 11 U\*(mg protein)<sup>-1</sup> in the presence of 25% ribitol, xylitol and sorbitol, and 51, 90 and 74 U\*(mg protein)<sup>-1</sup> in the presence of 50% solutions of ribitol, xylitol and sorbitol, respectively.

[0045] Polyols containing more than 6 or less than 5 carbon atoms such as glycerol ( $C_3$  sugar), erythritol ( $C_4$  sugar), mannoheptose and mannoheptulose ( $C_7$  sugars) showed an inferior effect on the thermostabilization of *A. fumigatus* phytase.

[0046] Xylitol at a concentration of 50% also increased the temperature optimum of *A. nidulans*, *A. terreus* CBS, *A. niger* and consensus phytase by 10-15 °C. The results are shown in Figure 5.

### c) Addition of dicarboxylic acids

[0047] Malonate, succinate and glutarate at a concentration of 25% (12.5% final concentration in the activity assay) resulted in a significant increase in *A. fumigatus* phytase thermostability with considerable activity still being detected at 70 °C for malonate and at 65 °C for succinate and glutarate. The results are shown in Figure 6.

[0048] In addition, dicarboxylates stimulated *A. fumigatus* phytase activity measured at 37 °C, with an approximately 4-fold increase in phytase activity in the case of malonate, a 2-fold increase for succinate and minor effects for glutarate. Investigation of different concentrations (5, 10 and 25%) of malonate showed that thermostabilization of *A. fumigatus* phytase is concentration-dependent whereas stimulation of enzymatic activity, at least in this concentration range, is not. This is shown in Figure 7.

[0049] In contrast to these findings, different concentrations of sodium acetate (5, 10 and 25%), a monocarboxylic acid. caused a 2-fold increase in specific activity of *A. fumigatus* phrase at 37 °C, but had only minor effects on the thermal stability of the protein. This can be seen in Figure 8.

[0050] Disodium malonate and succinate generally increased the thermostability of *A. nidulans*, *A. terreus* CBS, *A. niger* and consensus phytase by 5-15 °C. On the other hand, stimulation of phytase activity was only observed for *A. nidulans* and *A. lumigatus* phytase, both having a rather low specific activity, but not for *A. terreus* CBS, *A. niger* and consensus phytase. This is demonstrated in Figures 9 and 10.

## d) Effect of crosslinking

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\$ 12.5g

[0051] In a preliminary experiment, *A. fumigatus* phytase monomers were crosslinked by incubation with glutaraldehyde. The resulting thermostabilization measured at 60 °C reached a maximum after 1 hr reaction time but led to activity loss (measured at 37 °C). In a further set of experiments, *A. fumigatus* phytase monomers were crosslinked via their carbohydrate chains. This type of crosslinking was achieved with only minor loss of specific activity (< 10%) and resulted in the formation of oligomeric forms at sodium periodate concentrations above 15 mM. This can be seen from Figure 11.

[0052] The extent of thermostabilization was dependent on periodate concentration and reached a maximum at 50 mM where high specific activities were observed up to 75 °C (see Figure 12). A pronounced effect of phytase oligomerization on thermostability was also observed for consensus phytase crosslinked via its carbohydrate chains. This can be seen from Figure 12.

[0053] In the present work, we focused our efforts on the thermostabilization effects of low- $M_r$  additives - which are highly recommended for stabilization of industrial enzymes - and of chemical modification - even though this latter approach is commonly regarded as less attractive for technical and economical reasons.

[0054] We have found thermostabilization by  $C_5$  sugars for a range of different phytases expressed in filamentous fungi (*A. niger*) or yeasts (*Hansenula polymorpha*). The increase in thermostability varied to some extent between the different phytases, but was around 10 °C. The effect of PEGs was molecular weight-dependent. The optimal thermostabilization of all phytases was obtained with PEGs having a molecular weight between 1000 and 3350 Da.

**[0055]** Sodium acetate, a monocarboxylic acid and main component of the standard phytase activity assay, caused a concentration-dependent increase in *A. fumigatus* phytase activity, but had no effect on phytase thermostability. Therefore, carboxylate groups might be responsible for the activity modulation whereas bifunctional dicarboxylates possibly stabilize phytases by ionic interactions.

### Example 3

45 Design of the amino acid sequence of consensus phytase-1

Alignment of the amino acid sequences

[0056] The alignment was calculated using the program PILEUP from the Sequence Analysis Package Release 9.0 (Devereux et al., 1984) with the standard parameter (gap creation penalty 12, gap extension penalty 4). The location of the gaps was refined using a text editor. Table 1 shows the sequences (see Figure 13) without the signal sequence that were used for the performance of the alignment starting with the amino acid (aa) as mentioned in Table 1.

Table 1

Origin and vote weight of the phytase amino acid sequences used for the design of consensus phytase-1

-phyA from Aspergillus terreus 9A-1, aa 27, vote weight 0.5 (Mitchell et al., 1997)

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#### Table 1 (continued)

Origin and vot weight of the phytase amino acid sequences used for the design of consensus phytase-1

- -phyA from Aspergillus terreus cbs116.46, aa 27, vote weight 0.5 (van Loon et al., 1998)
- phyA from Aspergillus niger var. awamori, aa 27, vote weight 0.33 (Piddington et al., 1993)
- -phyA from Aspergillus niger T213, aa 27, vote weight 0.33
- phyA from Aspergillus niger strain NRRL3135, aa 27, vote weight 0.33 (van Hartingsveldt et al., 1993)
- phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 13073, aa 26, vote weight 0.2 (Pasamontes et al., 1997)
- -phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 32722, aa 26, vote weight 0.2 (van Loon et al., 1998)
- phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 58128, aa 26, vote weight 0.2 (van Loon et al., 1998)
- phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 26906, aa 26, vote weight 0.2 (van Loon et al., 1998)
- phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 32239, aa 30, vote weight 0.2 (van Loon et al., 1998)
- -phyA from Emericella nidulans, aa 25, vote weight 1.0, Pasamontes et al., 1997a)
- phyA from Talaromyces rhermophilus ATCC 20186, aa 24, vote weight 1.0 (Pasamontes et al., 1997a)
- -phyA from Myceliophthora thermophila, aa 19, vote weight 1.0 (Mitchell et al., 1997)

Calculation of the amino acid sequence of consensus phytase-1

[0057] Using the refined alignment as input, the consensus sequence was calculated by the program PRETTY from the Sequence Analysis Package Release 9.0 (Devereux *et al.*, 1984). PRETTY prints sequences with their columns aligned and can display a consensus sequence for an alignment. A vote weight that pays regard to the similarity between the amino acid sequences of the phytases aligned was assigned to all sequences. The vote weight was set such as the combined impact of all phytases from one sequence subgroup (same species, but from different strains), e. g. the amino acid sequences of all phytases from *A. fumigatus*, on the election was set one, that means that each sequence contributes with a value of 1 divided by the number of strain sequences (see Table 1). By this means, it was possible to prevent that very similar amino acid sequences, e. g. of the phytases from different *A. fumigatus* strains, dominate the calculated consensus sequence.

[0058] The program PRETTY was started with the following parameters: The plurality defining the number of votes below which there is no consensus was set on 2.0. The threshold, which determines the scoring matrix value below which an amino acid residue may not vote for a coalition of residues, was set on 2. PRETTY used the PrettyPep.Cmp consensus scoring matrix for peptides.

[0059] Ten positions of the alignment (position 46, 66, 82, 138, 162, 236, 276, 279, 280, 308; Figure 13), for which the program was not able to determine a consensus residue, were filled by hand according to the following rules: if a most frequent residue existed, this residue was chosen (138, 236, 280); if a prevalent group of similar or phylogenetically equivalent residues occurred, the most frequent or, if not available, one residues of this group was selected (46, 66, 82, 162, 276, 308). If there was either a prevalent residue nor a prevalent group, one of the occurring residues was chosen according to common assumption on their influence on the protein stability (279). Eight other positions (132, 170, 204, 211, 275, 317, 384, 447; Figure 13) were not filled with the amino acid residue selected by the program but normally with amino acids that occur with the same frequency as the residues that were chosen by the program. In most cases, the slight underrating of the three *A. niger* sequences (sum of the vote weights: 0.99) was eliminated by this corrections.

Conversion of the consensus phytase-1 amino acid sequence to a DNA sequence

[0060] The first 26 amino acid residues of *A. terreus* cbs116.46 phrase were used as signal peptide and, therefore, fused to the N-terminus of all consensus phrases. For this stretch, we used a special method to calculate the corresponding DNA sequence. Purvis et al (1987) proposed that the incorporation of rare codons in a gene has an influence on the folding efficiency of the protein. Therefore, at least the distribution of rare codons in the signal sequence of *A. terreus* cbs116.46, which was used for the consensus phrase and which is very important for secretion of the protein, but converted into the *S. cerevisiae* codon usage, was transferred into the new signal sequence generated for expression in *S. cerevisiae*. For the remaining parts of the protein, we used the codon frequency table of highly expressed *S. cerevisiae* genes, obtained from the GCG program package, to translate the calculated amino acid sequence into a DNA sequence.

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[0061] The resulting sequence of the fcp gene is shown in Figure 14.

# Construction and cloning of the consensus phytase-1 gene

[0062] The calculated DNA sequence of consensus phytase-1 (*fcp*) was divided into oligonucleotides of 85 bp, alternately using the sequence of the sense and the anti-sense strand. Every oligonucleotide overlaps 20 bp with its previous and its following oligonucleotide of the opposite strand. The location of all primers, purchased by Microsynth, Balgach (Switzerland) and obtained in a PAGE-purified form, is indicated in Figure 14.

#### 10 PCR-Reactions

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[0063] In three PCR reactions, the synthesized oligonucleotides were composed to the entire gene. For the PCR, the High Fidelity Kit from Boehringer Mannheim (Boehringer Mannheim, Mannheim, Germany) and the thermo cycler The Protokol™ from AMS Biotechnology (Europe) Ltd. (Lugano, Switzerland) was used.

5 [0064] Oligonucleotide CP-1 to CP-10 (Mix 1, Figure 14) were mixed to a concentration of 0.2 pMol/μl of each oligonucleotide. A second oligonucleotide mixture (Mix 2) was prepared with CP-9 to CP-22 (0.2 pMol/μl of each oligonucleotide). Additionally, four short primers were used in the PCR reactions:

CP-a: Eco RI

5'-TATATGAATTCATGGGCGTGTTCGTC-3'

25 CP-b:

5'-TGAAAAGTTCATTGAAGGTTTC-3'

30 CP-c:

5'-TCTTCGAAAGCAGTACAAGTAC-3'

CP-e: Eco RI

5'-TATATGAATTCTTAAGCGAAAC-3'

PCR reaction α: 10 μl Mix 1 (2.0 pmol of each oligonucleotide)

2 μl nucleotides (10 mM each nucleotide)

2 μl primer CP-a (10 pmol/μl)

2 µl primer CP-c (10 pmol/µl)

10,0 μl PCR buffer

0.75 µl polymerase mixture

73.25 µl H<sub>2</sub>O

PCR reaction b: 10 µl Mix 2 (2.0 pmol of each oligonucleotide)

2 µl nucleotides (10 mM each nucleotide)

2 μl primer CP-b (10 pmol/μl)

2 μl primer CP-e (10 pmol/μl)

10,0 µl PCR buffer

0.75 µl polymerase mixture (2.6 U)

 $73.25 \, \mu l \, H_2O$ 

Reaction conditions for PCR reaction a and b:

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step 1	2 min - 45°C
step 2	30 sec - 72°C
step 3	30 sec - 94°C
step 4	30 sec - 52°C
step 5	1 min - 72°C

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[0065] Step 3 to 5 were repeated 40-times.

[0066] The PCR products (670 and 905 bp) were purified by an agarose gel electrophoresis (0.9% agarose) and a following gel extraction (QIAEX II Gel Extraction Kit, Qiagen, Hilden, Germany). The purified DNA fragments were used for the PCR reaction c.

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PCR reaction c: 6 µl PCR product of reaction a (≈ 50 ng)

6  $\mu$ l PCR product of reaction b (≈ 50 ng) 2  $\mu$ l primer CP-a (10 pmol/ $\mu$ l) 2  $\mu$ l primer CP-e (10 pmol/ $\mu$ l) 10.0  $\mu$ l PCR buffer 0.75  $\mu$ l polymerase mixture (2.6 U) 73.25  $\mu$ l H<sub>2</sub>O

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Reaction conditions for PCR reaction c:

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step 1	2 mm - 94°C
step 2	30 sec - 94°C
step 3	30 sec - 55°C
step 4	1 mm - 72°C

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[0067] Step 2 to 4 were repeated 31-times.

[0068] The resulting PCR product (1.4 kb) was purified as mentioned above, digested with *Eco* RI, and ligated in an *Eco* RI-digested and dephosphorylated pBsk(-)-vector (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA). 1 µl of the ligation mixture was used to transform *E. coli* XL-1 competent cells (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA). All standard procedures were carried out as described by Sambrook *et al.* (1987). The DNA sequence of the constructed consensus phytase gene (*fcp*, Figure 14) was controlled by sequencing as known in the art

#### Example 4

Design of an improved consensus phytase (consensus phytase-10) amino acid sequence

[0069] The alignments used for the design of consensus phytase-10 were calculated using the program PILEUP from the Sequence Analysis Package Release 9.0 (Devereux *et al.*, 1984) with the standard parameter (gap creation penalty 12, gap extension penalty 4). The location of the gaps was refined using a text editor.

[0070] The following sequences were used for the alignment of the *Basiodiomycetes* phytases starting with the amino acid (aa) mentioned in Table 2:

#### Table 2

Origin and vote weight of five Basidiomycetes phytases used for the calculation of the corresponding amino acid consensus sequence (basidio)

- phyA1 from Paxillus involutus NN005693, aa 21, vote weight 0.5 (WO 98/28409)
- phyA2 from Paxillus involutus NN005693, aa 21, vote weight 0.5 (WO 98/28409)
- phyA from Trametes pubescens NN9343, aa 24, vote weight 1.0 (WO 98/28409)
- phyA from Agrocybe pediades NN009289, aa 19, vote weight 1.0 (WO 98/28409)
- phyA from Peniophora lycii NN006113, aa 21, vote weight 1.0 (WO 98/28409)

## [0071] The alignment is shown in Figure 3.

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**[0072]** In Table 3 the genes, which were used for the performance of the final alignment, are arranged. The first amino acid (aa) of the sequence which is used in the alignment is mentioned behind the organism designation.

#### Table 3

Origin and vote weight of the phytase sequences used for the design of consensus phytase 10

- phyA from Aspergillus terreus 9A-1, aa 27, vote weight 0.5 (Mitchell et al., 1997)
- phyA from Aspergillus terreus cbs116.46, aa 27, vote weight 0.5 (van Loon et al., 1998)
- phyA from Aspergillus niger var. awamori, aa 27, vote weight 0.5 (Piddington et al., 1993)
- phyA from Aspergillus niger strain NRRL3135, aa 27, vote weight 0.5 (van Hartingsveldt et al., 1993)
- phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 13073, aa 26, vote weight 0.2 (Pasamontes et al., 1997)
- phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 32722, aa 26, vote weight 0.2 (van Loon et al., 1998)
- phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 58128, aa 26, vote weight 0.2 (van Loon et al., 1998)
- phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 26906, aa 26, vote weight 0.2 (van Loon et al., 1998)
- phyA from Aspergillus fumigatus ATCC 32239, aa 30, vote weight 0.2 (van Loon et al., 1998)
- phyA from Emericella nidulans, aa 25, vote weight 1.0, Pasamontes et al., 1997a)
- phyA from Talaromyces thermophilus ATCC 20186, aa 24, vote weight 1.0 (Pasamontes et al., 1997a)
- phyA from Myceliophthora thermophila, aa 19, vote weight 1.0 (Mitchell et al., 1997)
- phyA from Thermomyces lanuginosa, aa 36, vote weight 1.0 (Berka et al., 1998)
- Consensus sequence of five Basidiomycetes phytases, vote weight 1.0 (Basidio, Figure 15)

[0073] The corresponding alignment is shown in Figure 16.

#### Calculation of the amino acid sequence of consensus-10

[0074] To improve the alignment, we added the original consensus sequence of five phytases from four different Basidiomycetes, called Basidio, still containing the undefined sequence positions (see Figure 15), nearly all phytase sequences used for calculation of the original consensus phytase and one new phytase sequence from the Ascomycete Thermomyces lanuginosa to a larger alignment. Using the consensus sequence of the basidiomycetal phytase sequences, does not pay regard to the diversity among the five amino acid sequences, but pays regard to the common and different amino acid residues between the phytases from the Ascomycetes and the Basidiomycetes.

[0075] We set plurality on 2.0 and threshold on 3. The used vote weight are listed in Table 3. The alignment and the corresponding consensus sequence is presented in Figure 16. The new consensus phytase sequence has 32 different amino acids in comparison to the original consensus phytase. Positions for which the program PRETTY was not able to calculate a consensus amino acid residue were filled according to rules mentioned in Example 3. None of the residues suggested by the program was replaced.

[0076] Furthermore, we included all *Basidiomycetes* phytases as single amino acid sequences but assigning a vote weight of 0.2 in the alignment. The corresponding alignment is shown in Figure 18. The calculated consensus amino acid sequence (consensus phytase-11) has the following differences to the sequence of consensus phytase-10. Letter X means that the program was not able to calculate a consensus amino acid; the amino acid in parenthesis corresponds to the amino acid finally included into the consensus phytase-10.

D35X, X(K)69K, X(E)100E, A101R, Q134N, X(K)153N, X(H)190H, X(A)204S, X(E)220D, E222T, V227A, X(R)271R, H287A, X(D)288D, X(K)379K, X(I)389I, E390X, X(E)415E, X(A)416A, X(R)446L, E463A, whereas the numbering is as in Fig. 17.

[0077] We also checked single amino acid replacements suggested by the improved consensus sequences 10 and 11 on their influence on the stability of the original consensus phytase. The approach is described in example 5.

Conversion of consensus phytase-10 amino acid sequence to a DNA sequence

[0078] The first 26 amino acid residues of *A. terreus* cbs116.46 phytase were used as signal peptide and, therefore, fused to the *N*-terminus of consensus phytase-10. The used procedure is further described in Example 3. [0079] The resulting sequence of the *fcp*10 gene is shown in Figure 17.

#### Construction and cloning of the consensus phytase-10 gene (fcp10)

[0080] The calculated DNA sequence of *fcp*10 was divided into oligonucleotides of 85 bp, alternately using the sequence of the sense and the anti-sense strand. Every oligonucleotide overlaps 20 bp with its previous and its following oligonucleotide of the opposite strand. The location of all primers, purchased by Microsynth, Balgach (Switzerland) and obtained in a PAGE-purified form, is indicated in Figure 17.

#### **PCR-Reactions**

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[0081] In three PCR reactions, the synthesized oligonucleotides were composed to the entire gene. For the PCR, the High Fidelity Kit from Boehringer Mannheim (Boehringer Mannheim, Mannheim, Germany) and the thermo cycler The Protokol<sup>™</sup> from AMS Biotechnology (Europe) Ltd. (Lugano, Switzerland) was used. The following oligonucleotides were used in a concentration of 0.2 pMol/μl.

Mix 1.10: CP-1, CP-2, CP-3.10, CP-4.10, CP-5.10, CP-6, CP-7.10, CP-8.10, CP-9.10, CP-10.10

<u>Mix 2.10</u>: CP-9.10, CP-11.10, CP-12.10, CP-13.10, CP-14.10, CP-15.10, CP-16.10, CP-17.10, CP18.10, CP-19.10, CP-20.10, CP-21.10, CP-22.10

[0082] The newly synthesized oligonucleotides are marked by number 10. The phytase contains the following 32 exchanges, which are underlined in Figure 17, in comparison to the original consensus phytase: Y54F, E58A, D69K, D70G, A94K, N134Q, I158V, S187A, Q188N, D197N, S204A, T214L, D220E, L234V, A238P, D246H, T251N, Y259N, E267D, E277Q, A283D, R291I, A320V, R329H, S364T, I366V, A379K, S396A, G404A, Q415E, A437G, A463E. [0083] Four short PCR primer were used for the assembling of the oligonucleotides:

CP-a:

Eco RI

5'-TATATGAATTCATGGGCGTGTTCGTC-3'

CP-b:

5'-TGAAAAGTTCATTGAAGGTTTC-3'

CP-c.10:

5'-TCTTCGAAAGCAGTACACAAAC-3'

CP-e:

Eco RI

5'-TATATGAATTCTTAAGCGAAAC-3'

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PCR reaction a: 10 µl Mix 1.10 (2.0 pmol of each oligonucleotide)

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2  $\mu$ l nucleotides (10 mM each nucleotide)

2 μl primer CP-a (10 pmol/ml)

2 μl primer CP-c.10 (10 pmol/ml)

10,0 µl PCR buffer

0.75 µl polymerase mixture

73.25 µl H₂O

PCR reaction b: 10 µl Mix 2.10 (2.0 pmol of each oligonucleotide)

2 μl nucleotides (10 mM each nucleotide)

2 μl primer CP-b (10 pmol/ml)

2 μl primer CP-e (10 pmol/ml)

10,0 µl PCR buffer

0.75 µl polymerase mixture (2.6 U)

73.25 µl H<sub>2</sub>O

Reaction conditions for PCR reaction a and b:

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 step 1
 2 min - 45°C

 step 2
 30 sec - 72 °C

 step 3
 30 sec - 94 °C

 step 4
 30 sec - 52 °C

 step 5
 1 min - 72°C

55 [0084] Step 3 to 5 were repeated 40-times.

[0085] The PCR products (670 and 905 bp) were purified by an agarose gel electrophoresis (0.9% agarose) and a following gel extraction (QIAEX II Gel Extraction Kit, Qiagen, Hilden, Germany). The purified DNA fragments were used for the PCR reaction *c*.

PCR reaction c: 6  $\mu$ l PCR product of reaction a  $\approx$ 50 ng)

6 μl PCR product of reaction b ≈50 ng)
2 μl primer CP-a (10 pmol/ml)
2 μl primer CP-e (10 pmol/ml)
10,0 μl PCR buffer
0.75 μl polymerase mixture (2.6 U) 73.25 μl H<sub>2</sub>O

Reaction conditions for PCR reaction c:

1	step 1	2 min - 94°C
	step i	İ
	step 2	30 sec - 94 °C
	step 3	30 sec - 55 °C
	step 4	1 min - 72 °C

[0086] Step 2 to 4 were repeated 31-times.

[0087] The resulting PCR product (1.4 kb) was purified as mentioned above, digested with Eco RI, and ligated in an Eco RI-digested and dephosphorylated pBsk(-)-vector (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA). 1  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture was used to transform E. coli XL-1 competent cells (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA). All standard procedures were carried out as described by Sambrook et al. (1987). The DNA sequence of the constructed gene (lcp10) was checked by sequencing as known in the art.

#### Example 5

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Increasing the thermostability of consensus phytase-1 by introduction of single mutations suggested by the amino acid sequence of consensus phytase-10 and consensus phytase-11

[0088] In order to increase the thermostability of homologous genes, it is also possible to test the stability effect of each differing amino acid residue between the protein of interest and the calculated consensus sequence and to combine all stabilizing mutations into the protein of interest. We used the consensus phytase as protein of interest and tested the effect on the protein stability of 34 amino acid residues, differing to consensus phytase 10 and/or 11 as single mutations.

[0089] To construct muteins for expression in *A. niger, S. cerevisiae*, or *H. polymorpha*, the corresponding expression plasmid containing the consensus phytase gene was used as template for site-directed mutagenesis (see Example 8 - 10). Mutations were introduced using the "quick exchange" site-directed mutagenesis kit" from Stratagene (La Jolla, CA, USA) following the manufacturer's protocol and using the corresponding primers. All mutations made and their corresponding primers are summarized in Table 4. Plasmids harboring the desired mutation were identified by DNA sequence analysis as known in the art.

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# Table 4: Primers used for site-directed mutagenesis of consensus phytase

(Exchanged bases are highlighted in bold. The introduction of a restriction site is marked above the sequence. When a restriction site is written in parenthesis, the mentioned site was destroyed by introduction of the mutation.)

	mutation	Primer set
15		Kpn I-
	Q50T	5'-CACTTGTGGGGTACCTACTCTCCATACTTCTC-3'
20		5'-GAGAAGTATGGAGAGTA <i>GGTACC</i> CCACAAGTG-3'
25	Y54F	5'-GGTCAATACTCTCCATTCTTCTCTTTGGAAG-3'
		5'-CTTCCAAAGAGAAGAATGGAGAGTATTGACC-3'
30	E58A	5'-CATACTTCTCTTTGGCAGACGAATCTGC-3'
		5'-GCAGATTCGTCTGCCAAAGAGAAGTATG-3'
35		Aat II
	D69K	5'-CTCCAGACGTCCCAAAGGACTGTAGAGTTAC-3'
		5'-GTAACTCTACAGTCCTTTGGGACGTCTGGAG-3'
40		Aat II
	D70G	5'-CTCCAGACGTCCCAGACGGCTGTAGAGTTAC-3'
45		5'-GTAACTCTACAGCCGTCTGGGACGTCTGGAG-3'
50	K91A	5'-GATACCCAACTTCTTCTGCGTCTAAGGCTTACTCTG-3'
•		5'-CAGAGTAAGCCTTAGACGCAGAAGAAGTTGGGTATC-3'

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	A94K	5'-CTTCTAAGTCTAAGAAGTACTCTGCTTTG-3'
5		5'-CAAAGCAG <i>AGTACT</i> TCTTAGACTTAGAAG-3'
10	A101R 5'	-GCTTACTCTGCTTTGATTGAACGGATTCAAAAGAACGCTAC-3'
	5'-	-GTAGCGTTCTTTTGAATCCGTTCAATCAAAGCAGAGTAAGC-3'
15	N134Q	5'-CCATTCGGTGAACAGCAAATGGTTAACTC-3'
	·	5'-GAGTTAACCATTTGCTGTTCACCGAATGG-3'
20		Nru I
	K153N	5'-GATACAAGGCT <i>CTCGCGA</i> GAAACATTGTTC –3'
		5'-GGAACAATGTTTCTCGCGAGAGCCTTGTATC-3'
25		Bss HI
	1158V	5'-GATTGTTCCATTCGTGCGCGCTTCTGGTTC-3'
		5'-GAACCAGAAGCGCGCACGAATGGAACAATC-3'
30		Bel 1
	D197N	5'-CTCCAGTTATTAACGTGATCATTCCAGAAGG-3'
35		5'-CCTTCTGGAA <i>TGATCA</i> CGTTAATAACTGGAG-3'
		Apa I
	S187A	5'-GGCTGACCCAGGGGCCCAACCACCAAGC-3'
40		5'-GCTTGGTGTGGGTCGGCCCCTGGGTCAGCC-3'
		Nco I
45	T214L	5'-CACTTTGGA <i>CCATGG</i> TCTTTGTACTGCTTTCG-3'
40		5'-CGAAAGCAGTACAAAGACCATGGTCCAAAGTG-3'
		Avr II
50	E222T	5'-GCTTTCGAAGACTCTACCCTAGGTGACGACGTTG-3'
	÷	5'-CAACGTCGTCACCTAGGGTAGAGTCTTCGAAAGC-3'
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	V227A	5'-GGTGACGACGCTGAAGCTAACTTCAC-3'
5		5'-GTGAAGTTAGCTTCAGCGTCGTCACC-3'
		Sac II
	L234V	5'-CTAACTTCACCGCGGTGTTCGCTCCAG-3'
10		5'-CTGGAGCGAACACCGCGGTGAAGTTAG-3'
15	A238P	5'-GCTTTGTTCGCTCCACCTATTAGAGCTAGATTGG-3'
		5'-CCAATCTAGCTCTAATAGGTGGAGCGAACAAAGC-3'
		<i>Нра</i> I
20	T251N	5'-GCCAGGTGTTAACTTGACTGACGAAG-3'
		5'-TTCGTCAGTCAAGTTAACACCTGGC-3'
25		Aat II
	Y259N	5'-GACGAAGACGTCGTTAACTTGATGGAC-3'
		5'-GTCCATCAAGTTAACGACGTCTTCGTC-3'
30		Asp I
	E267D	5'-GTCCATTCGACACTGTCGCTAGAACTT C-3'
35		5'-GAAGTTCTAGC <i>GACAGTGT</i> CGAATGGAC-3'
	E277Q	5'-CTGACGCTACTCAGCTGTCTCCATTC-3'
40		5'-GAATGGAGACAGCTGAGTAGCGTCAG-3'
45	A283D	5'-GTCTCCATTCTGTGATTTGTTCACTCAC-3'
		5'-GTGAGTGAACAAATCACAGAATGGAGAC-3'
		Ksp I
50	H287A	5'-GCTTTGTTCACCGCGACGAATGGAG-3'
		5'-CTCCATTCGTCCGCGGTGAACAAAGC-3'

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		Bam HI
	R291I	5'-CACGACGAATGGATCCAATACGACTAC-3'
5		5'-GTAGTCGTATTGGATCCATTCGTCGTG-3'
		Bsi WI
10	Q292A	5'-GACGAATGGAGAGCGTACGACTACTTG-3'
,		5'-CAAGTAGTCGTACGCTCTCCATTCGTC-3'
15		Hpa I
	A320V	5'-GGTGTTGGTTTC <i>GTTAAC</i> GAATTGATTGC-3'
		5'-GCAATCAATTCGTTAACGAAACCAACACC-3'
20		(Bgl II)
	R329H	5'-GCTAGATTGACT <i>CACTCT</i> CCAGTTCAAG-3'
25		5'-CTTGAACTGGAGAGTGAGTCAATCTAGC-3'
		Eco RV
	S364T	5'-CTCACGACAACACTATGATATCTATTTTCTTC-3'
30		5'-GAAGAAAATA <i>GATATC</i> ATAGTGTTGTCGTGAG-3'
		Nco I
35	I366V	5'-CGACAACT <i>CCATGG</i> TTTCTATTTTCTTCGC-3'
		5'-GCGAAGAAATAGAAA <i>CCATGG</i> AGTTGTCG-3'
40		Kpn I
	A379K	5'-GTACAACGGTACCAAGCCATTGTCTAC-3'
		5'-GTAGACAATGGCTTGGTACCGTTGTAC-3'
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	S396A	5'-CTGACGGTTACGCTGCTTCTTGGAC-3'
50		5'-GTCCAAGAAGCAGCGTAACCGTCAG-3'

	G404A	5'-CTGTTCCATTCGCTGCTAGAGCTTAC-3'	
5		5'-GTAAGCTCTAGCAGCGAATGGAACAG-3'	
	Q415E	5'-GATGCAATGTGAAGCTGAAAAGGAACC-3'	
10		5'-GGTTCCTTTTCAGCTTCACATTGCATC-3'	
		Sal I	
15	A437G	5'-CACGGTTGTGGTGTCGACAAGTTGGG-3'	
		5'-CCCAACTTGTCGACACCACAACCGTG-3'	
20		Mun I	
	A463E	5'-GATCTGGTGGCAATTGGGAGGAATGTTTCG-3'	
		5'-CGAAACATTCCTCCCAATTGCCACCAGATC-3'	
25	and accordingly for other mutations.		
[0090] The temperature optimum of the purified phytases, expressed in Saccharomyces cerevisiae (Example 9), was determined as outlined in Example 11. Table 5 shows the effect on the stability of consensus phytase for each mutation introduced.			
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Table 5

Stability effect of the individual amino acid replacements in concensus phytase-1

(+ or - means a positive, respectively, negative effect on the protein stability up to 1 °C, ++ and -- means a positive, respectively, negative effect on the protein stability between 1 and 3 °C; the number 10 or 11 corresponds to the consensus phytase sequence that suggests the amino acid replacement.)

		·					
	stabilizing		neutral		destat	destabilizing	
10	mutation	effect	mutation	effect	mutation	effect	
	E58A (10)	+	D69A	±	Y54F (10)	-	
	D69K (11)	+	D70G (10)	±	V73I		
15	D197N (10)	+	N134Q (10)	±	A94K (10)	-	
	T214L (10)	++	G186H	<u>+</u>	A101R (11)	<u>.</u>	
	E222T (11)	++	S187A (10)	±	K153N (11)		
	E267D (10)	+	T214V	±	I158V (10)		
20	R291I*	+	T251N (10)	·±	G203A		
	R329H (10)	+	Y259N (10)	±	G205S	-	
	S364T (10)	++	A283D (10)	±	A217V	-	
25	A379K (11)	+	A320V (10)	±	V227A (11)		
	G404A (10)	++	K445T	±	L234V (10)	-	
			A463E (10)	±	A238P (10)		
					E277Q (10)	-	
30					H287A (11)		
					Q292A (10)	-	
					. I366V (10)		
35					S396A (10)		
			-		Q415E (11)	-	
					A437G (10)		
40					E451R		

<sup>\*:</sup> This amino acid replacement was found in another round of mutations.

[0091] We combined eight positive mutations (E58A, D197N, E267D, R291I, R329H, S364T, A379K, G404A) in the consensus phytase using the primers and the technique mentioned above in this example. Furthermore, the mutations Q50T and K91A were introduced which mainly influence the catalytical characteristics of the phytase (see European Patent Application Publication No. 897 985 as well as Example 11). The DNA and amino acid sequence of the resulting phytase gene (consensus phytase-thermo[8]-Q50T-K91A) is shown in Figure 19. In this way, the temperature optimum and the melting point of the consensus phytase was increased by 7 °C (Figure 27, 28, 29).

[0092] Using the results of Table 5, we further improved the thermostability of consensus phytase 10 by the following back mutations K94A, V158I, and A396S that revealed a strong negative influence on the stability of consensus phytase. The resulting protein is phytase-10-thermo [3]. Furthermore, we introduced the mutations Q50T and K91A which mainly influence the catalytical characteristics of consensus phytase (see patent application EP Publication No. 897 985 as well as Example 11 and Figure 26 and 27). The resulting DNA and amino acid sequence is shown in Figure 20. The optimized phytase showed a 4 °C higher temperature optimum and melting point than consensus phytase 10 (Figure 24 and 25). Furthermore, the phytase has also a strongly increased specific activity with phytate as substrate of 250 U/mg at pH 5.5 (Figure 26).

### Example 6

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Stabilization of the phytase of A. fumigatus ATCC 13073 by replacement of amino acid residues with the corresponding consensus phytase-1 and consensus phytase-10 residues

[0093] At six typical positions where the *A. fumigatus* 13073 is the only or nearly the only phytase in the alignment of Figure 13 that does not contain the corresponding consensus phytase amino acid residue, the non-consensus amino acid residue was replaced by the consensus one. In a first round, the following amino acids were substituted in *A. fumigatus* 13073 phytase, containing the Q27T substitution and the signal sequence of *A. terreus* cbs.116.46 phytase (see Figure 21):

F55(28)Y, V100(73)I, F114(87)Y, A243(220)L, S265(242)P, N294(282)D.

[0094] The numbers in parentheses confer to the numbering of Figure 13.

[0095] In a second round, four of the seven stabilizing amino acid exchanges (E59A, R329H, S364T, G404A) found in the consensus phytase-10 sequence and, tested as single mutation in consensus phytase-1 (Table 5), were additionally introduced into the *A. fumigatus* a-mutant. Furthermore, the amino acid replacement S126N, shown to reduce the protease susceptibility of the phytase, was introduced.

[0096] The mutations were introduced as described in example 5 (see Table 6) and expressed as described in example 8 to 10. The resulting *A. fumigatus* 13073 phytase variants were called a-mutant and  $\alpha$ -mutant-E59A-S126N-R329H-S364T-G404A.

[0097] The temperature optimum (60 °C, Figure 32) and the melting point (67.0 °C, Figure 31) of the *A. fumigatus* 13073 phytase  $\alpha$ -mutant was increased by 5 °C in comparison to the values of the wild-type (temperature optimum: 55 °C,  $T_m$ : 60 °C). The five additional amino acid replacements further increased the temperature optimum by 3 °C (Figure 32).

# Table 6: Mutagenesis primers for stabilization of A. fumigatus phytase ATCC 13073

5	Mutation	Primer
	F55Y	5'-CACGTACTCGCCATACTTTTCGCTCGAG-3'
10		5'-CTCGAGCGAAAAGTATGGCGAGTACGTG-3'
		(Xho I)
	E58A	5'-CCATACTTTTCGCTCGCGACGAGCTGTCCGTG-3'
15		5'-CACGGACAGCTCGTCCGCGAGCGAAAAGTAGG-3'
	V100I	5'-GTATAAGAAGCTTATTACGGCGATCCAGGCC-3'
20	:	5'-GGCCTGGATCGCCGTAATAAGCTTCTTATAC-3'
25	F114Y	5'-CTTCAAGGGCAAGTACGCCTTTTTGAAGACG-3'
		5'-CGTCTTCAAAAAGGCGTACTTGCCCTTGAAG-3'
30	A243L	5'-CATCCGAGCTCGCCTCGAGAAGCATCTTC-3'
		5'-GAAGATGCTTCTCGAGGCGAGCTCGGATG-3'
<b>35</b> ,		
	S265P	5'-CTAATGGATGTCCGTTTGATACGGTAG-3'
		5'-CTACCGTATCAAACGGACACATGTCCATTAG-3'
40		
	N294D	5'-GTGGAAGAAGTACGACTACCTTCAGTC-3'
45		5'-GACTGAAGGTAGTCGTACTTCTTCCAC-3'
		(Mlu I)
	R329H	5'-GCCCGGTTGACGCATTCGCCAGTGCAGG-3'
50		5'-CCTGCACTGGCGAATGCGTCAACCGGGC-3'

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# Nco I

S364T 5'-CACACGACAACA*CCATGG*TTTCCATCTTC-3'

5'-GAAGATGGAAA<u>CCATGG</u>TGTTGTCGTGTG-3'

(Bss HI)

G404A 5'-GTGGTGCCTTTCGCCGCGCGAGCCTACTTC-3'

5'-GAAGTAGGCTCGCGCGCGAAAGGCACCAC-3'

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# Example 7

Introduction of the active site amino acid residues of the A. niger NRRL 3135 phytase into the consensus phytase-1

[0098] We used the crystal structure of the Aspergillus niger NRRL 3135 phytase to define all active site amino acid residues (see Reference Example and EP 897 010). Using the alignment of Figure 13, we replaced the following active site residues and additionally the not identical adjacent ones of the consensus phytase by that of the A. niger phytase:

S89D, S92G, A94K, D164S, P201S, G203A, G205S, H212P, G224A, D226T, E255T, D256E, V258T, P265S, Q292H, G300K, Y305H, A314T, S364G, M365I, A397S, S398A, G404A, and A405S

[0099] The new protein sequence consensus phytase -7 was backtranslated into a DNA sequence (Figure 22) as described in Example 3. The corresponding gene (fcp7) was generated as described in Example 3 using the following oligonucleotide mixes:

Mix 1.7: CP-1, CP-2, CP-3, CP-4.7, CP-5.7, CP-6, CP-7, CP-8.7, CP-9, CP-10.7

Mix 2.7: CP-9, CP-10.7, CP-11.7, CP-12.7, CP-13.7, CP-14.7, CP-15.7, CP-16, CP-17.7, CP-18.7, CP-19.7, CP-20, CR-21, CP-22.

**[0100]** The DNA sequences of the oligonucleotides are indicated in Figure 15 The newly synthesized oligonucleotides are additionally marked by number 7. After assembling of the oligonucleotides using the same PCR primers as mentioned in Example 3, the gene was cloned into an expression vector as described in Examples 8 - 10.

**[0101]** The pH-profile determined after expression in *H. polymorpha* and purification was shifted into the acidic range of the pH-spectrum showing an optimum at pH 4.5-5.0 (see Figure 30). The enzyme had a broad pH-optimum reaching at least 60% of its maximum activity from pH 2.5 to pH 6.0. Up to pH 5.0, the profile resembled the profile of the *A. niger* NRRL 3135 phytase. However, below pH 5.0 it lacked the typical low at pH 4.0 of the profile of *A. niger* phytase.

### Example 8

Expression of the consensus phytase genes in Hansenula polymorpha

[0102] The phytase expression vectors, used to transform *H. polymorpha* RB11 (Gellissen *et al.*, 1994), was constructed by inserting the *Eco* RI fragment of pBsk *fcp* or variants thereof into the multiple cloning site of the *H. polymorpha* expression vector pFPMT121, which is based on an *ura3* selection marker from *S. cerevisiae*, a formate dehydrogenase (*FMD*) promoter element and a methanol oxidase (*MO*) termimator element from *H. polymorpha*. The 5' end of the *fcp* gene is fused to the *FMD* promoter, the 3' end to the *MOX* terminator (Gellissen *et al.*, 1996; EP 0299 108 B). The resulting expression vector are designated pFPMT*fcp*, pFPMT*fcp*10, pFPMT*fcp*7.

[0103] The constructed plasmids were propagated in *E. coli*. Plasmid DNA was purified using standard state of the art procedures. The expression plasmids were transformed into the *H. polymorpha* strain RP11 deficient in orotidine-5'-phosphate decarboxylase (*ura3*) using the procedure for preparation of competent cells and for transformation of

yeast as described in Gelissen *et al.* (1996). Each transformation mixture was plated on YNB (0.14% w/v Ditco YNB and 0.5% ammonium sulfate) containing 2% glucose and 1.8% agar and incubated at 37 °C. After 4 to 5 days individual transformant colonies were picked and grown in the liquid medium described above for 2 days at 37 °C. Subsequently, an aliquot of this culture was used to inoculate fresh vials with YNB-medium containing 2% glucose. After seven further passages in selective medium, the expression vector integrates into the yeast genome in multimeric form. Subsequently, mitotically stable transformants were obtained by two additional cultivation steps in 3 ml non-selective liquid medium (YPD, 2% glucose, 10 g yeast extract, and 20 g peptone). In order to obtain genetically homogeneous recombinant strains an aliquot from the last stabilization culture was plated on a selective plate. Single colonies were isolated for analysis of phytase expression in YNB containing 2% glycerol instead of glucose to derepress the *fmd* promoter. Purification of the consensus phytases was done as described in Example 9.

#### Example 9

Expression of the consensus phytase genes in Saccharomyces cerevisiae and purification of the phytases from culture supernatant

[0104] The consensus phytase genes were isolated from the corresponding Bluescript-plasmid (pBsk fcp, pBSK fcp10, pBsk fcp7) and ligated into the Eco RI sites of the expression cassette of the Saccharomyces cerevisiae expression vector pYES2 (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA, USA) or subcloned between the shortened GAPFL (glyceraldhyde-3phosphate dehydrogenase) promoter and the pho5 terminator as described by Janes et al. (1990). The correct orientation of the gene was checked by PCR. Transformation of S. cerevisiae strains. e. g. INVSc1 (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA, USA) was done according to Hinnen et al. (1978). Single colonies harboring the phytase gene under the control of the GAPFL promoter were picked and cultivated in 5 ml selection medium (SD-uracil, Sherman et al., 1986) at 30°C under vigorous shaking (250 rpm) for one day. The preculture was then added to 500 ml YPD medium (Sherman et al., 1986) and grown under the same conditions. Induction of the gal1 promoter was done according to manufacturer's instruction. After four days of incubation cell broth was centrifuged (7000 rpm, GS3 rotor, 15 mm, 5°C) to remove the cells and the supernatant was concentrated by way of ultrafiltration in Amicon 8400 cells (PM30 membranes) and ultrafree-15 centrifugal filter devices (Biomax-30K, Millipore, Bedford, MA, USA). The concentrate (10 ml) was desalted on a 40 ml Sephadex G25 Superfine column (Pharmacia Biotech, Freiburg, Germany), with 10 mM sodium acetate, pH 5.0, serving as elution buffer. The desalted sample was brought to 2 M (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and directly loaded onto a 1 ml Butyl Sepharose 4 Fast Flow hydrophobic interaction chromatography column (Pharmacia Biotech, Feiburg, Germany) which was eluted with a linear gradient from 2 M to 0 M (NH4)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> in 10 mM sodium acetate, pH 5.0. Phytase was eluted in the break-through, concentrated and loaded on a 120 ml Sephacryl S-300 gel permeation chromatography column (Pharmacia Biotech, Freiburg, Germany). Consensus phytase and consensus phytase -7 eluted as a homogeneous symmetrical peak and was shown by SDS-PAGE to be approx. 95% pure.

### Example 10

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Expression of the consensus phytase genes in Aspergillus niger

[0105] The Bluescript-plasmids pBsk fcp, pBsK fcp10, and pBsk fcp7 were used as template for the introduction of a Bsp HI-site upstream of the start codon of the genes and an Eco RV-site downstream of the stop codon. The Expand™ High Fidelity PCR Kit (Boehringer Mannheim, Mannheim, Germany) was used with the following primers:

Primer Asp-1:

Bsp HI

# 5'-TATATCATGAGCGTGTTCGTCGTGCTACTGTTC-3'

Primer Asp-2 used for cloning of fcp and fcp7:

Eco RV

3'-ACCCGACTTACAAAGCGAATTCTATAGATATAT-5'

Primer Asp-3 used for cloning of fcp10:

Eco RV

3'-ACCCTTCTTACAAAGCGAATTCTATAGATATAT-5'

[0106] The reaction was performed as described by the supplier. The PCR-amplified fcp-genes had a new Bsp HI site at the start codon, introduced by primer Asp-1, which resulted in a replacement of the second amino acid residue glycine by seine. Subsequently, the DNA-fragment was digested with Bsp HI and Eco RV and ligated into the Nco I site downstream of the glucoamylase promoter of Aspergillus niger (glaA) and the Eco RV site upstream of the Aspergillus nidulans tryptophan C terminator (trpC) (Mullaney et al., 1985). After this cloning step, the genes were sequenced to detect possible failures introduced by PCR. The resulting expression plasmids which basically corresponds to the pGLAC vector as described in Example 9 of EP 684 313, contained the orotidine-5'-phosphate decarboxylase gene (pyr4) of Neurospora crassa as a selection marker. Transformation of Aspergillus niger and expression of the consensus phytase genes was done as described in EP 684 313. The consensus phytases were purified as described in Example 9.

#### Example 11

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# Determination of phytase activity and of temperature optimum

40 [0107] Phytase activity was determined basically as described by Mitchell et al (1997). The activity was measured in an assay mixture containing 0.5% phytic acid (≈5 mM) in 200 mM sodium acetate, pH 5.0. After 15 mm of incubation at 37 °C, the reaction was stopped by addition of an equal volume of 15% trichloroacetic acid. The liberated phosphate was quantified by mixing 100 μl of the assay mixture with 900 μl H₂O and 1 ml of 0.6 M H₂SO₄, 2% ascorbic acid and 0.5% ammonium molybdate. Standard solutions of potassium phosphate were used as reference. One unit of enzyme activity was defined as the amount of enzyme that releases 1 μmol phosphate per minute at 37 °C. The protein concentration was determined using the enzyme extinction coefficient at 280 nm calculated according to Pace et al (1995): consensus phytase, 1.101; consensus phytase 7, 1.068; consensus phytase 10, 1.039.

[0108] In case of pH-optimum curves, purified enzymes were diluted in 10 mM sodium acetate, pH 5.0. Incubations were started by mixing aliquots of the diluted protein with an equal volume of 1% phytic acid ( $\approx$ 10 mM) in a series of different buffers: 0.4 M glycine/HCl, pH 2.5; 0.4 M acetate/NaOH, pH 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5; 0.4 M imidazole/HCl, pH 6.0, 6.5; 0.4 M Tris/HCl pH 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0. Control experiments showed that pH was only slightly affected by the mixing step. Incubations were performed for 15 min at 37 °C as described above.

[0109] For determinations of the substrate specificities of the phytases, phytic acid in the assay mixture was replaced by 5 mM concentrations of the respective phosphate compounds. The activity tests were performed as described above.

[0110] For determination of the temperature optimum, enzyme (100  $\mu$ l) and substrate solution (100  $\mu$ l) were pre-incubated for 5 mm at the given temperature. The reaction was started by addition of the substrate solution to the enzyme. After 15 min incubation, the reaction was stopped with trichloroacetic acid and the amount of phosphate released was

#### determined.

[0111] The pH-optimum of the original consensus phytase was around pH 6.0-6.5 (70 U/mg). By introduction of the Q50T mutation, the pH-optimum shifted to pH 6.0 (130 U/mg). After introduction of K91A, the pH optimum shifted one pH-unit into the acidic pH-range showing a higher specific activity between pH 2.5 and pH 6.0. That was shown for the stabilized mutants and for consensus phytase-10, too (Figure 26 and 27).

[0112] Consensus phytase-7, which was constructed to transfer the catalytic characteristics of the *A. niger* phytase NRRL 3135 into the consensus phytase, had a pH-profile which is shifted into the acidic range of the pH-spectrum showing an optimum between pH 4.5 and 5.0 (see Figure 31). The enzyme had a broad pH-optimum reaching at least 60% of its increased maximum activity from pH 2.5 to pH 6.0. The substrate spectrum, too, resemble more to that of the A. niger NRRL 3135 phytase than to the consensus phytase-1.

[0113] The temperature optimum of consensus phytase-1 (71 °C) was 16-26 °C higher than the temperature optimum of the wild-type phytases (45-55 °C, Table 7) which were used to calculate the consensus sequence. The improved consensus phytase-10 showed a further increase of its temperature optimum to 80 °C (Figure 33). The temperature optimum of the consensus phytase-1-thermo[8] was found in the same range (78 °C) using the supernatant of an overproducing *S. cerevisiae* strain. The highest temperature optimum reached of 82 °C was determined for consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T-K91A.

Table 7

Temperature optimum and  $T_{\rm m}$ -value of consensus phytase and of the phytases from A. fumigatus, A. niger, E. nidulans, and M. thermophila. The determination of the temperature optimum was performed as described in Example 11 The  $T_{\rm m}$ -values were determined by differential scanning calorimetry as described in Example 12.

phytase	temperature optimum [°C]	7m [°C]
Consensus phytase-10-thermo- Q50T-K91A	82	89.3
Consensus phytase-10-thermo- Q50T	82	88.6
Consensus phytase-10	80	85.4
Consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]- Q50T	78	84.7
Consensus phytase-1-thermo[8]- Q50T-K91A	78	85.7
Consensus phytase-1	71	78.1
A. niger NRRL3135	55	63.3
A. fumigatus 13073	55	62.5
A. fumigatus 13073 α-mutant	60	. 67.0
A. fumigatus 13073 $\alpha$ -mutant (optimized)	63	
A. terreus 9A-1	49	57.5
A. terreus cbs.116.46	45	58.5
E. nidulans	45	55.7
M. thermophila	55	n. d.
T. thermophilus	45	n. d.

### Example 12

# Determination of the melting point by differential scanning calorimetry (DSC)

[0114] In order to determine the unfolding temperature of the phytases, differential scanning calorimetry was applied as previously published by Brugger et al (1997). Solutions of 50-60 mg/ml homogeneous phytase were used for the

tests. A constant heating rate of 10 °C/min was applied up to 90-95 °C.

[0115] The determined melting points reflect the results obtained for the temperature optimums (Table 7). The most stable consensus phytase designed is consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T-K91A showing a melting temperature under the choosen condition of 89.3 C. This is 26 to 33.6 °C higher than the melting point of the wild-type phytases used.

#### Example 13

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Transfer of basidiomycete phytase active site into consensus phytase-10-thermo-Q50T-K91A

[0116] As described previously (Example 5), mutations derived from the basidiomycete phytase active site were introduced into the consensus phytase 10. The following five constructs a) to e) were prepared:

[0117] This construct is called consensus phytase 12, and it comprises a selected number of active site residues of the basidio consensus sequence, its amino acid sequence (consphy12) is shown in Fig. 33 (the first 26 amino acids forms the signal peptide, amended positions are underlined);

a cluster of mutations (Cluster II) was transferred to the consensus 10 sequence, viz.: S80Q, Y86F, S90G, K91A, S92A, K93T, A94R, Y95I;

analogously, another cluster of mutations (Cluster III) was transferred, viz.: T129V, E133A, Q143N, M136S, V137S, N138Q, S139A;

analogously, a further cluster of mutations (Cluster IV) was transferred, viz.: A168D, E171T, K172N, F173W;

and finally, a further cluster of mutations (Cluster V) was transferred, viz.: Q297G, S298D, G300D, Y305T.

[0118] These constructs were expressed as described in Examples 8 to 10.

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#### Claims

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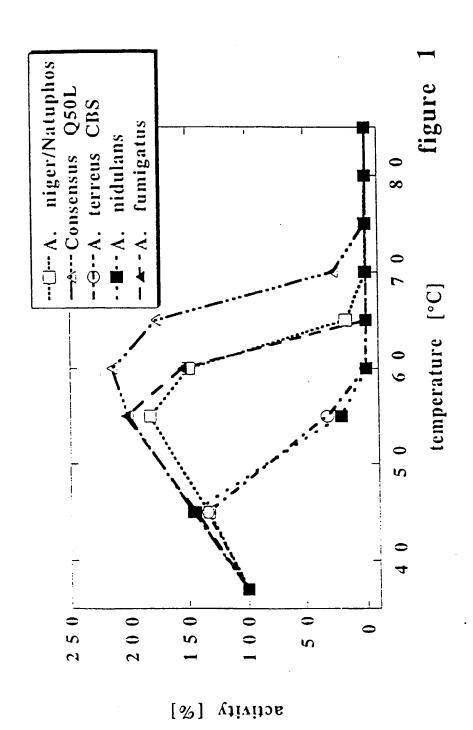
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- 1. A stabilized dry or liquid enzyme formulation comprising phytase and one or more stabilizing agents selected from the group consisting of:
  - a) C<sub>5</sub> sugars, preferably xylitol or ribitol,
  - b) polyethylene glycols having a molecular weight of 600 to 4000 Da, preferably 1000 to 3350 Da.
  - c) the disodium salts of malonic, glutaric and succinic acid.
  - d) carboxymethylcellulose, and
  - e) alginate, preferably sodium alginate.
- 2. A stabilized dry or liquid enzyme formulation comprising phytase which has been crosslinked:
  - a) with glutaraldehyde, or by
  - b) oxidation with sodium periodate and reaction with adipic acid dihydrazide.
- 3. Enzyme formulation according to claims 1 or 2, characterized in that the phytase is a fungal or a consensus phytase.

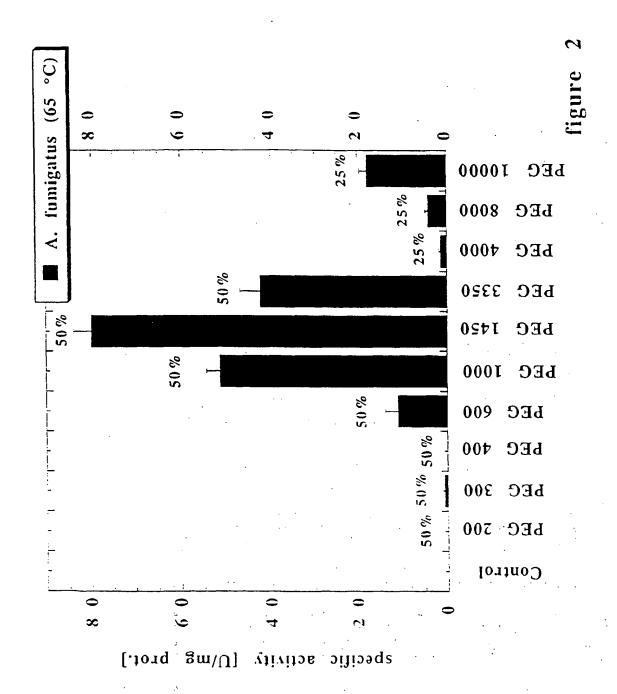
- 4. Enzyme formulation according to claim 3, characterized in that the fungal phytase is selected from the group consisting of *Aspergillus fumigatus*, *Aspergillus nidulans*, *Aspergillus terreus* and *Aspergillus nider* phytase.
- Enzyme formulation according to anyone of claims 1 to 4 characterized in that the formulation is liquid.
- 6. Enzyme formulation according to claim 5, characterized in that the stabilizing agent is polyethylene glycol whereby the polyethylene glycol is present in a concentration of 10-50% (w/w) in the final formulation.
- 7. Enzyme formulation according to claim 5 or 6, characterized in that the stabilizing agent is xylitol and/or ribitol which is present in the final formulation in a concentration of 20-60% (w/w).
  - 8. Enzyme formulation according to any of claims 5 to 7, characterized in that the stabilizing agent is the disodium salt of glutaric, succinic or malonic acid whereby the concentration of the salt in the final formulation ranges between 10 and 30% (w/w).
  - Enzyme formulation according to any of claims 5 to 8, characterized in that the stabilizing agent is carboxymethylcellulose whereby the concentration of the polymer in the final formulation ranges between 1 and 10% (w/w).
  - 10. Enzyme formulation according to any of claims 5 to 9, characterized in that the stabilizing agent is sodium alginate whereby the concentration of the polymer in the final formulation ranges between 1 and 10% (w/w).
  - 11. Enzyme formulation according to any of claims 1-4, characterized in that the formulation is dry/solid.
- 12. Enzyme formulation according to claim 11, characterized in that the stabilizing agent is polyethylene glycol whereby the polyethylene glycol is present in a concentration of 1-20% (w/w) in the final formulation.
  - 13. Enzyme formulation according to claim 11 or 12, characterized in that the stabilizing agent is xylitol and/or ribitol which is present in the final formulation in a concentration of 1-20% (w/w).
- 30 14. Enzyme formulation according to any of claims 11 to 13, characterized in that the stabilizing agent is the disodium salt of glutaric, succinic or malonic acid whereby the concentration of the salt in the final formulation ranges between 1 and 20% (w/w).
- 15. Enzyme formulation according to any of claims 11 to 14, characterized in that the stabilizing agent is carboxymethylcellulose whereby the concentration of the polymer in the final formulation ranges between 1 and 10% (w/w).
  - 16. Enzyme formulation according to any of claims 11 to 15, characterized in that the stabilizing agent is sodium alginate whereby the concentration of the polymer in the final formulation ranges between 1 and 10% (w/w).
- 40 17. Enzyme formulation according to any of claims 2-5 or 11 characterized in that the phytase monomers are crosslinked by addition of glutaraldehyde.
- 18. Enzyme formulation according to any of claims 2-5 or 11 characterized in that the phytase monomers are crosslinked by oxidation of carbohydrate residues with sodium periodate and subsequent addition of adipic acid dihydrazide.
  - 19. A method of preparing a feed composition for monogastric animals, characterized in that the feed is treated with a stabilized dry or liquid enzyme formulation according to any of claims 1-18.
- 20. A feed composition for monogastric animals, characterized in that the feed comprises a stabilized dry or liquid enzyme formulation according to any one of claims 1-18.
  - 21. A method of providing a monogastric animal with its dietary requirement of phosphorous, characterized in that the animal is feeded with a feed according to claim 20 and that no additional phosphorous is added to the feed.
  - 22. A method of preparing a dry or liquid phytase formulation, characterized in that a stabilized phytase according to claims 1-18 is used.

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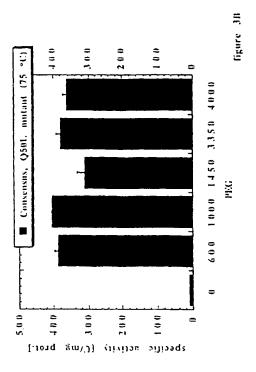
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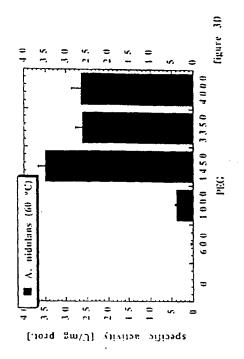


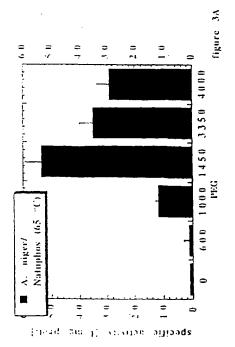
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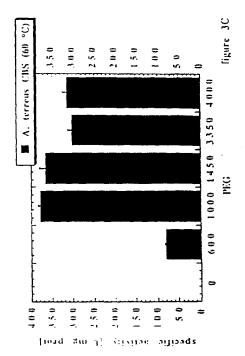






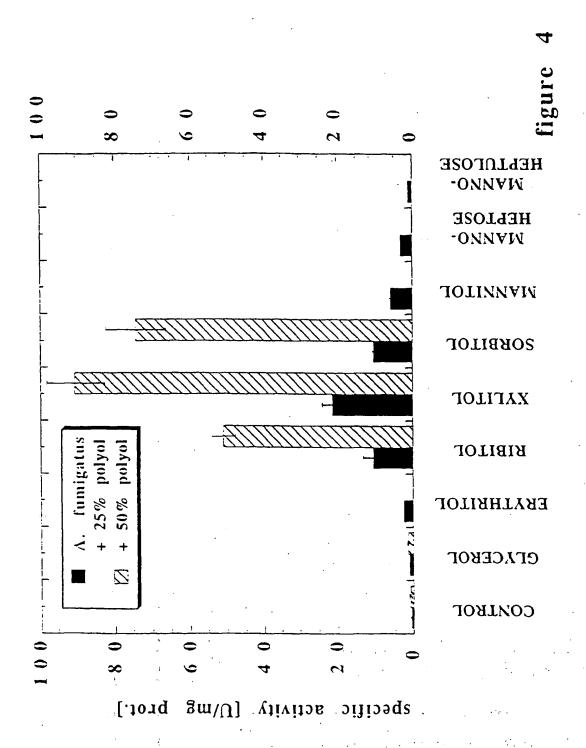






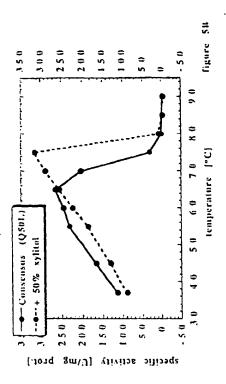
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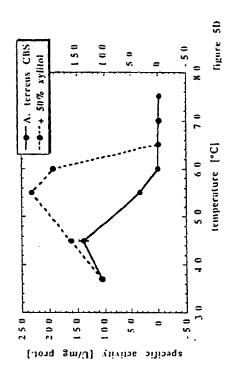
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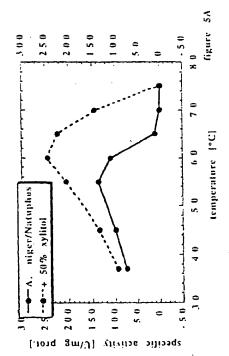


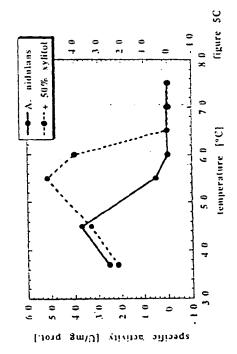


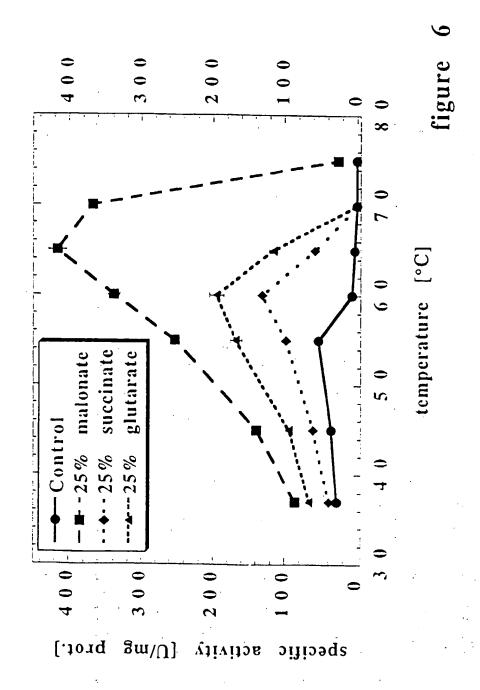
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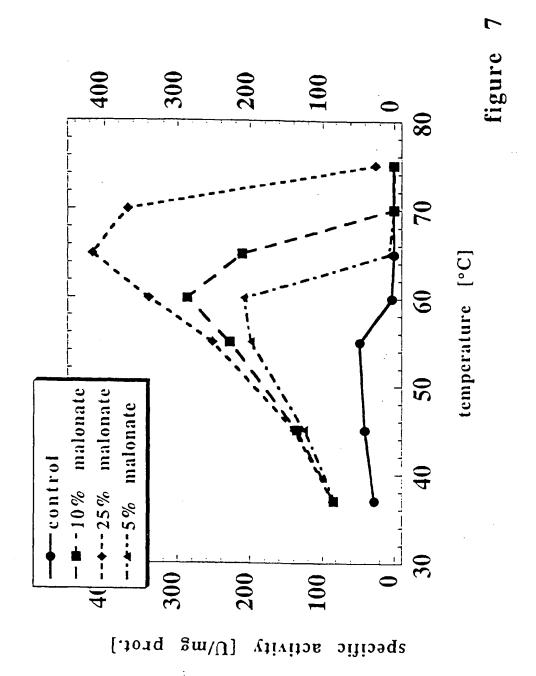
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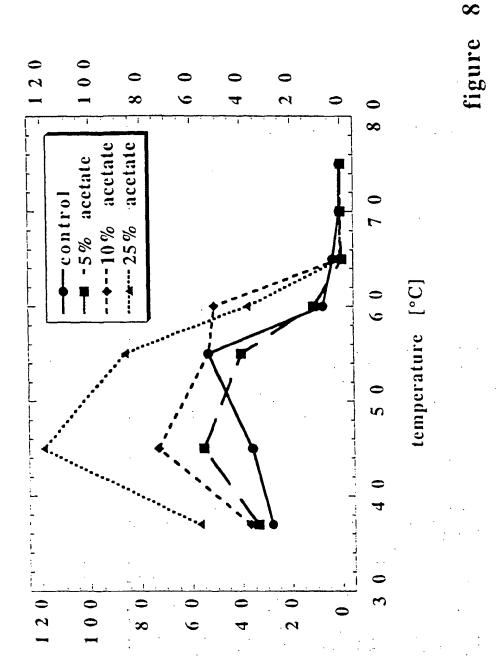




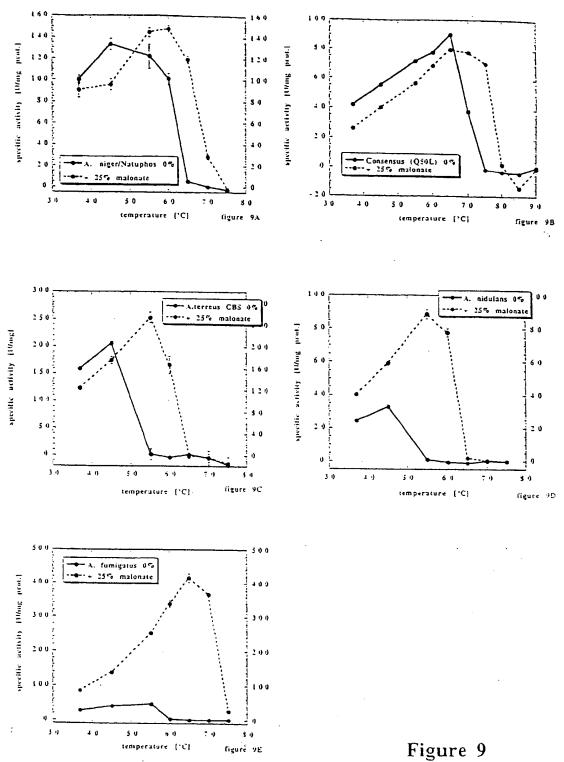








specific activity [U/ mg prot.]



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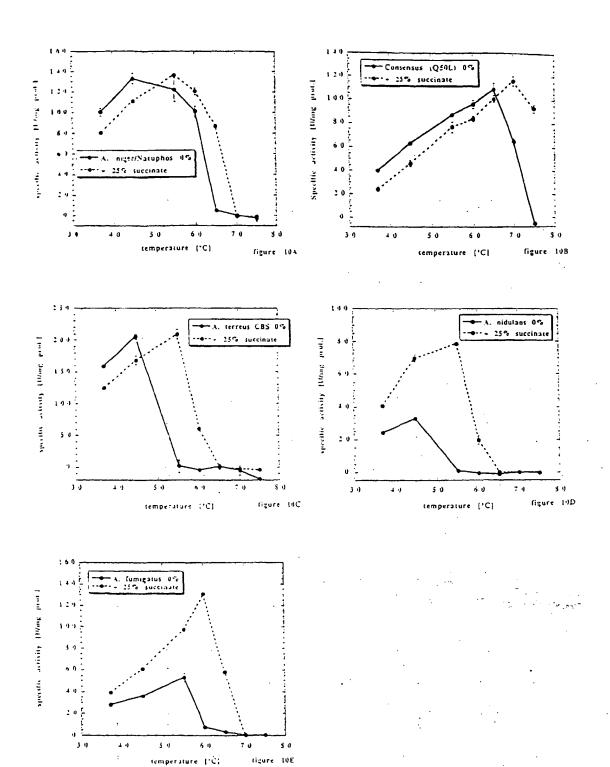
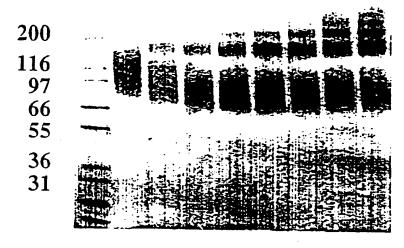
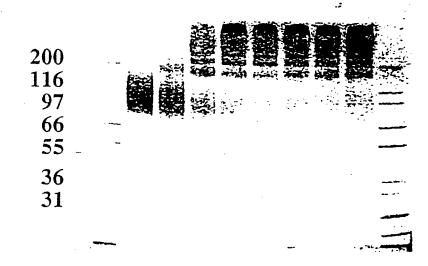


Figure 10



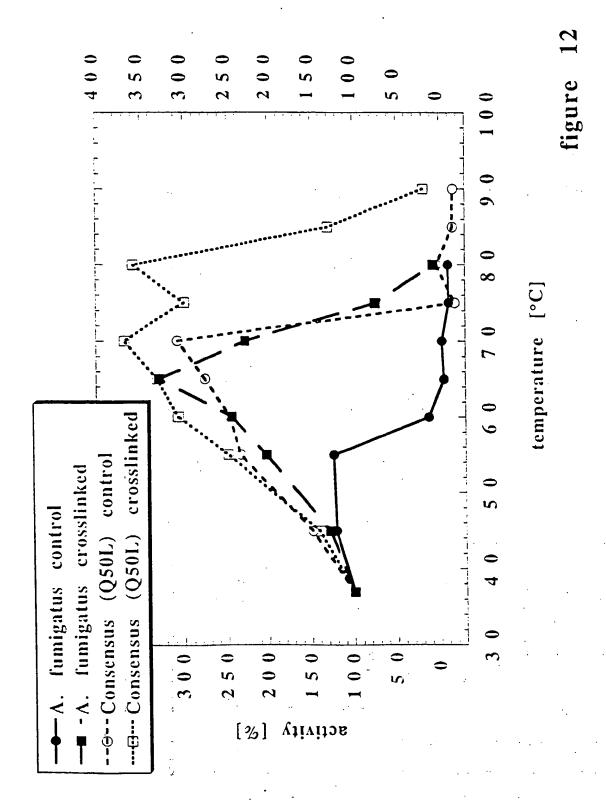
[kDa] M 0 10 15 20 25 30 40 50

figure 11A



[kDa] M 0 10 15 20 25 30 40 50 M sodium periodate (mM)

figure 11B



#### Figure 13

50 A. terreus 9A-1 KhsDCNSVDh GYQCFPELSH kWGlYAPYFS LQDESPFP1D VPEDChITFV A. terreus cbs NhsDCTSVDr GYQCFPELSH kWGlYAPYFS LQDESPFP1D VPDDChITFV A. niger var. awamori NqsTCDTVDQ GYQCFSETSH LWGQYAPFFS LANESAISPD VPAGCTVTFA A. niger T213 NGSCDTVDQ GYQCFSETSH LWGQYAPFFS LANESVISPD VPAGCTVTFA A. niger NRRL3135 NGSCDTVDQ GYQCFSETSH LWGQYAPFFS LANESVISPE VPAGCTVTFA A. fumigatus 13073 GSkSCDTVD1 GYQCsPATSH LWGQYSPFFS LEDELSVSSK LPKDCrITLV A. fumigatus 32722 GSkSCDTVD1 GYQCsPATSH LWGQYSPFFS LEDELSVSSK LPKDCrITLV A. fumigatus 58128 GSkSCDTVD1 GYQCsPATSH LWGQYSPFFS LEDELSVSSK LPKDCrITLV A. fumigatus 26906 GSkSCDTVD1 GYQCsPATSH LWGQYSPFFS LEDELSVSSK LPKDCrITLV A. fumigatus 32239 GSkACDTVE1 GYQCsPGTSH LWGQYSPFFS LEDELSVSSD LPKDCrVTFV E. nidulans QNHSCNTADG GYQCFPNVSH VWGQYSPYFS IEQESAISED VPHGCeVTFV T. thermophilus DSHSCNTVEG GYQCrPEISH sWGQYSPFFS LADQSEISPD VPQNCkITFV M. thermophila ESRPCDTpD1 GFQCgTAISH FWGQYSPYFS VpSElDaS.. IPDDCeVTFA Consensus NSHSCDTVDG GYQCFPEISH LWGQYSPYFS LEDESAISPD VPDDC-VTFV

NSHSCDTVDG GYQCFPEISH LWGQYSPYFS

Consensus phytase

LEDESAISPD VPDDCRVTFV

51 100 A. terreus 9A-1 QVLARHGARS PThSKtKAYA AtlAAIQKSA TafpGKYAFL QSYNYSLDSE A. terreus cbs QVLARHGARS PTDSKtKAYA AtlAAIQKNA TalpGKYAFL KSYNYSMGSE A. niger var. awamori QVLSRHGARY PTESKGKKYS ALIEEIQQNV TtFDGKYAFL KTYNYSLGAD A. niger T213 QVLSRHGARY PTESKgKkYS ALIEEIQQNV TtFDGKYAFL KTYNYSLGAD A. niger NRRL3135 QVLSRHGARY PTDSKgKkYS ALIEEIQQNA TtFDGKYAFL KTYNYSLGAD A. fumigatus 13073 QVLSRHGARY PTSSKsKkYK kLVTAIQaNA TdfKGKFAFL KTYNYTLGAD A. fumigatus 32722 QVLSRHGARY PTSSKsKkYK kLVTAIQaNA TdfkGkfafl ktynytlgad A. fumigatus 58128 QVLSRHGARY PTSSKsKkYK kLVTAIQaNA TdfkGkfafl kTYNYTLGAD A. fumigatus 26906 QVLSRHGARY PTSSKsKkYK kLVTAIQaNA TdFKGKFAFL KTYNYTLGAD A. fumigatus 32239 QVLSRHGARY PTASKsKkYK kLVTAIQKNA TefkGKFAFL ETYNYTLGAD E. nidulans QVLSRHGARY PTESKsKAYS GLIEAIQKNA TSFWGQYAFL ESYNYTLGAD

QLLSRHGARY PTSSKtElys QLISTIQKTA

QVLSRHGARa PTlKRaaSYv DLIDrIHhGA

ELTRtGQQQM VNSGIKFYRR YRALARKSIP

DLTPFGENQM VNSGIKFYRR YKALARK-VP

DLTPFGENOM VNSGIKFYRR YKALARKIVP

T-

T. thermophilus

M. thermophila

M. thermophila

Consensus

FVRTAGqDRV VhSAENFTQG

FVRASGSDRV IASAEKFIEG Consensus phytase

FIRASGSDRV IASAEKFIEG

TaYKGyYAFL KDYrYqLGAN

ISYGPGYEFL RTYDYTLGAD		•	
Consensus FKGKYAFL KTYNYTLGAD	QVLSRHGARY	PTSSK-KAYS	ALIEAIQKNA
Consensus phytase TAFKGKYAFL KTYNYTLGAD	QVLSRHGARY	PTSSKSKAYS	ALIEAIQKNA
150	101		
A. terreus 9A-1 FVRATDASRV hESAEKFVEG	ELTPFGrNQL	rDlGaQFYeR	YNALTRhInP
A. terreus cbs FVRAADSSRV hESAEKFVEG	NLTPFGrNQL	qDlGaQFYRR	YDTLTRhInP
A. niger var. awamori FIRSSGSSRV IASGEKFIEG	DLTPFGEQEL	VNSGIKFYQR	YESLTRNIIP
A. niger T213 FIRSSGSSRV IASGEKFIEG	DLTPFGEQEL	VNSGIKFYQR	YESLTRNIIP
A. niger NRRL3135 FIRSSGSSRV IASGKKFIEG	DLTPFGEQEL	VNSGIKFYQR	YESLTRNIVP
A. fumigatus 13073 FIRASGSDRV IASGEKFIEG	DLTPFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKALARSVVP
A. fumigatus 32722 FIRASGSDRV IASGEKFIEG		VNSGIKFYQR	
A. fumigatus 58128 FIRASGSDRV IASGEKFIEG	DLTPFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKALARSVVP
A. fumigatus 26906 FIRASGSDRV IASGEKFIEG	DLTAFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKALARSVVP
A. fumigatus 32239 FIRSSGSDRV IASGEKFIEG		VNSGIKFYQK	
E. nidulans FIRASGSDRV VASAEKFING	•	VDSGaKFÝRR	
T. thermophilus FVRCSGSDRV IASGrlFIEG	DLTPFGENQM	IQlGIKFYnH	YKSLARNaVP

151

			151		
200		_			
		9A-1 AFESSTV	FQTARqDDHh	ANpHQPSPrV	DValPEGSAY
A. ter NNTLE	reus KSICT	cbs AFEASTV	FQNARqGDPh		DVVIPEGTAY
A. nig NNTLDE	ger va PGTCT	ar. <i>awamori</i> VFEDSEI	FQSTKLkDPr	AqpgQSSPkI	DVVISEASSS
A. nig	ger T		FQSTKLkDPr	AqpgQSSPkI	DVVISEASSS
A. nig	ger Ni	RRL3135 VFEDSEL	FQSTKLkDPr	AqpgQSSPkI	DVVISEASSs
A. fum	nigati	us 13073 kFEASQL	FQqAKLADPG	A.TNRAAPAI	SVIIPESETF
A. fum	igati	us 32722 kFEASQL	FQqAKLADPG	A.TNRAAPAI	SVIIPESETF
A. fum	igati	us 58128 kFEASQL	FOGAKLADPG	A.TNRAAPAI	SVIIPESETF
A. fum	igati	us 26906 kFEASQL	FQQAKLADPG	A.TNRAAPAI	SVIIPESETF
A. fum	igati	us 32239 NFEASEL	FQqANVADPG	A.TNRAAPVI	SVIIPESETY
E. nid	lulans			SgQATPVV	NVIIPEIDGF
T. the	rmopi		FQSAKV1DPh	SDkHDAPPTI	NVIIeEGPSY
M. the	rmoph		FHSAlLADRG	STVRPTlPyd	mVVI PETAGa
Consen			FQSAKLADPG	S-PHQASPVI	NVIIPEGSGY
MNTT.DH	ርጥርጥ	AFFD CET.			
Consen	sus p	AFEDSEL hytase AFEDSEL	FQSAKLADPG	SQPHQASPVI	DVIIPEGSGY
Consen	sus p	hytase	FQSAKLADPG	SQPHQASPVI	DVIIPEGSGY
Consen NNTLDHO 250 A. ter	sus p GTCT reus	ohytase AFEDSEL 9A-1	201		DVIIPEGSGY EADLPGVQLS
Consen NNTLDHO 250 A. ter TDDVVni A. ter	sus p GTCT reus LMAM reus	Phytase AFEDSEL  9A-1 CPFETVS1TD cbs	201 GDDAVANFTA		EADLPGVqLS
250 A. ter TDDVVni A. ter ADDVVni A. nige	sus p GTCT reus LMAM reus LMAM er va	9A-1 CPFETVSlTD cbs CPFETVSlTD r. awamori	201 GDDAVANFTA GDAAADNFTA	VFAPAIaQRL	EADLPGVQLS EADLPGVQLS
250 A. ter TDDVVni A. ter ADDVVni A. nigo	reus LMAM reus LMAM er va LMDM er T2	9A-1 CPFETVS1TD cbs CPFETVS1TD r. awamori CSFDTIStST	201 GDDAVANFTA GDAAADNFTA ADTVEANFTA	VFAPAIaQRL VFAPAIakRL	EADLPGVQLS EADLPGVQLS ENDLSGVTLT
250 A. ter TDDVVni A. ter ADDVVni A. nige DTEVTyl A. nige DTEVTyl A. nige	reus LMAM reus LMAM er va LMDM er T2 LMDM er NR	9A-1 CPFETVS1TD cbs CPFETVS1TD r. awamori CSFDTIStST 13 CSFDTIStST RL3135	201 GDDAVANFTA GDAAADNFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA	VFAPAIaQRL VFAPAIakRL TFAPSIRQRL	EADLPGVQLS EADLPGVQLS ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT
250 A. ter TDDVVn A. ter ADDVVn A. nige DTEVTyl A. nige	reus LMAM reus LMAM er va LMDM er T2 LMDM er NR LMDM igatu	9A-1 CPFETVS1TD cbs CPFETVS1TD r. awamori CSFDTIStST 13 CSFDTIStST RL3135 CSFDTIStST s 13073	201 GDDAVANFTA GDAAADNFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA	VFAPAIaQRL VFAPAIakRL TFAPSIRQRL TFAPSIRQRL	EADLPGVQLS EADLPGVQLS ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT
250 A. ter TDDVVni A. ter ADDVVni A. nige DTEVTyl A. nige DTEVTyl A. nige DTEVTyl A. fum DEDVVsi A. fum	reus LMAM reus LMAM er va LMDM er T2 LMDM er NR LMDM igatu LMDM	9A-1 CPFETVS1TD cbs CPFETVS1TD r. awamori CSFDTIStST 13 CSFDTIStST RL3135 CSFDTIStST s 13073 CSFDTVARTS s 32722	201 GDDAVANFTA GDAAADNFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA GDEVAANFTA	VFAPAIaQRL VFAPAIakRL TFAPSIRQRL TFAPSIRQRL TFVPSIRQRL	EADLPGVQLS EADLPGVQLS ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT
250 A. termoder to the control of th	reus LMAM reus LMAM er va LMDM er T2 LMDM igatu LMDM igatu LMDM	9A-1 CPFETVS1TD cbs CPFETVS1TD r. awamori CSFDTIStST 13 CSFDTIStST RL3135 CSFDTIStST s 13073 CSFDTVARTS s 32722 CSFDTVARTS s 58128	201 GDDAVANFTA GDAAADNFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA GDEVAANFTA	VFAPAIaQRL VFAPAIAKRL TFAPSIRQRL TFAPSIRQRL TFVPSIRQRL 1FAPDIRARA	EADLPGVQLS EADLPGVQLS ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT
250 A. ter TDDVVni A. ter ADDVVni A. nige DTEVTyl A. nige DTEVTyl A. nige DTEVTyl A. fum DEDVVsi A. fum DEDVVsi A. fum DEDVVsi A. fum DEDVVsi A. fum	reus LMAM reus LMAM er va LMDM er T2 LMDM igatu LMDM igatu LMDM	9A-1 CPFETVSITD cbs CPFETVSITD r. awamori CSFDTIStST 13 CSFDTIStST RL3135 CSFDTIStST s 13073 CSFDTVARTS s 32722 CSFDTVARTS s 58128 CSFDTVARTS s 26906	201 GDDAVANFTA GDAAADNFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA GDEVAANFTA GDEVAANFTA	VFAPAIaQRL VFAPAIakRL TFAPSIRQRL TFAPSIRQRL TFVPSIRQRL 1FAPDIRARA 1FAPDIRARA	EADLPGVQLS EADLPGVQLS ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT
250 A. ter TDDVVni A. ter ADDVVni A. nigo DTEVTyl A. nigo DTEVTyl A. nigo DTEVTyl A. fum DEDVVSI A. fum	reus reus LMAM reus LMAM er va LMDM er T2 LMDM igatu LMDM igatu LMDM igatu LMDM igatu	9A-1 CPFETVSITD cbs CPFETVSITD r. awamori CSFDTIStST 13 CSFDTIStST s 13073 CSFDTVARTS s 32722 CSFDTVARTS s 58128 CSFDTVARTS s 58128 CSFDTVARTS s 26906 CSFDTVARTS s 32239	201 GDDAVANFTA GDAAADNFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA GDEVAANFTA GDEVAANFTA GDEVAANFTA	VFAPAIaQRL VFAPAIAKRL TFAPSIRQRL TFAPSIRQRL TFVPSIRQRL 1FAPDIRARA 1FAPDIRARA	EADLPGVQLS EADLPGVQLS ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT KKHLPGVTLT
Z50 A. ter TDDVVni A. ter ADDVVni A. nigo DTEVTyl A. nigo DTEVTyl A. nigo DTEVTyl A. fum DEDVVsi A. fum	reus LMAM reus LMAM er va LMDM er T2 LMDM igatu LMDM igatu LMDM igatu LMDM igatu	9A-1 CPFETVSITD cbs CPFETVSITD r. awamori CSFDTIStST 13 CSFDTIStST RL3135 CSFDTIStST \$ 13073 CSFDTVARTS \$ 32722 CSFDTVARTS \$ 58128 CSFDTVARTS \$ 26906 CSFDTVARTS \$ 32239 CSFDTVARTA	201 GDDAVANFTA GDAAADNFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA GDEVAANFTA GDEVAANFTA GDEVAANFTA GDEVAANFTA	VFAPAIaQRL VFAPAIakRL TFAPSIRQRL TFAPSIRQRL TFVPSIRQRL 1FAPDIRARA 1FAPDIRARA 1FAPDIRARA	EADLPGVQLS EADLPGVQLS ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT KKHLPGVTLT
Z50 A. ter. TDDVVni A. ter. ADDVVni A. nigo DTEVTyl A. nigo DTEVTyl A. nigo DTEVTyl A. fum. DEDVVsi A. fum.	reus LMAM reus LMAM er Va LMDM er T2 LMDM igatu LMDM igatu LMDM igatu LMDM igatu LMDM igatu LMDM igatu	9A-1 CPFETVSITD cbs CPFETVSITD r. awamori CSFDTIStST 13 CSFDTIStST RL3135 CSFDTVARTS s 13073 CSFDTVARTS s 32722 CSFDTVARTS s 58128 CSFDTVARTS s 26906 CSFDTVARTS s 32239 CSFDTVARTA CSFDTVARTA	201 GDDAVANFTA GDAAADNFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA ADTVEANFTA GDEVAANFTA GDEVAANFTA GDEVAANFTA GDEVAANFTA GDEVAANFTA ADEIEANFTA	VFAPAIaQRL VFAPAIakRL TFAPSIRQRL TFAPSIRQRL TFVPSIRQRL 1FAPDIRARA 1FAPDIRARA 1FAPDIRARA 1FAPDIRARA	EADLPGVQLS EADLPGVQLS ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT ENDLSGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT EKHLPGVTLT

BMCDCCID- >ED MCCCCCA+ 1 .

M. thermophila DADTVaLMDL CPFETVASSS	GDDAQDTY1S	TFAGPItARV	NANLPGANLT	
Consensus LMDM CPFETVARTS	GDDAEANFTA	TFAPAIRARL	EADLPGVTLT	DEDVV-
Consensus phytase DEDVVYLMDM CPFETVARTS	GDDVEANFTA	LFAPAIRARL	EADLPGVTLT	

251

23	<u> </u>
300	·
A. terreus 9A-1	DAhTLSPFC DLFTAtEWtq
YNYL1SLDKY YGYGGGNPLG	
	DAhTLSPFC DLFTAaEWtq
YNYL1SLDKY YGYGGGNPLG	
	VDTKLSPFC DLFTHdEWih
YDYLQSLkKY YGHGAGNPLG	
··· <b>3</b>	vDTKLSPFC DLFTHdEWih
YDYLRSLKKY YGHGAGNPLG	
-	vDTKLSPFC DLFTHdEWin
YDYLQSLKKY YGHGAGNPLG	
-	DASQLSPFC QLFTHnEWkk
YNYLQSLGKY YGYGAGNPLG	DAGOT GODO AT DELL DIRA
•	DASQLSPFC QLFTHnEWkk
YNYLQSLGKY YGYGAGNPLG	DACOT CDEG. OF PRINCEPHALE
A. fumigatus 58128 YNYLOSLGKY YGYGAGNPLG	DASQLSPFC QLFTHnEWkk
	DASQLSPFC QLFTHnEWkk
YNYLOSLGKY YGYGAGNPLG	DASQUSFFC QUFINIEWAX
	DASELSPFC AIFTHNEWkk
YDYLQSLGKY YGYGAGNPLG	DADDDSITC ATTIMIDARK
E. nidulans	HGTELSPFC AIFTEKEWlq
YDYLQSLSKY YGYGAGSPLG	
	TDT.LSPFC ALsTQeEWqa
YDYYQSLGKY YGnGGGNPLG	· ·
	patadagg gNGrpLSPFC rLFSEsEWra
YDYLQSVGKW YGYGPGNPLG	
•	
Consensus	DATELSPFC ALFTE-EW
YDYLQSLGKY YGYGAGNPLG	
Consensus phytase	DATELSPFC ALFTHDEWRQ
YDYLQSLGKY YGYGAGNPLG	

350			
A. terreus 9A-1 DASPATFPLN ATLYADFSHD	PVQGVGWaNE	LMARLTRAPV	HDHTCVNNTL
A. terreus cbs DANPATFPLN ATLYADFSHD	PVQGVGWaNE	LIARLTRSPV	HDHTCVNNTL
A. niger var. awamori DSNPATFPLN STLYADFSHD	PTQGVGYaNE	LIARLTHSPV	HDDTSSNHTL
A. niger T213 DSNPATFPLN STLYADFSHD	PTQGVGYaNE	LIARLTHSPV	HDDTSSNHTL
A. niger NRRL3135 DSSPATFPLN STLYADFSHD	_	LIARLTHSPV	
A. fumigatus 13073 VSNPATFPLN ATMYVDFSHD		LIARLTRSPV	
A. fumigatus 32722 VSNPATFPLN ATMYVDFSHD		LIARLTRSPV	_
A. fumigatus 58128 VSNPATFPLN ATMYVDFSHD	•	LIARLTRSPV	QDHTSTNsTL
A. fumigatus 26906 VSNPATFPLN ATMYVDFSHD	•	LIARLTRSPV	-
A. fumigatus 32239 DSDPATFPLN ATIYVDFSHD E. nidulans		LIARLTNSPV	-
DSNPATFPLD rKLYADFSHD T. thermophilus		LIARLTQSPV LIARMTHSPV	
DSNPATFPLN ATLYADFSHD M. thermophila		LLARLAgvPV	_
DGDPTTFPLG rPLYADFSHD	T TQGVOT VND	DUMWAGVEV	
Consensus DSNPATFPLN ATLYADFSHD	PAQGVGF-NE	LIARLTHSPV	QDHTSTNHTL
Consensus phytase DSNPATFPLN ATLYADFSHD	PAQGVGFANE	LIARLTRSPV	QDHTSTNHTL

,	351		
400			
A. terreus 9A-1	SNLVSIFWAL	GLYNGTAPLS	qTSVESVSQT
DGYAAAWTVP FAARAYVEMM			
A. terreus cbs	SNLVSIFWAL	GLYNGTkPLS	<b>QTTVEDITTT</b>
DGYAAAWTVP FAARAYIEMM			
A. niger var. awamori	NGIISILFAL	GLYNGTkPLS	TTTVENITQT
DGFSSAWTVP FASRLYVEMM			
A. niger T213	NGIISILFAL	GLYNGTkPLS	TTTVENITQT
DGFSSAWTVP FASRLYVEMM			
A. niger NRRL3135	NGIISILFAL	GLYNGTkPLS	TTTVENITQT
DGFSSAWTVP FASRLYVEMM			
A. fumigatus 13073	NSMVSIFFAL	GLYNGTEPLS	rTSVESaKEl
DGYSASWVVP FGARAYFELM			
A. fumigatus 32722	NSMVSIFFAL	GLYNGTGPLS	rTSVESaKEl
DGYSASWVVP FGARAYFELM			
A. fumigatus 58128	NSMVSIFFAL	GLYNGTEPLS	rTSVESaKEl
DGYSASWVVP FGARAYFELM			
A. fumigatus 26906	NSMVSIFFAL	GLYNGTEPLS	rTSVESaKEl
DGYSASWVVP FGARAYFELM			
A. fumigatus 32239	NGMIPIFFAM	GLYNGTEPLS	qTSeESTKES
NGYSASWAVP FGARAYFELM			
E. nidulans	NSMISIFFAM	GLYNGTQPLS	mDSVESIQEm
DGYAASWTVP FGARAYFELM			•
T. thermophilus	NTMTSIFaAL	GLYNGTAKLS	TTEIKSIEET
DGYSAAWTVP FGGRAYIEMM			

M. thermophila GGYAASWAVP FAARiYVEKM	NDMMGVLgAL	GaYDGVPPLD	KTArrDpEEl
Consensus	NSMISIFFAL	GLYNGTAPLS	TTSVESIEET
DGYAASWTVP FGARAYVEMM Consensus phytase DGYSASWTVP FGARAYVEMM	NSMISIFFAL	GLYNGTAPLS	TTSVESIEET
450	401		
A. terreus 9A-1 VMPLHGCPTD KLGRCKrDAF	QC	RAEKE	PLVRVLVNDR
A. terreus cbs VMPLHGCAVD NLGRCKrDDF	QC	RAEKQ	PLVRVLVNDR
A. niger var. awamori VVPLHGCPID aLGRCTrDSF	QC	QAEQE	PLVRVLVNDR
A. niger T213  VVPLHGCPID aLGRCTrDSF	QC	QAEQE	PLVRVLVNDR
A. niger NRRL3135 VVPLHGCPVD aLGRCTrDSF	QC	QAEQE	PLVRVLVNDR
A. fumigatus 13073 VVPLHGCDVD KLGRCKLNDF	QC	KSEKE	PLVRALINDR
A. fumigatus 32722 VVPLHGCDVD KLGRCKLNDF	QC	KSEKE	PLVRALINDR
A. fumigatus 58128 VVPLHGCDVD KLGRCKLNDF	QC	KSEKE	SLVRALINDR
A. fumigatus 26906 VVPLHGCDVD KLGRCKLNDF	QC	KSEKE	PLVRALINDR
A. fumigatus 32239 VVPLHGCAVD KLGRCKLKDF	QC	KSEKE	PLVRALINDR
E. nidulans VVPLHGCAVD KFGRCTLDDW	QC	E.KKE	PLVRVLVNDR
T. thermophilus VVPLHGCEVD SLGRCKrDDF	QC	DDSDE	PVVRVLVNDR
M. thermophila VMTLkGCGAD ErGMCTLErF	RCsggggggg	ggegrQEKDE	eMVRVLVNDR
Consensus	QC	QAEKE	PLVRVLVNDR
VVPLHGCAVD KLGRCKLDDF Consensus phytase	OC .	OVERE	PLVRVLVNDR
VVPLHGCAVD KLGRCKRDDF	20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
471	1 .		
A. terreus 9A-1	VAGLSFAQAG	GNWADCF~~~	~
A. terreus cbs GNWAECF~~~ ~	VEGLSFARAG		
A. niger var. awamori	VrGLSFARSG	GDWAECsA~~	~
	VrGLSFARSG		•
A. niger NRRL3135 GDWAECFA~~ ~	VrGLSFARSG		
	VKGLSWARSG	GNWGECES~~	<b>~</b> √.
A. fumigatus 32722		GNWGECFS~~	
A. fumigatus 58128		GNWGECF5~~	
A. fumigatus 26906		GNWGECFS~~	
A. fumigatus 32239	VKGLSWARSG		
GNSEQSFS		•	
E. nidulans		GNWkTCFT1-	
T. thermophilus	_	GNWEGCYAas	
M. thermophila		GKWD1CFA~~	
Consensus Consensus phytase		GNWAECFA	
		J. W. W. C. F.	•

Figure	: 14	CP-1	
		ECO RI M G V F V V L L S I A T L F G S T TATATGAATTCATGGGCGTGTTCGTCGTGCTACTGTCCATTGCCACCTTGTTCGGTTCCA	
	1	ATATACTTAAGTACCCGCACAAGCAGCACGATGACAGGTAACGGTGGAACAAGCCAAGGT	60
120	61	S G T A L G P R G N S H S C D T V D G G CATCCGCTACCGCTTGGGTCCTCGTGGTAATTCTCACTCTTGTGACACTGTTGACGGTG	
120		GTAGGCCATGGCGGAACCCAGGAGCACCATTAAGAGTGAGAACACTGTGACAACTGCCAC CP-2 CP-3	
	121	Y Q C F P E I S H L W G Q Y S P Y F S L GTTACCAATGTTTCCCAGAAATTTCTCACTTGTGGGGTCAATACTCTCCATACTTCTCTT	
180		CAATGGTTACAAAGGGTCTTTAAAGAGTGAACACCCCAGTTATGAGAGGTATGAAGAGAA	
240	181	E D E S A I S P D V P D D C R V T F V Q TGGAAGACGAATCTGCTATTTCTCCAGACGTTCCAGACGACTGTAGAGTTACTTTCGTTC	
		ACCTTCTGCTTAGACGATAAAGAGGTCTGCAAGGTCTGCTGACATCTCAATGAAAGCAAG CP-4 CP-5	
200	241	V L S R H G A R Y P T S S K S K A Y S A AAGTTTTGTCTAGACACGGTGCTAGATACCCAACTTCTTCTAAGTCTAAGGCTTACTCTG	
300		TTCAAAACAGATCTGTGCCACGATCTATGGGTTGAAGAAGATTCAGATTCCGAATGAGAC	
260	301	L I E A I Q K N A T A F K G K Y A F L K CTTTGATTGAAGCTATTCAAAAGAACGCTACTGCTTTCAAGGGTAAGTACGCTTTCTTGA	
360		GAAACTAACTTCGATAAGTTTTCTT <b>GCGATGACGAAAGTTCCCATTCATGCGAAAGAAC</b> T  CP-6  CP-7	
420	361	T Y N Y T L G A D D L T P F G E N Q M V AGACTTACAACTACACTTTGGGTGCTGACGACTTGACTCCATTCGGTGAAAACCAAATGG	
420		TCTGAATGTTGATGTGAAACCCACGACTGCTGAACTGAGGTAAGCCACTTTTGGTTTACC	
480	421	N S G I K F Y R R Y K A L A R K I V P F TTAACTCTGGTATTAAGTTCTACAGAAGATACAAGGCTTTGGCTAGAAAGATTGTTCCAT	
		AATTGAGACCATAATTCAAGATGTCTTCTATGTTCCGAAACCGATCTTTCTAACAAGGTA  CP-8  CP-9	
540	481	I R A S G S D R V I A S A E K F I E G F TCATTAGAGCTTCTGGTTCTGACAGAGTTATTGCTTCTGCTGAAAAGTTCATTGAAGGTT	
		AGTAATCTCGAAGACCAAGACTGTCTCAATAACGAAGACGACTTTTCAAGTAACTTCCAA	
		Q S A K L A D P G S Q P H Q A S P V I D	

600	541	
000		AGGTTAGACGATTCAACCGACTGGGTCCAAGAGTTGGTGTGGTTCGAAGAGGTCAATAAC CP-10
		CP-11
	601	V I I P E G S G Y N N T L D H G T C T A ACGITATTATTCCAGAAGGATCCGGTTACAACACACTTTGGACCACGGTACTGTACTG
660		TGCAATAATAAGGTCTTCCLAGgCCAATGTTGTTGTGAAACCTGGTGCCATGAACATGAC
p		F E D S E L G D D V E A N F T A L F
-	661	CTTTCGAAGACTCTGAATTGGGTGACGACGTTGAAGCTAACTTCACTGCTTTGTTCGCTC
720		GAAAGCTTCTGAGACTTAACCCACTGCTGCAACTTCGATTGAAGTGACGAAACAAGCGAG CP-12
		A I R A R L E A D L P G V T L T D E D V CAGCTATTAGAGCTAGATTGGAAGCTGACTTGCCAGGTGTTACTTTGACTGAC
780	721	+
		GTCGATAATCTCGATCTAACCTTCGACTGAACGGTCCACAATGAAACTGACTG
		CP-13 V Y L M D M C P F E T V A R T S D A T E TTGTTTACTTGATGGACATGTGTCCATTCGAAACTGTTGCTAGAACTTCTGACGCTACTG
0.40	781	
840		AACAAATGAACTACCTGTACACAGGTAAGCTTTGACAACGATCTTGAAGACTGCGATGAC
	841	L S P F C A L F T H D E W R Q Y D Y L Q AATTGTCTCCATTCTGTGCTTTGTCACTCACGACGAATGGAGACAATACGACTACTTGC
900	•••	TTAACAGAGGTAAGACACGAAACAAGTGAGTGCTGCTTACCTCTGTTATGCTGATGAACG
		CP-15 S L G K Y Y G Y G A G N P L G P A Q G V AATCTTTGGGTAAGTACTACGGTTACGGTCCTGGTAACCCATTGGGTCCAGCTCAAGGTG
960	901	
, , ,		TTAGAAACCCATTCATGATGCCAATGCCACGACCATTGGGTAACCCAGGTCGAGTTCCAC
		G F A N E L I A R L T R S P V Q D H T S TTGGTTTCGCTAACGAATTGATTGCTAGATTGACTAGATCTCCAGTTCAAGACCACACTT
1020	961	
		AACCAAAGCGATTGCTTAACTAACGATCTAACTGATCTAGAGGTCAAGTTCTGGTGTGAA CP-16 CP-17
	1021	T N H T L D S N P A T F P L N A T L Y A CTACTAACCACACTTTGGACTCTAACCCAGCTACTTTCCCATTGAACGCTACTTTGTACG
1080	1021	GATGATTGGTGTGAAACCTGAGATTGGGTCGATGAAAGGGTAACTTGCGATGAAACATGC
	1001	D F S H D N S M I S I F F A L G L Y N G CTGACTTCTCACGACAACTCTATGATTTCTATTTTCTTCGCTTTGGGTTTGTACAACG
1140		

	GACTO	SAAC	GAGA	GTC	GCT(	GTT(	GAG.		CTA CP-		ATA	AAA	GAA	.GCG	AAA	ccc	AAA	CAT	TTC	3C
									<b>C L</b>		P-1	۵								
1141	T GTACT	rgc1	rccz	ATT(	STC	rac'	rac'	TTC	TGT'	E TGA	S ATC	I TAT:	TGA	AGA	AAC	TGA	CGG		CTC	ľG
1200	CATG												·							•
1201	S	rtgo	CACT	GT?	rcc/	TTA	CGG	TGC	TAG	AGC	TTA	CGT:	<b>TGA</b>	LAA	GAT	GCA	ATG		AGC1	rg
1260	GAAGA											GCA		TTA			•			•
1261	K AAAA(	GA.	ACCA	YTT(	GGT'	rag.	AGT	TTT	GGT	TAA	CGA	CAG	V AGT	TGT	P TCC	ATT	GCA		r <b>T</b> G?	rg
1320	TTTT(																•			
A R																		L	-	_
	CTGT																			
1380	GACA	ACT(	GTT	CAAC	CCC	ATC'	FAC	ATT	CTC'	тст	GCT	GAA	GCA	ACI		<b>AAA</b> P-2		AAA(	GCG/	¥Τ
1201	GATC											Ec. AGA	TTA	CAT			_	٠		
1381	CTAG	ACC	ACC!	\TT(	SAC	CCG	+ ACT	TAC	AAA	GCG.	AAT	TCT			TAT		26			

Figure 15		1				
P. involutus	(phyA1)	SvP.KnTAPt	FPIPeseQrn	WSPYSPYFPL	AeykAPPAGC	
QInQVNIIQR P. involutus EInQVNIIQR	(phyA2)	SvP.RniAPK	FSIPeseQrn	WSPYSPYFPL	AeYkAPPAGC	
T. pubescens QInQVHIIQR		hiPlRdTSAc	LdVTrDvQqs	WSmYSPYFPa	AtyvAPPASC	
A. pediades KItOVNIIOR		GgvvQaTfvQ	pfFPpQiQds	WAAYTPYYPV	qaYtPPPkDC	
2. lycii tVtQVNLIQR		StQfsfvAAQ	LPIPaQntsn	WGPYdPFFPV	EpYaAPPEGC	
Basidio QVNIIQR	· .	S-P-R-TAAQ	LPIP-Q-Q	WSPYSPYFPV	A-Y-APPAGC	QI-
		51				•
100 P. involutus	(phvAl)	HGARFPTSGA	TTRIKAGLTK	LOGvanfTDA	KFNFIkSfkY	
dLGnsDLVPF P. involutus	-			•		
dLGtsDLVPF T. pubescens	(p.i.y.i.z.)		AKRIOTAVAK			
sLGqDsLVeL A. pediades			GTRIQAAVKK	-		
tLGhDDLVPF			~		-	
P. lycii kFGvADLLPF		EGARWPTSGA	rSRqvAAVAK	TOWARDITOP	Kierundivi	
Basidio DDLVPF		HGARFPTSGA	ATRIQAAVAK	LQSATDP	KLDFL-N-TY	-LG-
	·	HGARFPTSGA	ATRIQAAVAK	LQSATDP	KLDFL-N-TY	-LG-
DDLVPF	(nhuā))	101				-LG-
DDLVPF  150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA		101 GAaQSfDAGQ	EAFARYSkLV	SkNNLPFIRA	dGSDRVVDSA	-LG-
150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA		101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV	SkNNLPFIRA SsDNLPFIRS	dgsdrvvdsa dgsdrvvdta	-LG-
150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA T. pubescens nNWTAGFAIA		101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1 GAtQSSEAGQ	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV EAFTRYSSLV	SkNNLPFIRA SsDNLPFIRS SaDELPFVRA	dGSDRVVDSA dGSDRVVDTA SGSDRVVATA	-LG-
150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA T. pubescens nNWTAGFAIA A. pediades TNWTEGFSAA		101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1 GAtQSSEAGQ GA1QSSQAGE	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV EAFTRYSSLV ETFQRYSFLV	SKNNLPFIRA SSDNLPFIRS SADELPFVRA SKENLPFVRA	dGSDRVVDSA dGSDRVVDTA SGSDRVVATA SSSNRVVDSA	-LG-
150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA T. pubescens nNWTAGFAIA A. pediades		101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1 GAtQSSEAGQ GA1QSSQAGE	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV EAFTRYSSLV	SKNNLPFIRA SSDNLPFIRS SADELPFVRA SKENLPFVRA	dGSDRVVDSA dGSDRVVDTA SGSDRVVATA SSSNRVVDSA	-LG-
150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA T. pubescens nNWTAGFAIA A. pediades TNWTEGFSAA P. lycii TNWTAGFGdA Basidio		101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1 GAtQSSEAGQ GA1QSSQAGE GAnQShQTGt	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV EAFTRYSSLV ETFQRYSFLV DmyTRYStLf	SkNNLPFIRA SsDNLPFIRS SaDELPFVRA SkENLPFVRA egGDVPFVRA	dGSDRVVDSA dGSDRVVDTA SGSDRVVATA SSSNRVVDSA	
DDLVPF  150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA T. pubescens nNWTAGFAIA A. pediades TNWTEGFSAA P. lycii TNWTAGFGdA		101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1 GAtQSSEAGQ GA1QSSQAGE GAnQShQTGt	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV EAFTRYSSLV ETFQRYSFLV DmyTRYStLf	SkNNLPFIRA SsDNLPFIRS SaDELPFVRA SkENLPFVRA egGDVPFVRA	dGSDRVVDSA dGSDRVVDTA SGSDRVVATA SSSNRVVDSA AGdQRVVDSS	
DDLVPF  150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA T. pubescens nNWTAGFAIA A. pediades TNWTEGFSAA P. lycii TNWTAGFGdA  Basidio TNWTAGFA-A		101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1 GAtQSSEAGQ GA1QSSQAGE GAnQShQTGt	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV EAFTRYSSLV ETFQRYSFLV DmyTRYStLf	SkNNLPFIRA SsDNLPFIRS SaDELPFVRA SkENLPFVRA egGDVPFVRA	dGSDRVVDSA dGSDRVVDTA SGSDRVVATA SSSNRVVDSA AGdQRVVDSS	
150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA T. pubescens nNWTAGFAIA A. pediades TNWTEGFSAA P. lycii TNWTAGFGdA  Basidio TNWTAGFA-A	(phyA2)	101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1 GAtQSSEAGQ GA1QSSQAGE GAnQShQTGt GA-QSSQAGQ	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV EAFTRYSSLV ETFQRYSFLV DMYTRYSTLF	Sknnlpfira SsDnlpfirs SaDelpfvra Skenlpfvra eggdvpfvra S-Dnlpfvra	dGSDRVVDSA dGSDRVVDTA SGSDRVVATA SSSNRVVDSA AGdQRVVDSS SGSDRVVDSA	
150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA T. pubescens nNWTAGFAIA A. pediades TNWTEGFSAA P. lycii TNWTAGFGdA  Basidio TNWTAGFA-A  200 P. involutus AVafPSITAR P. involutus	(phyA2)	101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1 GAtQSSEAGQ GA1QSSQAGE GAnQShQTGt GA-QSSQAGQ 151 ShNTvqPkLn SrNAiqPkLd	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV EAFTRYSSLV ETFQRYSFLV DMYTRYSTLF EAFTRYS-LV	Sknnlpfira Ssdnlpfirs Sadelpfvra Skenlpfvra eggdvpfvra S-Dnlpfvra	dgsdrvvdsa dgsdrvvdta sgsdrvvdsa sgsdrvvdsa agdqrvvdsa bsdrvvdsa	
150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA T. pubescens nNWTAGFAIA A. pediades TNWTEGFSAA P. lycii TNWTAGFGdA  Basidio TNWTAGFA-A  200 P. involutus AVafPSITAR P. involutus ASafPSVTAQ T. pubescens	(phyA2)	101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1 GAtQSSEAGQ GA1QSSQAGE GAnQShQTGt GA-QSSQAGQ 151 ShNTvqPkLn SrNAiqPkLd	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV EAFTRYSSLV ETFQRYSFLV DMYTRYSTLF EAFTRYS-LV LILPQTGNDT LILPQTGNDT	Sknnlpfira Ssdnlpfirs Sadelpfvra Skenlpfvra eggdvpfvra S-Dnlpfvra LEDnmCpaag	dgsdrvvdsa dgsdrvvdta sgsdrvvdsa sgsdrvvdsa agdqrvvdsa bsdrvvdsa	
150 P. involutus TNWTAGFASA P. involutus TNWTAGFASA T. pubescens nNWTAGFAIA A. pediades TNWTEGFSAA P. lycii TNWTAGFGdA  Basidio TNWTAGFA-A  200 P. involutus AVafPSITAR P. involutus ASafPSVTAQ	(phyA2)	101 GAaQSfDAGQ GAaQSfDAG1 GAtQSSEAGQ GA1QSSQAGE GAnQShQTGt GA-QSSQAGQ 151 ShNTvqPkLn SrNAiqPkLd SSNSitPvLs	EAFARYSKLV EVFARYSKLV EAFTRYSSLV ETFQRYSFLV DMYTRYSTLF EAFTRYS-LV LILPQTGNDT LILPQTGNDT VIISEAGNDT	Sknnlpfira Ssdnlpfirs Sadelpfvra Skenlpfvra eggdvpfvra S-Dnlpfvra Lednmcpaag Lednmcpaag	dGSDRVVDSA dGSDRVVDTA SGSDRVVDSA AGGQRVVDSS SGSDRVVDSA DSDPQvNaWL ESDPQvDaWL	

P. lycii GVFAPnITAR		SgETvlPtLq	VVLqEeGNcT	LcNnMCPnEv	DGDest.tWL	
Basidio AVFAPPITAR		S-NTP-L-	VILSE-GNDT	LDDNMCP-AG	DSDPQ-N-WL	
250		201				
P. involutus giPGsFeAFa	(phyAl)	LNAAAPSvNL	TDtDAfNLvs	LCAF1TVSkE	kkSdFCtLFE	
P. involutus	(phyA2)	LNAAAPGANL	TDaDAfNLvs	LCPFmTVSkE	qkSdFCtLFE	
giPGsFeAFa T. pubescens		LNAGAPGANL	TDtDTyNLlt	LCPFETVAtE	rrSeFCDIYE	
elQAE.dAFa A. pediades		LNqqAPGANI	TAaDvsNLip	LCAFETIVKE	tpSpFCNLF.	
.tPEEFaqFe P. lycii .tAEEYvSYe		LNAAAPSANL	SDsDAltLmd	MCPFDTLSsG	naSpFCDLF.	
Basidio AF-		LNAAAPGANL	TD-DA-NL	LCPFETVS-E	S-FCDLFE	PEEF-
300		251				
P. involutus	(phyA1)	YgGDLDKFYG	TGYGQeLGPV	QGVGYVNELI	ARLTnsAVRD	
NTQTNRTLDA P. involutus	(phyA2)	YaGDLDKFYG	TGYGQALGPV	QGVGYINELL	ARLTnsAVnD	
NTQTNRTLDA T. pubescens		YnADLDKFYG	TGYGQPLGPV	QGVGYINELI	ARLTaQnVsD	
HTQTNsTLDS A. pediades		YfGDLDKFYG	TGYGQPLGPV	QGVGYINELL	ARLTemPVRD	
NTQTNRTLDS P. lycii ETQTNRTLDS		YyyDLDKYYG	TGpGNALGPV	QGVGYVNELL	ARLTgQAVRD	
Basidio NTQTNRTLDS		Y-GDLDKFYG	TGYGQPLGPV	QGVGYINELL	ARLT-QAVRD	
350		301				
P. involutus vPNPwRTWrT						
P. involutus tPDPNRTWLT	(phyA2)	APdTFPLNKT	MYADFSHDN1	MVAVFSAMGL	FrQSAPLsTS	
T. pubescens tPDPaRTFLv		SPeTFPLNRT	LYADFSHDNQ	MVAIFSAMGL	FNQSAPLDPT	
A. pediades fPNPKRTWVT		SPITFPLDRS	IYADLSHDNQ	MIAIFSAMGL	FNQSSPLDPS	
P. lycii kPDeNRlWVd		dPatfPLNRT	FYADFSHDNt	MVPIFAALGL	FNaTA.LDP1	
Basidio PDPNRTWVT		SP-TFPLNRT	FYADFSHDNQ	MVAIFSAMGL	FNQSAPLDPS	-
		351				
400 P. involutus	(phvA1)		VVERLSC f	GT.	ታሁኒ፣	•
RVLVQDqVQP		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		J		

RVLVQDqVQP	SSVVPI SARM	averusta	GI		
	kKIVPFSARM	VVERLdCg	GA	gsV	
RLLVNDAVQP A. pediades RILVNDALQP	SRLtpfsarm	VtERL1Cqrd	GTgsggpsri	mrngnvqtfV	
P. lycii RVLVNDAVQP	SKLVPFSGHM	tVEKLaC		sgkeaV	
Basidio RVLVNDAVQP	SKLVPFSARM	VVERL-C	GT	v	
	401		•		
	401			44	
P. involutus (phyλ1)					
P. involutus (phyA2)					
T. pubescens	LAFCGADtsG	vCTLDAFVES	Qayarndgeg	DFEKCFAT~~	~
A. pediades	LKFCGGDmDS	1CTLEAFVES	QkYAREDGQG	DFEKCFD~~~	~
P. lycii	LEFCGG. vDG	vCeLsAFVES	QtYARENGQG	DFAKCgfvPs	е
Basidio	LEFCGGD-DG	-CTLDAFVES	Q-YAREDGQG	DFEKCFATP-	_

#### Figure 16

ESYNYTLGAD

and the second second

		1			
50					
A. terreus 9				kWGlyAPYFS	_
A. terreus c'	bs	NhsdCtSVDr	GYQCfPELSH	kWGlyapyfS	LqDESPFP1D
A. niger var VPaGCRVTFa	. awamori	NqsTCDTVDq	GYQCfSEtSH	LWGQYAPFFS	LANESAISPD
A. niger NRR	L3135	NgsSCDTVDq	GYQCfSEtSH	LWGQYAPFFS	LANESVISPE
A. fumigatus	13073	GSkSCDTVDl	GYQCsPAtSH	LWGQYSPFFS	LEDE1SVSSK
A. fumigatus	32722	GSkSCDTVDl	GYQCsPAtSH	LWGQYSPFFS	LEDEISVSSK
A. fumigatus	58128	GSkSCDTVD1	GYQCsPAtSH	LWGQYSPFFS	LEDE1SVSSK
A. fumigatus LPkDCRITLV	26906	GSkSCDTVD1	GYQCsPAtSH	LWGQYSPFFS	LEDELSVSSK
A. fumigatus LPkDCRVTFV	32239	GSkACDTVEl	GYQCsPGtSH	LWGQYSPFFS	LEDE1SVSSD
E. nidulans VPhGCeVTFV		QNHSCNTaDG	GYQCf PNVSH	VWGQYSPYFS	IEQESAISeD
T. thermophi VPqNCKITFV	lus	DSHSCNTVEG	GYQCrPEISH	sWGQYSPFFS	LADQSEISPD
T. lanuginos.  VPkGCRVeFV	a	~~~~~~~~	~~~nvDIAR	hWGQYSPFFS	LAEvSEISPA
M. thermophi	la	ESRPCDTpD1	GFQCgTAISH	FWGQYSPYFS	VPsElDaS
Basidio		xSxPxrxtAA	qLPipxQxqx	xWSPYSPYFP	VAxyxA
Basidio pPaGCQIxqV					
pPaGCQIxqV				4	
	onsensus	NSHSCDTVDG	GYQC-PEISH	LWGQYSPFFS	LADESAISPD VP-
C	onsensus Fcp10			LWGQYSPFFS LWGQYSPFFS	
COGCRVTFV					
COGCRVTFV					
COGCRVTFV VPKGCRVTFV	Fcp10	NSHSCDTVDG	GYQCFPEISH	LWCQYSPFFS	LADESAISPD
COGCRVTFV  VPKGCRVTFV  100  A. terreus 96 QSYNYSLDSE	Fcp10	NSHSCDTVDG 51 QVLARHGARS	GYQCFPEISH PThSKTKaYA	LWCQYSPFFS AtlaAIQKSA	LADESAISPD TaFpGKYAFL
GCRVTFV  VPKGCRVTFV  100  A. terreus 96	Fcp10	NSHSCDTVDG 51 QVLARHGARS	GYQCFPEISH PThSKTKaYA	LWCQYSPFFS	LADESAISPD TaFpGKYAFL
COGCRVTFV  VPKGCRVTFV  100  A. terreus 90 QSYNYSLDSE A. terreus cl	Fcp10	NSHSCDTVDG 51 QVLARHGARS QVLARHGARS	GYQCFPEISH PThSKTKaYA	LWCQYSPFFS AtlaAlQKSA AtlaAlQKNA	LADESAISPD  TafpGKYAFL  TaLpGKYAFL
COGCRVTFV  VPKGCRVTFV  100  A. terreus 90 QSYNYSLDSE A. terreus cl KSYNYSMGSE A. niger var	Fcp10 al os . awamori	NSHSCDTVDG 51 QVLARHGARS QVLARHGARS QVLSRHGARY	GYQCFPEISH  PThSKTKaYA  PTdSKTKaYA  PTeSKGKKYS	LWCQYSPFFS AtlaAlQKSA AtlaAlQKNA	LADESAISPD  TaFpGKYAFL  TaLpGKYAFL  TtFDGKYAFL
COGCRVTFV  VPKGCRVTFV  100  A. terreus 90 QSYNYSLDSE A. terreus cl KSYNYSMGSE A. niger var KTYNYSLGAD A. niger NRRI	Fcp10 al os . awamori	NSHSCDTVDG 51 QVLARHGARS QVLARHGARS QVLSRHGARY QVLSRHGARY	CYQCFPEISH  PThSKTKaYA  PTdSKTKaYA  PTeSKGKKYS  PTdSKGKKYS	LWCQYSPFFS AtlaAlQKSA AtlaAlQKNA ALleElQQNv	LADESAISPD  TaFpGKYAFL  TaLpGKYAFL  TtFDGKYAFL
GCRVTFV  VPKGCRVTFV  100  A. terreus 90 QSYNYSLDSE A. terreus cl KSYNYSMGSE A. niger var KTYNYSLGAD A. niger NRRI KTYNYSLGAD A. fumigatus	Fcp10 a1 os . awamori L3135	NSHSCDTVDG  51  QVLARHGARS  QVLARHGARS  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY	CYQCFPEISH  PThSKTKAYA  PTdSKTKAYA  PTeSKGKKYS  PTdSKGKKYS  PTSSKSKKYk	LWCQYSPFFS AtlaAlQKSA AtlaAlQKNA ALleElQQNV ALleElQQNA	LADESAISPD  TaFpGKYAFL  TaLpGKYAFL  TtFDGKYAFL  TtFDGKYAFL  TdFKGKFAFL
GCRVTFV  VPKGCRVTFV  100  A. terreus 90 QSYNYSLDSE A. terreus cl KSYNYSMGSE A. niger var KTYNYSLGAD A. niger NRRI KTYNYSLGAD A. fumigatus KTYNYTLGAD A. fumigatus	Fcp10 a1 a1 a2 awamori b3135 13073 32722	NSHSCDTVDG  51  QVLARHGARS  QVLARHGARY  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY	PTHSKTKAYA  PTGSKTKAYA  PTGSKGKKYS  PTGSKGKKYS  PTGSKGKKYS	LWCQYSPFFS AtlaAlQKSA AtlaAlQKNA ALleElQQNv ALleElQQNA kLVtAlQANA	TaFpGKYAFL TaLpGKYAFL TtFDGKYAFL TtFDGKYAFL TdFKGKFAFL
GCRVTFV  VPKGCRVTFV  100  A. terreus 90 QSYNYSLDSE A. terreus cl KSYNYSMGSE A. niger var KTYNYSLGAD A. niger NRRI KTYNYSLGAD A. fumigatus KTYNYTLGAD A. fumigatus KTYNYTLGAD A. fumigatus KTYNYTLGAD A. fumigatus	Fcp10 a1 os . awamori L3135 13073 32722 58128	NSHSCDTVDG  51  QVLARHGARS  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY	PThSKTKAYA  PTdSKTKAYA  PTdSKGKKYS  PTdSKGKKYS  PTSSKSKKYk  PTSSKSKKYk	LWCQYSPFFS AtlaAlQKSA AtlaAlQKNA ALleElQQNV ALleElQQNA kLVtAlQANA kLVtAlQANA	TaFpGKYAFL TaLpGKYAFL TtFDGKYAFL TtFDGKYAFL TdFKGKFAFL TdFKGKFAFL
GCRVTFV  VPKGCRVTFV  100  A. terreus 96 QSYNYSLDSE A. terreus cl KSYNYSMGSE A. niger var KTYNYSLGAD A. niger NRRI KTYNYSLGAD A. fumigatus KTYNYTLGAD A. fumigatus	Fcp10 a1 a1 a2 a2 a2 a3	NSHSCDTVDG  51  QVLARHGARS  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY  QVLSRHGARY	PThSKTKAYA  PTdSKTKAYA  PTdSKGKKYS  PTdSKGKKYS  PTSSKSKKYk  PTSSKSKKYk  PTSSKSKKYk	LWCQYSPFFS AtlaAlQKSA AtlaAlQKNA ALIeEIQQNV ALIeEIQQNA kLVtAlQANA kLVtAlQANA kLVtAlQANA	Tafpgkyafl Tafpgkyafl Talpgkyafl Ttfpgkyafl Ttfpgkyafl Tdfkgkfafl Tdfkgkfafl Tdfkgkfafl

T. thermophilus	QLLSRHGARY	PTSSKTElyS	qLIsrIQKtA	TaykGyyafl
KdYrYqLGAN				
T. lanuginosa	QVLSRHGARY	PTAhksevya	ELLqrIQDtA	TefkGDFAFL
RdYaYhLGAD				
M. thermophila	QVLSRHGARa	PTlkRAasYv	DLIdrIHhGA	isYgPgYEFL
RTYDYTLGAD				
Basidio	NIIqRHGARF	PTSGaAtRiq	AaVakLQsax	XXtDPKLDFL
xnxtYxLGxD				
Consensus	QVLSRHGARY	PTSSKSKKYS	ALI-AIQKNA	T-FKGKYAFL
KTYNYTLGAD				
Fcp10	QVLSRHGARY	PTSSKSKKYS	ALIEAIQKNA	TAFKGKYAFL
KTYNYTLGAD				

•	101	•		
150				•
A. terreus 9al	ELTPFGrNQL	rDlGaQFYeR	YNAL.TRhIn	PFVRATDAsR
VhESAEKFVE				
A. terreus cbs	NLTPFGrNQL	qDlGaQFYRR	YDTL.TRhIn	PFVRAADSsR
VhESAEKFVE				•
A. niger var. awa	mori DLTPFGEQEL	VNSGIKFYQR	YESL.TRnII	PFIRSSGSsR
VIASGEKFIE				
A. niger NRRL3135	DLTPFGEQEL	VNSGIKFYQR	YESL.TRnIV	PFIRSSGSsR
VIASGKKFIE				
A. fumigatus 1307	3 DLTPFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKAL.ARsVV	PFIRASGSDR
VIASGEKFIE				
A. fumigatus 3272	2 DLTPFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKAL.ARsVV	PFIRASGSDR
VIASGEKFIE				
A. fumigatus 5812	8 DLTPFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKAL.ARsVV	PFIRASGSDR
VIASGEKFIE				
A. fumigatus 2690	6 DLTAFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKAL.ARsVV	PFIRASGSDR
VIASGEKFIE				
A. fumigatus 3223	9 DLTPFGEQQM	VNSGIKFYQK	YKAL.AgsVV	PFIRSSGSDR
VIASGEKFIE				
E. nidulans	DLT1FGENQM	VDSGaKFYRR	YKnL.ARknt	PFIRASGSDR
VVASAEKFIN				
T. thermophilus	DLTPFGENQM	IQIGIKFYNH	YKSL.ARnaV	PFVRCSGSDR
VIASGrlFIE				
T. lanuginosa	NLTREGEEQM	MESGTQFYHR	YREq.AReIV	PFVRAAGSAR
VIASAEfFnr	71			DDT DD 0 DD
M. thermophila	ELTREGQQQM	VNSGIKFYRR	YRAL.ARksI	PFVKTAGQDK
VVhSAENFtQ	DIDDO30-	-010-7-747	V7C41	DEMINA COCRD
Basidio	DLVPFGAXQS	SQAGGEAFER	YsxLvSxdnL	PFVRASGSDR
VVDSAtNWtA			*	
0	DI MDDODOOM	INICOTYEVED	WEST AD TH	DEMBY CCCDD
	sus DLTPFGEQQM	ANSCIKLIKK	IVWT-WK-TA	PFVKASGSDK
VIASAEKFIE	p10 DLTPFGEQQM	INICCTVEVED	VENT ABETU	DEVDACCEDD
VIASAEKFIE	bio prisseeddw	VNSGIREIRA	INALL.ARKIV	FE VINASGSDR
VIASAERFIE		•		
	151			
200	131	• ,		
A. terreus 9al	· CEOTAB~DD	hannhODCD~	VDVaIPEGsA	VNNTLEHSLC
TAFEsSt	Qt Q twydonu	. Indibideset	APAGIFEGSW	
A. terreus cbs	GEONARACDE	hannhODCD~	VDVVIPEGLA	VNNTLEHSTC
TAFEaSt	GE ÖNWYĞODE	IMIDITALSET	ADAATEDGEN	
INI Wa OL				

A. niger var. awamori TvFEdSE	GFQSTKLkDP	rAqpgQSSPk	IDVVISEASS	sNNTLDpGtC
A. niger NRRL3135 TvFEdSE	GFQSTKLkDP	rAqpgQSSPk	IDVVISEAsS	sNNTLDpGtC
A. fumigatus 13073 TkFEaSQ	GFQqAKLADP	gAt.nRAAPa	ISVIIPESeT	FNNTLDHGVC
A. fumigatus 32722 TkFEaSO	GFQqAKLADP	gAt.nRAAPa	ISVIIPESeT	FNNTLDHGVC
A. fumigatus 58128	GFQQAKLADP	gAt.nRAAPa	ISVIIPESeT	FNNTLDHGVC
TkFEaSQ A. fumigatus 26906	GFQqAKLADP	gAt.nRAAPa	ISVIIPESeT	FNNTLDHGVC
TkFEaSQ A. fumigatus 32239	GFQqANVADP	gAt.nRAAPV	ISVIIPESeT	YNNTLDHSVC
TnFEaSE E. nidulans	GFRkAQLhDh	g.s.gQATPV	VNVIIPEidG	FNNTLDHStC
<pre>vSFEndE     T. thermophilus</pre>	GFQSAKVldp	hSdkhDAPPt	INVIIeEGpS	YNNTLDtGsC
PvFEdSs T. lanuginosa		rSnkdQAePV		
PAaEeAp  M. thermophila		gStvrPTlPy		-
TAFEegPySt Basidio		sxntxxPx		
PxAG	or uzur	SAIICAAFA	DAVIDSERY.	. NO I DODINAC
Consensus	GFQSAKLADP	-AQASPV	INVIIPEG-G	YNNTLDHGLC
Fcp10	GFQSAKLADP	Ganphqaspv	INVIIPEGAG	YNNTLDHGLC
IREESE				
250	201		•	
250 A. terreus 9a1		AVFAPAIagR	LEAdLPGVQL	StDDVVNLMA
A. terreus 9a1 MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs	VGDDavANFT	AVFAPAIagR AVFAPAIakR	_	
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT	AVFAPAIakR	LEAdLPGVQL	SADDVVNLMA
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT	AVFAPAIakR	LEAdLPGVQL LEndLSGVtL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD
A. terreus 9a1 MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT	AVFAPAIakR AtFAPSIRqR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVtL LENDLSGVtL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32722	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT LGDEVAANFT	AVFAPAIAKR AtFAPSIRQR AtFvPSIRQR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVTL LENDLSGVTL aEkhlPGVTL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD TDEDVVSLMD
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32722 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 58128	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT LGDEVAANFT	AVFAPAIAKR AtFAPSIRQR AtFVPSIRQR ALFAPdIRAR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVTL LENDLSGVTL aEkhLPGVTL aEkhLPGVTL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073 MCSFDTVArT A. fumigatus 32722 MCSFDTVArT	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT	AVFAPAIAKR ALFAPSIRQR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVTL LENDLSGVTL aEkhLPGVTL aEkhLPGVTL aEkhLPGVTL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073 MCSFDTVArT A. fumigatus 32722 MCSFDTVArT A. fumigatus 58128 MCSFDTVArT A. fumigatus 26906 MCSFDTVArT A. fumigatus 26906 MCSFDTVArT	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT	AVFAPAIAKR ALFAPSIRQR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVTL LENDLSGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AKKHLPGVTL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073 MCSFDTVArT A. fumigatus 32722 MCSFDTVArT A. fumigatus 58128 MCSFDTVArT A. fumigatus 26906 MCSFDTVArT A. fumigatus 32239 MCSFDTVArT A. fumigatus 32239 MCSFDTVART	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT	AVFAPAIAKR ALFAPSIRQR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVTL LENDLSGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL LEKHLPGVTL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32722 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 58128 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 26906 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32239 MCSFDTVATT E. nidulans MCSFDTMATT	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT	AVFAPAIAKR ALFAPSIRQR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVTL LENDLSGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AKKHLPGVTL IEKHLPGVQL LENDLPGIKL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32722 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 58128 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 26906 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32239 MCSFDTVATT E. nidulans MCSFDTMATT T. thermophilus LCPFETLATN	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT TADEIEANFT GGHDAQEKFA	AVFAPAIAKR ALFAPSIRQR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPAIRAR ALFAPAIRAR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVTL LENDLSGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AKKHLPGVTL IEKHLPGVQL LENDLPGIKL IKDHLPGVDL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD AVSDVPYLMD
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32722 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 58128 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 26906 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32239 MCSFDTVATT E. nidulans MCSFDTVATT I thermophilus LCPFETLATN T. lanuginosa LCPFDTVGSd	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT TGDEVEANFT TADEIEANFT GGHDaQEKFA DptqpAEF1	AVFAPAIAKR ALFAPSIRQR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPAIRAR ALFAPAIRAR ALFAPAIRAR AUFAPAIRAR AUFAPAIRAR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVTL LENDLSGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AKKHLPGVTL IEKHLPGVQL LENDLPGIKL IKDHLPGVDL ItKHMPGVNL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TDEDVVSLMD TNENVIYLMD AvsDVpyLMD T1EDVp1FMD
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32722 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 58128 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 26906 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32239 MCSFDTVATT E. nidulans MCSFDTVATT I. thermophilus LCPFETLATN T. lanuginosa LCPFDTVGSd M. thermophila	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVEANFT TADEIEANFT GGHDaQEKFA . DptqpAEF1 IGDDaQDty1	AVFAPAIAKR ALFAPSIRQR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPAIRAR ALFAPAIRAR AIMGPPIRKR kQFAPAILEK QVFGPRVIKK STFAGPITAR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVTL LENDLSGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL LEKHLPGVTL IEKHLPGVQL LENDLPGIKL IKDHLPGVDL ItKHMPGVNL VNANLPGANL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD TDEDVVSLMD TNENVIYLMD AVSDVPYLMD T1EDVp1FMD TDADtVALMD
A. terreus 9al MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori MCSFDTIStS A. niger NRRL3135 MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus 13073 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32722 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 58128 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 26906 MCSFDTVATT A. fumigatus 32239 MCSFDTVATT E. nidulans MCSFDTVATT I. thermophilus LCPFETLATN T. lanuginosa LCPFDTVGSd M. thermophila	VGDDavANFT VGDAaADNFT LADtVEANFT LADtVEANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVAANFT LGDEVEANFT TADEIEANFT GGHDaQEKFA . DptqpAEF1 IGDDaQDty1	AVFAPAIAKR ALFAPSIRQR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPDIRAR ALFAPAIRAR ALFAPAIRAR ALFAPAIRAR AUFAPAIRAR AUFAPAIRAR	LEADLPGVQL LENDLSGVTL LENDLSGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL AEKHLPGVTL LEKHLPGVTL IEKHLPGVQL LENDLPGIKL IKDHLPGVDL ItKHMPGVNL VNANLPGANL	SADDVVNLMA TDtEVtyLMD TDtEVtyLMD TDEDVVSLMD TNENVIYLMD AVSDVPYLMD T1EDVp1FMD TDADtVALMD

Consensus	LGDDVEANFT	AVFAPPIRAR	LEA-LPGVNL	TDEDVVNLMD
MCPFDTVA-T Fcp10	LGDDVEANFT	AVFAPPIRAR	LEAHLPGVNL	TDEDVVNLMD
MCPFDTVART				
300	251			
A. terreus 9al	dDAht	LSPF	CDLFTatE	WtQYNYLlsL
dKYYGYGGGN A. terreus cbs dKYYGYGGGN	dDAht	LSPF	CDLFTaaE	WtQYNYLlSL
A. niger var. awamori	Tv.,DTK	LSPF	CDLFTHdE	WihydylQSL
kKYYGHGAGN A. niger NRRL3135	TvDTK	LSPF	CDLFTHdE	WinydylQsl
kKYYGHGAGN A. fumigatus 13073	SDASQ	LSPF	CQLFTHnE	WkkynylQSL
gKYYGYGAGN A. fumigatus 32722	SDASQ	LSPF	CQLFTHnE	Wkkynylosl
gKYYGYGAGN A. fumigatus 58128	SDASQ	LSPF	CQLFTHnE	Wkkynylqsl
gKYYGYGAGN A. fumigatus 26906	SDASQ	LSPF	CQLFTHnE	WkkynylQsl
gKYYGYGAGN A. fumigatus 32239	ADASE	LSPF	CAIFTHnE	WkkydylQSL
gKYYGYGAGN E. nidulans			CAIFTEkE	
skyygygags	ht DT	LSPF	CALSTOeE	WgaYDYYOSI.
gKYYGnGGGN T. lanuginosa			CHLFTadD	-
dkyyshgggs				
M. thermophila gKWYGYGPGN			CrLFSEsE	
Basidio dKFYGtGyGQ	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	xexxSxF	CDLFexxpeE	FxaFxYxgdL
Consensus	SDATQ	LSPF	CDLFTHE	W-QYDYLQSL -
KYYGYGAGN Fcp10	SDATQ	LSPF	CDLFTHDE	WIQYDYLQSL
GKYYGYGAGN				
350	301	. •		
	PLGPvQGVGW	aNELMARLTR	A. PVHDHTCv	NNTLDASPAT
FPLNATLYAD A. terreus cbs	PLGPvQGVGW	aNELIARLTR	S.PVHDHTCv	NNTLDANPAT
FPLNATLYAD A. niger var. awamori	PLGPTQGVGY	aNELIARLTH	S.PVHDDTSS	NHTLDSNPAT
FPLNSTLYAD A. niger NRRL3135	PLGPTQGVGY	aNELIARLTH	S.PVHDDTSS	NHTLDSSPAT
FPLNSTLYAD  A. fumigatus 13073	PLGPAQGIGF	tNELIARLTR	S.PVQDHTST	NsTLvSNPAT
FPLNATMYVD A. fumigatus 32722	PLGPAQGIGF	tNELIARLTR	S.PVQDHTST	NsTLvSNPAT
FPLNATMYVD A. fumigatus 58128	•	4		NSTLVSNPAT
FPLNATMYvD A. fumigatus 26906	• • •			
FPLNATMYVD  A. fumigatus 32239				
FPLNATIYVD	PERMYGIGE	CNELIAKLIN	3.EVQUMIST	NSTLDSDPAT

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£. nidulan FPLDrkLYAD	s	PLGPAQGIGF	tNELIARLTQ	S. PVQDNTST	NHTLDSNPAT
T. thermop	hilus	PLGPAQGVGF	VNELIARMTH	S.PVQDYTTv	NHTLDSNPAT
T. lanugin	osa	AFGPSRGVGF	vNELIARMTg	N1PVKDHTTv	NHTLDdNPET
M. thermop	hila	PLGPTQGVGF	vnellarla.	GvPVRDgTST	NRTLDGDPrT
FPLGrPLYAD Basidio FPLNrTFYAD		PLGPvQGVGY	inellarltx	qa.VRDNTqT	NRTLDSSPXT
FPLNATLYAD	Consensus	PLGPAQGVGF	-NELIARLTH	S-PVQDHTST	NHTLDSNPAT
	Fcp10	PLGPAQGVGF	VNELIARLTH	S.PVQDHTST	NHTLDSNPAT
FPLNATLYAD					
400		351			٠
A. terreus AAWTVPFAAR	9a1	FSHDSnLVSI	FWALGLYNGT	aPLSqTSVE.	.SvsQTDGYA
A. terreus AAWTVPFAAR	cbs	FSHDSnLVSI	FWALGLYNGT	kPLSqTTVE.	.ditrTDGYA
A. niger v	ar. awamori	FSHDNGIISI	LFALGLYNGT	kplstttve.	.NitQTDGFS
A. niger N. SAWTVPFASR	RRL3135	FSHDNGIISI	LFALGLYNGT	kPLSTTTVE.	.NitQTDGFS
A. fumigat ASWvVPFGAR	us 13073	FSHDNSMVSI	FFALGLYNGT	ePLSrTSVE.	.SaKElDGYS
A. fumigat ASWvVPFGAR	us 32722	FSHDNSMVSI	FFALGLYNGT	gPLSrTSVE.	.SaKElDGYS
A. fumigat ASWvVPFGAR	us 58128	FSHDNSMVSI	FFALGLYNGT	ePLSrTSVE.	.SakelDGYS
A. fumigat ASWvVPFGAR	us 26906	FSHDNSMVSI	FFALGLYNGT	ePLSrTSVE.	.SaKElDGYS
A. fumigat ASWAVPFGAR	us 32239	FSHDNGMIPI	FFAMGLYNGT	ePLSqTSeE.	.StKESNGYS
E. nidulan. ASWTVPFGAR	s	FSHDNSMISI	FFAMGLYNGT	qPLSmdSVE.	.SiQEmDGYA
T. thermop.  AAWTVPFGGR	hilus	FSHDNTMtSI	Faalglyngt	akLSTTeIK.	.SiEETDGYS
T. lanugine ASWTVPFAAR	osa	FSHDNTMtGI	FsAMGLYNGT	kPLSTSkIQP	pTgAAADGYA
M. thermop.	hila	FSHDNdMMGV	LgALGaYDGv	pPLdkTAR	rdpEElGGYA
ASWAVPFAAR Basidio		FSHDNqMVAI	FsAMGLFNqS	aPLdPSxpDP	nrtWv
TSklVPFSAR					
ASWTVPFAAR	Consensus	FSHDNTMVSI	FFALGLYNGT	-PLSTTSVEP	-S-EETDGYA
ASWTVPFAAR	Fcp10	FSHDNTMVSI	FFALGLYNGT	KPLSTTSVE.	.SIEETDGYA
		401			
450 A. terreus	9a1	AVVEMMOC	ra	EVEDI	VIDUI VAIDDIM
PLHGCPtDKL					
PLHGCAVDNL	cbs				
PLHGCPIDaL	ar. awamori				
A. niger NI PLHGCPVDaL	RRL3135	1YVEMMQC	Qa	EQEPL	VRVLVNDRVV

A. fumigatus 13073	AYfEtMQC	Ks	EKEPL	VRaLINDRVV
PLHGCDVDKL				
A. fumigatus 32722	AYfEtMQC	Ks	EKEPL	VRaLINDRVV
PLHGCDVDKL				
A. fumigatus 58128	AYIETMQC	Ks	EKESL	VRaLINDRVV
PLHGCDVDKL				
A. fumigatus 26906	AYFETMQC	Ks	EKEPL	VRaLINDRVV
PLHGCDVDKL				
A. fumigatus 32239	AYfEtMQC	Ks	EKEPL	VRaLINDRVV
PLHGCAVDKL				
E. nidulans	AYFELMQC	E	KKEPL	VRVLVNDRVV
PLHGCAVDKF		_	•	
T. thermophilus	AYIEMMQC	Dd	sDEPV	VRVLVNDRVV
PLHGCEVDsL				·
T. lanuginosa "	AYVELLRC	Etetsseeee	EGEDEPF	VRVLVNDRVV
PLHGCrVDRW				
M. thermophila	1YVEKMRC	sgggggggg	EGrqeKDEeM	VRVLVNDRVM
TLkGCGaDEr				
Basidio	mvVErLxCxx	xgtxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx	VRVLVNDaVq
PLEfCGgDxd				
_		_	<u>.</u>	
	AYVEMMQC	E	EGEKEPL	VRVLVNDRVV
PLHGCGVDKL	) 15 m) 0 (0 C	<b>~</b> .		
Fcp10	AIVEMMQC	EA	EKEPL	VKVLVNDRVV
PLHGCGVDKL				
				•

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451
A. terreus 9al
                      GRCKrDAFVA GLSFAQAG.. GNWADCF--- --
A. terreus cbs
                      GRCKrDDFVE GLSFARAG.. GNWAECF~~~ ~~
A. niger var. awamori GRCtrDsFVr GLSFARSG.. GDWAECsA-- --
A. niger NRRL3135
                      GRCtrDsfVr GLSFARSG.. GDWAECFA~~ ~~
A. fumigatus 13073
                      GRCK1NDFVK GLSWARSG.. GNWGECFS~~ ~~
A. fumigatus 32722
                      GRCK1NDFVK GLSWARSG.. GNWGECFS-- --
A. fumigatus 58128
                      GRCK1NDFVK GLSWARSG.. GNWGECFS~~ ~~
A. fumigatus 26906
                      GRCK1NDFVK GLSWARSG.. GNWGECFS-- --
A. fumigatus 32239
                      GRCK1KDFVK GLSWARSG.. GNSEQSFS~~ ~~
E. nidulans
                      GRCtlDDWVE GLNFARSG.. GNWKtCFTl~ ~~
T. thermophilus
                      GRCKrDDFVr GLSFARqG.. GNWEGCYAas e~
T. lanuginosa
                      GRCRrDEWIK GLTFARQG.. GHWDrCF--- --
M. thermophila
                      GmCtlerFIE SMAFARGN.. GKWDlCFA-- --
Basidio
                      GxCtlDAFVE SqxYAReDgq GDFEKCFAtp xx
           Consensus
                      GRCK-DDFVE GLSFARSG-- GNWEECFA-- --
                      GRCKRDDFVE GLSFARSG.. GNWEECFA....
               Fcp10
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Figure	17	•																				
		CP-1	co l	RI	M	G	v	F	v	v	L	L	s	I	A	Т	L	F	G	s	т	
17		TATAI	r <i>ga.</i>	ATT	<i>C</i> AT	GGG	CGT	GTT	CGT	CGT	GCT.	ACT(	GTC	CAT	rgc	CAC	ርጥጥ	ርጥጥ(	רפפי	<b>ሆምር</b> (	CA	
	1			+				+			-+-			+				+			-+	60
		ATATA	ACT"	TAA	GTA	CCC	GCA	CAA	GCA	GCA	CGA	TGA	CAG	GTA.	ACG	GTG	GAA	CAA	3CC	AAG	GT	
37		S	G	T	A	L	G	P	R	G	N	S	Н	S	С	D	T	V	D	G	G	
3,		CATCO																				
120	61			+				+			-+-			+				+			-+	
		GTAGO	CP		GCG	GAA	CCC	AGG	AGC	ACC	ATT.	AAG.	AGT	GAG	AAC.	ACT	GTG	ACA	ACT	GCC	AC	,
			_	- 1		3.1	_													_	, ,	
57		Y	Q	С	F	P	Е	Ι	S	Н	L	W	G	Q	Y	S	P	<u>F</u>	F	S	L	
	121	GTTAC																				
180	121													•								
		CAATO	GT'	TAC	AAA	.GGG	TCT	TTA	AAG	AGT	GAA	CAC	CCC	AGT'	TAT	GAG.	AGG'	TAA	JAA(	SAG	AA	
7 <b>7</b>		Ā	D	E	S	A	I	s	P	D	V	P	ĸ	G	С	R	V	T	F	v	Q	
• •		TGGC									-											
240	181			+				+			-+-			+				+			-+	
		ACCG!	ACT	GCT	TAG		ATA CP-			TCT	GCA	AGG	TTT(	CCC	GAC	ATC'	TCA.	ATG	AAA	GCA	AG	
				٠.				<u>c</u>	P-5	.10												
97		V	L	S	R	Н	G	A	R	Y	P	T	S	S	K.	S	K	K	Y	S	Α	
	241	AAGT																_			_	
300	241														,							
		TTCA	AAA	CAG	ATC	TGT	GCC	ACG	ATC	TAT	GGG	TTG	AAG	AAG.	АТТ	CAG.	ATT	CTT	CAT	GAG.	AC	
117		L	I	E	A	I	Q	K	N	A	Т	A	F	K	G	K	Y	A	F	L	K	
	201	CTTT																	TTT	CTT	GA	
360	301			+			-,	+			-+-			+				+			-+	
		GAAA	CTA	ACT	TCG	ATA	AGT	TTT	СТТ		ATG	ACG	AAA	GTT	CCC	ATT	CAT	GCG	AAA	GAA	CT	
		_				_	_	_				CP-	7.1	0_	_		_		_			
137		Т	Y	N	Y	Т	L	G	A	D	D	L	Т	P	F	G	E	Q	Q	М	V	
	361	AGAC:			CTA	CAC	TTT	GGG	TGC	TGA	CGA	CTT	GAC	TCC	ATT	CGG	TGA	ACA	ACA	AAT	GG	
420	301																	· 			- •	
		TCTG	AAT	GTT	GAT	GTG	AAA	.ccc	ACG	ACT	GCI	GAA	CTG	AGG	TAA	GCC	ACT	<b>T</b> GT	TGT	TTA	CC	
157		N	s	G	I	K	F	Y	R	R	Y	K	A	L	A	R	K	I	V	P	F	
13,		TTAAC		TGG	TAT	TAA	GTT							TTT	GGC	TAG	AAA	GAT	TGT	TCC	ΑT	
480	421			+	, <b></b> -			+			-+-			+				+			-+	
		AATTO	GAG	ACC	ATA	ATT	CAA	GAT	GTC	TTC	TAT	GTT				ATC	TTT	CTA	ACA	AGG	TA	
													CP	-8.	<u> </u>	9.1	<u>o</u>					

177		<u>v</u>	R	A	S	G	S	D		V			_	A	E	K	F	I	E	G	F
540	481	TCGT																			
740		AGCA	ATC	TCG	AAG	ACC	AAG	ACT	GTC	TCA	ATA	ACG	AAG	ACG	act	TTT	CAA	GTA	act	TCC	AA
197		Q	S	A	K	L	A.	D	P	G	A	Ñ	P	Н	Q	A	S	P	V	I	N
600	541	TCCA																			
000		AGGT	TAG	ACG	ATT	CAA	.CCG	ACT	GGG	TCC	ACG	ATT	GGG	TGT	GGT		<b>AAG</b> -10		TCA	ATA	AT
217		v	I	I	P	Е	G	A	G	Y	N	N	т	L	D	н		CP- L	11. C	10 T	A
217	601	ACGT																			
660		TGCA																			
237		F	E	Ē	s	E	L	G	D	D	v	E	A	N	F	T	A	Ā	F	A	P
23,	661	CTTT																			
720		GAAA	.GCT	TCT	TAG	ACT	TAA	'CCC	АСТ	GCT	GCA	ACT	TCG	TTA	GAA	GTG	ACG	ACA			<b>AG</b> 12.10
		<u>P</u>	I	R	A	R	L	E	A	<u>H</u>	L	P	G	v	N	L	т	D		D D	V
257	721	CACC					ATT													AGA	
780	121	GTGG					TAA														
		CP-1	3.1 N	<u>0</u> L	м	ם	м	С	p	F	מ	т	v	Δ	D	т	s	D	A	т	Q
277		TTGT	TAA	-							-										-
840	781	AACA		+																	
				P																	
297	0.43	AATT																			
900	841	ттаа																			
			Ċ	P-1	4.1 CF	<u>0</u> -15	.10	<u>)</u>													
317		S	L TTT	G YGGG																G Acc	
960	901																				
		TTAG																			
227		G	F	<u>v</u>	N	E	L	I	A	R	L	·T	H	S	P	V	Q	D	H	T	S

961	TTGG	TTT 	CGT												AGT					TT -+
1020	AACC	AAA	.GCA	ATT		_	<b>CTA</b> 16.		ATC	TAA	CTG	agt	GAG	AGG	TCA	agt'	TCT	GGT	GTG	AA
						CF-		<u>-17</u>	. 10											
	т	N	Н	T	L	D	S	N	P	A	T	F	P	L	N	A	T	L	Y	A
357	СТАС	TAA	.CCA	CAC	TTT	GGA	CTC	TAA	ccc	AGC	TAC	TTT	ccc	ATT	GAA	CGC	TAC	TTT	GTA	CG
1021			+				+			-+-			+				+			-+
1080	GATG	TTA	GGT	GTG	AAA	CCT	GAG	ATT	GGG	TCG	ATG	AAA	GGG	ТАА	СТТ	GCG.	ATG	AAA	САТ	GC
	D	F	s	Н	D	N	T	M	Ā	s	I	F	F	A	L	G	L	Y	N	G
377	CMC N	<u>~</u> ™™	CTC	mc s	CCA	~	C	mam	ccm	mmo	m » m	m m m	C M M		mmm	000	mmm	CM X	~ » »	CC
1081	CTGA								,											
1140			'				•			•							,			•
	GACT	GAA	GAG	AGT	GCT	GTT	GTG	АТА	CCA	AAG	ATA	AAA	GAA	GCG	AAA	CCC	AAA	CAT	GTT	GC
									CP-				_							
	Ť	к	P	Τ.	s	т	т	S		_ <u>_</u>	P-1 S	9.1 I	<u>E</u>	E	т.	-	_	v		*
397	•	<u> </u>	F	п	3	1	1	3	٧	E	3	1	£	E	T	D	G	Y	A	A
	GTAC	TAA	.GCC	ATT	GTC	TAC	TAC	TTC	TGT	TGA	ATC	TAT	TGA	AGA	AAC	TGA	CGG	TTA	CGC	TG
			+				+			-+-			+			<b></b> -	+			-+
1200	C 3 TO C	3 mm		m 2 2	~~~	<b>.</b>													~~~	
	CATG	ATT	CGG	TAA	CAG	ATG	ATG	AAG	ACA	ACT	TAG	ATA	ACT	TCT	TTG	ACT	<b>G</b> CC	AAT	GCG	AC
	s	W	т	v	P	F	Α	Α	R	Α	Y	v	Ε	M	М	0	С	E	Α	Е
417							_									_		_		
	CTTC																			
1201 1260			+				+			-+-			+				+			-+
1200	GAAG	AAC	CTG	ACA	AGG	TAA	.GCC	ACG	ATC	TCG	ААТ	GCA	ACT	TTA	CTA	CGT	TAC	ACT	TCG	AC
												CP	-20	.10						
						_								CP-	21.	10				
437	К	E	P	L	V	R	V	L	V	N	D	R	V	V	P	L	Н	G	С	G
437	AAAA	.GGA	ACC	ATT	GGT	TAG	AGT	ттт	GGT	таа	CGA	CAG	AGT	TGT	TCC	ATT	GCA	CGG	TTG	TG
1261																				
1320	•						•						•							
	TTTT	CCI	'TGG	TAA	.CCA	ATC	TCA	AAA	CCA	ATT	GCT	GTC	TCA	ACA	AGG	TAA	CGT	GCC	AAC	AC
	v	D	к	L	G	R	С	ĸ	R	D	D	F	ν	E	G	L	s	F	Α	R
457							_		•	-	_		-		_		_	_		
	GTGT	TGA	CAA	GTT	GGG	TAG	ATG	TAA	GAG	AGA	CGA	CTT	CGI	TGA	AGG	TTT	GTC	TTT	CGC	TA
			+				+		-,	-+-			+				+			-+
1380	CACA	ΔСΤ	ሊተጥ	ממיזי	כככ	ልጥር	חבר	'ልጥጥ	יריזיר	ጥርጥ	ССТ	222	CCA	ΔСΤ	ጥር		CAG		ccc	ъπ
•	CALCA	1		J.727			***	1	-10		JC 1	J.141	JUN			P-2				
	s	G	G	N	W	E	E	С	F	A	*	Ec	o R	I	. =		67	_		
	GATC					GGA	AGA	ATG	TTT	CGC	TTA	AGA	TTA	CAT						
1381	CTAG					CCI	+	TAC	AAA	-+- GCG	AAT	TCT	+ TAA	GTA		14	26		•	

Figure 18	,			
50	1 .			
P. involutus (phyA1) pPaGCOIngV		~FPipeseqR	nWSPYSPYFP	LAEykA
P. involutus (phyA2) pPaGCeIngV	~~~~~~	-FsipeseqR	nWSPYSPYFP	LAEykA
T. pubescens		~LDvtRDVqQ	sWSmYSPYFP	aAtyvA
pPaSCQInqV A. pediades pPKDCKITqV	~~~~~~~	~pffpPQIqD	swaaytpyyp	VqAyTP
P. lycii	~~~~~~~	~LPipAQnTs	nWGPYdPFFP	VEpyAA
pPEGCtVTqV A. terreus 9a1 VPEDCHITFV	KhsdCNSVDh	GYQCfPELSH	kWGlYAPYFS	LqDESPFPlD
A. terreus cbs VPDDCHITFV	NhsdCtSVDr	GYQCfPELSH	kWGlYAPYFS	LqDESPFPlD
A. niger var. awamori VPaGCRVTFa	NqsTCDTVDq	GYQCfSEtSH	LWGQYAPFFS	LANESAISPD
A. niger T213 VPaGCRVTFa	NqsSCDTVDq	GYOCESETSH	LWGQYAPFFS	LANESVISPD
A. niger NRRL3135 VPaGCRVTFa	NqsSCDTVDq	GYQCfSEtSH	LWGQYAPFFS	LANESvispe
A. fumigatus ATCC13073 LPKDCRITLV	GSkSCDTVD1	GYQCsPAtSH	LWGQYSPFFS	LEDELSVSSK
A. fumigatus ATCC32722 LPKDCRITLV	GSkSCDTVD1	GYQCsPAtSH	LWGQYSPFFS	LEDELSVSSK
A. fumigatus ATCC58128 LPKDCRITLV	GSkSCDTVD1	GYQCsPAtSH	LWGQYSPFFS	LEDE1SVSSK
A. fumigatus ATCC26906 LPKDCRITLV	GSkSCDTVD1	GYQCsPAtSH	LWGQYSPFFS	LEDELSVSSK
A. fumigatus ATCC32239 LPKDCRVTFV	GSkACDTVEl	GYQCsPGtSH	LWGQYSPFFS	LEDE1SVSSD
E. nidulans VPhGCeVTFV	QNHSCNTaDg	GYQCfPNVSH	VWGQYSPYFS	IEQESAISeD
T. thermophilus VPQNCKITFV	DSHSCNTVEg	GYQCrPEISH	sWGQYSPFFS	LADQSEISPD
T. lanuginosa VPKGCRVeFV	~~~~~	~~~nvDIAR	hWGQYSPFFS	LAEvSEISPA
M. thermophila IPDDCeVTFa	ESRPCDTpD1	GFQCgTAISH	FWGQYSPYFS	VPsElDaS
	•			
Consensus Seq. 11 VPKGCRVTFV	NSHSCDTVD-	GYQC-PEISH	LWGQYSPFFS	LADESAISPD
100	51			
P. involutus (phyA1) KSFKYdLGns	NIIqRHGARF	PTSGaTtRik	AgLtKLQgvq	nftDAKFnFI
P. involutus (phyA2) KSFtYdLGTs	NIIQRHGARF	PTSGaAtRik	AgLsKLQsvq	nftDPKFDFI
T. pubescens tnYtYSLGqD	HIIQRHGARF	PTSGaAKRiq	TaVAKLKaaS	nytDPlLAFV
A. pediades tnYtYTLGhD	NIIqRHGARF	PTSGaGtRiq	AaVKKLQsak	TytDPRLDFL
P. lycii NdFvYkFGvA	NLIqRHGARW	PTSGarsRqv	AaVAKIQmar	PftDPKYEFL
A. terreus 9al QSYNYSLDSE	QVLARHGARS	PThSKTKaYA	AtlAalQKSA	TaFpGKYAFL
A. terreus cbs KSYNYSMGSE	QVLARHGARs	PTdSKTKayA	AtiAaiQKNA	TalpGKYAFL

	A. niger var. KTYNYSLGAD	awamori	QVLSRHGARY	PTeSKGKKYS	ALIEeIQQNv	TtFDGKYAFL
	A. niger T213 KTYNYSLGAD		QVLSRHGARY	PTeSKGKKYS	ALIEeIQQNv	TtFDGKYAFL
	A. niger NRRL3135 KTYNYSLGAD		QVLSRHGARY	PTdSKGKKYS	ALIEeIQQNA	TtFDGKYAFL
	A. fumigatus l KTYNYTLGAD	ATCC13073	QVLSRHGARY	PTSSKSKKYk	kLVtaIQaNA	Tdfkgkfafl
	A. fumigatus i KTYNYTLGAD	ATCC32722	QVLSRHGARY	PTSSKSKKYk	kLVtaIQaNA	TdFKGKFAFL
	A. fumigatus i KTYNYTLGAD	ATCC58128	QVLSRHGARY	PTSSKSKKYk	kLVtaIQaNA	Tdfkgkfafl
	A. lumigatus l KTYNYTLGAD	ATCC26906	QVLSRHGARY	PTSSKSKKYk	kLVtaIQaNA	Tdfkgkfafl
	A. fumigatus i	ATCC32239	QVLSRHGARY	PTASKSKKYk	kLVtaIQKNA	TeFKGKFAFL
	E. nidulans ESYNYTLGAD		QVLSRHGARY	PTeSKSKaYS	GLIEaIQKNA	TsFwGQYAFL
	T. thermophil: KdYrYqLGAN	บร	QLLSRHGARY	PTSSKTELYS	qLIsRIQKtA	TaYKGyYAFL
	T. ianuginosa RdYaYhLGAD		QVLSRHGARY	PTAhKSEvya	ELLQRIQDtA	TeFKGDFAFL
	M. thermophil RTYDYTLGAD	a	QVLSRHGARa	PTlkRAasYv	DLIDRIHHGA	isYgPgYEFL
	Consensus Seq KTYNYTLGAD	. 11	QVLSRHGARY	PTSSKSKKYS	ALIERIQKNA	T-FKGKYAFL
	150	101				
	P. involutus	(phyAl)	DLvPFGAaQs	fDAGqEaFaR	YskLvSKNnL	PFIRAdGSDR
	VVDSAtNWtA P. involutus VVDTAtNWtA	(phyA2)	DLvPFGAaQs	fDAGLEvFaR	YskLvSsDnL	PFIRSdGSDR
	T. pubescens VVATANNWtA		sLveLGAtQs	sEAGqEaFtR	YsSLvSaDeL	PFVRASGSDR
	A. pediades VVDSAtNWtE		DLvPFGAlQs	sQAGeEtFQR	YsfLvSKEnL	PFVRASSSNR
	P. lycii VVDSStNWtA		DL1 PFGANQs	hQTGtDMYtR	YsTLf EgGdV	PFVRAAGdQR
	A. terreus 9a VhESAEKFVE	1	ELTPFGrnQL	rDlGaQFYeR	YNAL.TRHIn	PFVRATDASR
	A. terreus cb. VhESAEKFVE	s	NLTPFGrNQL	qDlGaQFYRR	YDTL.TRHIn	PFVRAADSsR
	A. niger var. VIASGEKFIE	awamori	DLTPFGEQEL	VNSGIKFYQR	YESL.TRNII	PFIRSSGSsR
	A. niger T213 VIASGEKFIE		DLTPFGEQEL	VNSGIKFYQR	YESL.TRNII	PFIRSSGSsR
	A. niger NRRL VIASGKKFIE	3135	DLTPFGEQEL	VNSGIKFYQR	YESL. TRNIV	PFIRSSGSsR
	A. fumigatus . VIASGEKFIE	ATCC13073	DLTPFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKAL.ARSVV	PFIRASGSDR
	A. fumigatus . VIASGEKFIE	ATCC32722	DLTPFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKAL. ARSVV	PFIRASGSDR
	A. fumigatus VIASGEKFIE	ATCC58128	DLTPFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKAL.ARSVV	PFIRASGSDR
	A. fumigatus . VIASGEKFIE	ATCC26906	DLTAFGEQQL	VNSGIKFYQR	YKAL.ARSVV	PFIRASGSDR
	A. fumigatus . VIASGEKFIE	ATCC32239	DLTPFGEQQM	VNSGIKFYQK	YKAL.AgSVV	PFIRSSGSDR
	E. nidulans VVASAEKFIN		DLTiFGENQM	VDSGaKFYRR	YKnL.ARKnt	PFIRASGSDR

T. thermophilus VIASGrlFIE	DLTPFGENQM	IQlGIKFYnH	YKSL.ARNaV	PFVRCSGSDR
T. lanuginosa VIASAEFFnr	NLTRFGEEQM	MESGrQFYHR	YREq. AREIV	PFVRAAGSAR
M. thermophila VVhSAENFtQ	ELTRtGQQQM	VNSGIKFYRR	YRAL.ARKsI	PFVRTAGqDR
Consensus Seq. 11 VIASAEKFIE	DLTPFGENOM	VNSGIKFYRR	YKAL-ARNIV	PFVRASGSDR
200	151			
P. involutus (phyAl) PAaGD	GFaSA	shNtvqPk	LNLILPQT	gndtlednmc
P. involutus (phyA2) PAaGE	GFaSA	srNaiqPk	LDLILPQT	gNDTLEDNMC
T. pubescens PAaGD	GFalA	ssNsiTPV	LSVIISEA	gNDTLDDNMC .
A. pediades PnaGs	GFsAA	shHvlNPI	LfVILSES	LNDTLDDAMC
P. lycii PnevD	GFgdA	sgEtvlPt	LQVVLQEE	gNcTLcNNMC
A. terreus 9a1 TAFEsST	GFQTARqDDh	hAnpHQPSPr	VDVaI PEGSA	YNNTLEHSLC
A. terreus cbs TAFEAST	GFQNARqGDP	hAnpHQPSPr	VDVVIPEGTA	YNNTLEHSIC
A. niger var. awamori TvFEDSe	GFQSTKLkDP	rAqpgQSSPk	IDVVISEASS	sNNTLDpGtC
A. niger T213 TvFEDSe	GFQSTKLkDP	rAqpgQSSPk	IDVVISEASS	sNNTLDpGtC
A. niger NRRL3135 TvFEDSe	GFQSTKLkDP	rAqpgQSSPk	IDVVISEASS	sNNTLDpGtC
A. fumigatus ATCC13073 TkFEASq	GFQqAKLADP	gAt.NRAAPa	ISVIIPESeT	FNNTLDHGVC
A. fumigatus ATCC32722 TkFEASq	GFQqAKLADP	gAt.NRAAPa	ISVIIPESeT	FNNTLDHGVC
A. fumigatus ATCC58128 TkFEASq	GFQqAKLADP	gAt.NRAAPa	ISVIIPESeT	FNNTLDHGVC
A. fumigatus ATCC26906 TkFEASq	GFQqAKLADP	gAt.NRAAPa	ISVIIPESeT	FNNTLDHGVC
A. fumigatus ATCC32239 TnFEASe	GFQqANVADP	gAt.NRAAPV	ISVIIPESeT	YNNTLDHSVC
E. nidulans VSFENde	GFRkAQLhDh	g.s.gQATPV	VNVIIPEidG	FNNTLDHStC
T. thermophilus PvFEDSS	GFQSAKV1DP	hSdkHDAPPt	INVIIeEGPS	YNNTLDtGsC
T. lanuginosa PAaEEAP	GFQdAKdrDP	rSnkDQAePV	INVIISEETG	sNNTLDgltC
M. thermophila TAFEEgpyST	GFHSAlLADR	gStvRPTlPy	dmVVIPETAG	aNNTLHNDLC
Consensus Seq. 11 TAFEDST	GFQSAKLADP	-ahqaspv	INVIIPECSC	YNNTLDHGLC
250	201			
P. involutus (phyAl) LCAFlTVSK.	. SDpqvnaWl	AVafPSItAR	LNAaaPSVNL	TDtDafNLVs
P. involutus (phyA2) LCPFmTVSK.	.SDpqvDaWl	AsafPSVtAQ	LNAaa PGaNL	TDADafNLVs
T. pubescens LCPFETVAL.	.SDpqvnQWl	AqFAPPMtAR	LNAga PGaNL	TOTOTYNLLT

A. pediades LCAFETIVK.	.SDpqtGiWT	SIYGTPIanR	LNqqa PGaNI	TAADVsNLIp
P. lycii	.GDESt.tWl	GVFAPnItAR	LNAaaPSaNL	SDsDaLtLMD
MCPFDTLSs. A. terreus 9al	VGDDAVANFT	AVFAPAIagR	LEAdLPGVQL	StDDVVNLMA
MCPFETVSlT A. terreus cbs	VGDAAADNFT	AVFAPAIakR	LEAdLPGVQL	SADDVVNLMA
MCPFETVSlT A. niger var. awamori	LADtvEANFT	AtFAPSIRqR	LEndLSGVtL	TDtEVtyLMD
MCSFDTIStS A. niger T213	LADtvEANFT	AtFAPSIRqR	LEndLSGVtL	TDtEVtyLMD
MCSFDTIStS  A. niger NRRL3135	LADtvEANFT	AtfvPSIRqR	LEndLSGVtL	TDtEVtyLMD
MCSFDTIStS A. fumigatus ATCC13073	LGDEVAANFT	ALFAPdIRAR	aEkhLPGVtL	TDEDVVSLMD
MCSFDTVART  A. fumigatus ATCC32722	LGDEVAANFT	ALFAPdIRAR	aEkhLPGVtL	TDEDVVSLMD
MCSFDTVART A. fumigatus ATCC58128		ALFAPdIRAR		•
MCSFDTVART A. fumigatus ATCC26906		ALFAPdIRAR		
MCSFDTVART  A. fumigatus ATCC32239		ALFAPAIRAR		
MCSFDTVART			_	
E. nidulans MCSFDTMART		AIMGPPIRkR		
T. thermophilus LCPFETLARn		kqFAPAI1EK		
T. lanuginosa LCPFDTVGsd		qVFGPRV1kK		
M. thermophila	TCDDAODEVI	StFAGPItAR	TAIN AT DOWNER	TOADETTATMO
LCPFETVASS	IGDDAQDCII	SCINGFICAR	VINAILLEGANL	1 DAD C VALIND
LCPFETVASS				
•		AVFAPPIRAR		
LCPFETVASS  Consensus Seq. 11  MCPFDTVART				
LCPFETVASS  Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1)	LGDDAEANFT		LEA-LPGVNL	TDEDVVNLMD
CONSENSUS SEQ. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ P. involutus (phyA2)	LGDDAEANFT	AVFAPPIRAR	LEA-LPGVNL CtLFegiPGs	TDEDVVNIMD FeaFAYggdL
LCPFETVASS  Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ	LGDDAEANFT 251	AVFAPPIRARekkSdFeqkSdF	LEA-LPGVNL CtLFegiPGs CtLFegiPGs	TDEDVVNIMD FeaFAYggdL
Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ P. involutus (phyA2) dKFYGtGyGQ	LGDDAEANFT 251	AVFAPPIRARekkSdFeqkSdFeqkSdF	LEA-LPGVNL  CtLFegiPGs  CtLFegiPGs  CDIYeelqAE	TDEDVVNIMD FeaFAYggdL FeaFAYagdL .daFAYnadL
Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ P. involutus (phyA2) dKFYGtGyGQ T. pubescens dKFYGtGyGQ A. pediades dKFYGtGyGQ	LGDDAEANFT 251	AVFAPPIRARekkSdFeqkSdFerrSeFetpSPF	LEA-LPGVNL  CtLFegiPGs  CtLFegiPGs  CDIYeelqAE  CNLFTPEE	TDEDVVNIMD  FeaFAYggdL  FeaFAYagdL  .daFAYnadL  FaQFEYFgdL
Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ P. involutus (phyA2) dKFYGtGyGQ T. pubescens dKFYGtGyGQ A. pediades dKFYGtGyGQ P. lycii dKYYGtGPGN	LGDDAEANFT  251	AVFAPPIRARekkSdFeqkSdFerrSeFetpSPFgnaSPF	LEA-LPGVNL  CtLFegiPGs  CtLFegiPGs  CDIYeelqAE  CNLFTPEE  CDLFTAEE	TDEDVVNIMD  FeaFAYggdL  FeaFAYagdL  .daFAYnadL  FaQFEYFgdL  YvsYEYYydL
Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ P. involutus (phyA2) dKFYGtGyGQ T. pubescens dKFYGtGyGQ A. pediades dKFYGtGyGQ P. lycii dKYYGtGPGN A. terreus 9a1 dKYYGYGGGN	LGDDAEANFT  251 dD. Aht	AVFAPPIRARekkSdFeqkSdFerrSeFetpSPFgnaSPF	LEA-LPGVNL  CtLFegiPGs  CtLFegiPGs  CDIYeelqAE  CNLFTPEE  CDLFTAEE	TDEDVVNIMD  FeaFAYggdL  FeaFAYagdL  .daFAYnadL  FaQFEYFgdL  YvsYEYYydL  wtQYNYLlSL
Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ P. involutus (phyA2) dKFYGtGyGQ T. pubescens dKFYGtGyGQ A. pediades dKFYGtGyGQ P. lycii dKYYGtGPGN A. terreus 9a1 dKYYGYGGGN A. terreus cbs dKYYGYGGGN	LGDDAEANFT  251	AVFAPPIRARekkSdFeqkSdFerrSeFetpSPFgnaSPFLSPF	LEA-LPGVNL  CtLFegiPGs  CtLFegiPGs  CDIYeelqAE  CNLFTPEE  CDLFTAEE  CDLFTAAE	TDEDVVNIMD  FeaFAYggdL  FeaFAYagdL  .daFAYnadL  FaQFEYFgdL  YvsYEYYydL  WtQYNYLlSL  WtQYNYLlSL
Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ P. involutus (phyA2) dKFYGtGyGQ T. pubescens dKFYGtGyGQ A. pediades dKFYGtGyGQ P. lycii dKYYGtGPGN A. terreus 9a1 dKYYGYGGGN A. terreus cbs dKYYGYGGGN A. niger var. awamori kKYYGHGAGN	LGDDAEANFT  251   dD. Aht  dD. Aht	AVFAPPIRARekkSdFeqkSdFerrSeFetpSPFgnaSPFLSPFLSPF	LEA-LPGVNL  CtLFegiPGs  CtLFegiPGs  CDIYeelqAE  CNLFTPEE  CDLFTAEE  CDLFTAAE  CDLFTAAE	TDEDVVNIMD  FeaFAYggdL  FeaFAYagdL  .daFAYnadL  FaQFEYFgdL  YVSYEYYYdL  WtQYNYLlSL  WtQYNYLlSL  WiHYDYLQSL
Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ P. involutus (phyA2) dKFYGtGyGQ T. pubescens dKFYGtGyGQ A. pediades dKFYGtGyGQ P. lycii dKYYGtGPGN A. terreus 9a1 dKYYGYGGGN A. terreus cbs dKYYGYGGGN A. niger var. awamori	LGDDAEANFT  251   dD. Aht  dD. Aht	AVFAPPIRARekkSdFeqkSdFerrSeFetpSPFgnaSPFLSPF	LEA-LPGVNL  CtLFegiPGs  CtLFegiPGs  CDIYeelqAE  CNLFTPEE  CDLFTAEE  CDLFTAAE  CDLFTAAE	TDEDVVNIMD  FeaFAYggdL  FeaFAYagdL  .daFAYnadL  FaQFEYFgdL  YVSYEYYYdL  WtQYNYLlSL  WtQYNYLlSL  WiHYDYLQSL
Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ P. involutus (phyA2) dKFYGtGyGQ T. pubescens dKFYGtGyGQ A. pediades dKFYGtGyGQ P. lycii dKYYGtGPGN A. terreus 9a1 dKYYGYGGGN A. terreus cbs dKYYGYGGGN A. niger var. awamori kKYYGHGAGN A. niger T213	LGDDAEANFT  251   dD. Aht  dD. Aht  Tv. DTK	AVFAPPIRAR ekkSdFeqkSdFerrSeFetpSPFgnaSPFLSPFLSPF	LEA-LPGVNL  CtLFegiPGs  CtLFegiPGs  CDIYeelqAE  CNLFTPEE  CDLFTAEE  CDLFTAAE  CDLFTAAE  CDLFTAAE	TDEDVVNIMD  FeaFAYggdL  FeaFAYagdL  .daFAYnadL  FaQFEYFgdL  YVSYEYYYdL  WtQYNYLlSL  WtQYNYLlSL  WiHYDYLQSL
Consensus Seq. 11 MCPFDTVART  300 P. involutus (phyA1) dKFYGtGyGQ P. involutus (phyA2) dKFYGtGyGQ T. pubescens dKFYGtGyGQ A. pediades dKFYGtGyGQ P. lycii dKYYGtGPGN A. terreus 9a1 dKYYGYGGGN A. terreus cbs dKYYGYGGGN A. niger var. awamori kKYYGHGAGN A. niger T213 kKYYGHGAGN A. niger NRRL3135	LGDDAEANFT  251   dD. Aht  tv. DTK  Tv. DTK	AVFAPPIRAR ekkSdFeqkSdFerrSeFetpSPFgnaSPFLSPFLSPFLSPF	LEA-LPGVNL  CtLFegiPGs  CtLFegiPGs  CDIYeelqAE  CNLFTPEE  CDLFTAEE  CDLFTAAE  CDLFTADE  CDLFThDE  CDLFThDE	TDEDVVNIMD  FeaFAYggdL  FeaFAYagdL  .daFAYnadL  FaQFEYFgdL  YVSYEYYYdL  WtQYNYLlSL  WtQYNYLlSL  WiHYDYLQSL  WiHYDYLRSL

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A. fumigatus ATCC58128 qKYYGYGAGN	SDASQ	LSPF	CQLFThNE	WKKYNYLQSL
A. fumigatus ATCC26906 gKYYGYGAGN	SDASQ	LSPF	CQLFThNE	WKKYNYLQSL
A. fumigatus ATCC32239  gKYYGYGAGN	ADASE	LSPF	CAIFThNE	WkKYDYLQSL
E. nidulans	AHGTE	LSPF	CAIFTEKE	WlQYDYLQSL
sKYYGYGAGS T. thermophilus	htDT	LSPF	CALsTqEE	WqaYDYYQSL
gKYYGnGGGN T. lanuginosa	PvlfPrQ	LSPF	CHLFTADD	WmaYDYYyTL
dKYYSHGGGS M. thermophila	SsdpATadag	ggngrpLSPF	CrLFSEsE	WraYDYLQSV
gKWYGYGPGN				
Consensus Seq. 11 - KYYGYGAGN	SDATQ	LSPF	CDLFTADE	W-QYDYLQSL
350	301			
P. involutus (phyAl) FPLNkTFYAD	eLGPvQGVGY	VNELIARLTN	S.AVRDNTqT	NRTLDASPVT
P. involutus (phyA2) FPLNkTMYAD	ALGPvQGVGY	inellarltn	S.AVNDNTqT	NRTLDAaPDT
T. pubescens FPLNrTLYAD	PLGPvQGVGY	iNELIARLTa	q.nVsDHTqT	NSTLDSSPET
A. pediades FPLDrSIYAD	PLGPvQGVGY	inellarLte	m.PVRDNTqT	NRTLDSSPlT
P. lycii FPLNrTFYAD	ALGPvQGVGY	vNELLARLTg	q.AVRDETqT	NRTLDSDPAT
A. terreus 9al FPLNATLYAD	PLGPvQGVGW	aNELMARLTR	A. PVHDHTCV	NNTLDASPAT
A. terreus cbs FPLNATLYAD	PLGPvQGVGW	aNELIARLTR	S. PVHDHTCv	NNTLDANPAT
A. niger var. awamori FPLNSTLYAD	PLGPTQGVGY	aNELIARLTH	S.PVHDDTSS	NHTLDSNPAT
A. niger T213 FPLNSTLYAD	PLGPTQGVGY	aNELIARLTH	S.PVHDDTSS	NHTLDSNPAT
A. niger NRRL3135 FPLNSTLYAD	PLGPTQGVGY	aNELIARLTH	S.PVHDDTSS	NHTLDSSPAT
A. fumigatus ATCC13073 FPLNATMYVD	PLGPAQGIGF	tNELIARLTR	S.PVQDHTST	NSTLVSNPAT
A. fumigatus ATCC32722 FPLNATMYVD	PLGPAQGIGF	tNELIARLTR	S.PVQDHTST	NSTLVSNPAT
A. fumigatus ATCC58128 FPLNATMYVD	PLGPAQGIGF	tNELIARLTR	S.PVQDHTST	NSTLVSNPAT
A. fumigatus ATCC26906 FPLNATMYVD	PLGPAQGIGF	tNELIARLTR	S.PVQDHTST	NSTLVSNPAT
A. fumigatus ATCC32239 FPLNATIYVD	PLGPAQGIGF	tNELIARLTN	S. PVQDHTST	NSTLDSDPAT
E. nidulans	PLGPAQGIGF	tNELIARLTQ	S. PVQDNTST	NHTLDSNPAT
FPLDrkLYAD T. thermophilus	PLGPAQGVGF	VNELIARMTH	S. PVQDYTTV	NHŢLDSNPAT
FPLNATLYAD T. lanuginosa	AFGPSRGVGF	vNELIARMTg	N1 PVKDHTTv	NHTLDdNPET
FPLDAVLYAD M. thermophila FPLGrPLYAD	PLGPTQGVGF	vnellarla.	GvPVRDgTST	NRTLDGDPrT
E ENGLEPIND				
Consensus Seq. 11 FPLNATLYAD	PLGPAQGVGF	-NELIARLTH	S-PVQDHTST	NHTLDSNPAT

400					
P. involutus TSSlVPFSGR	(phyAl)	FSHDNlMVAV	FsAMGLFrqP	aPLSTSvpNP	wrtWr
P. involutus TSSvVPFSAR	(phyA2)	FSHDNlMVAV	FsAMGLFrqS	aPLSTSTpDP	nrtWl
T. pubescens		FSHDNqMVAI	FsAMGLFNqS	aPLdPTTpDP	artFl
A. pediades TSRltPFSAR		LSHDNqMIAI	FsAMGLFNqS	sPLdPSfpNP	krtWv
P. lycii		FSHDNTMVPI	FaalGLFNAT	a.LdPlkpDe	nrlWv
DSklVPFSGH A. terreus 9a	11	FSHDSnLVSI	FWALGLYNGT	aPLSqTSVES	VsQTDGYA
AAWTVPFAAR  A. terreus ch	os	FSHDSnLVSI	FWALGLYNGT	KPLSqTTVEd	ItrTDGYA
AAWTVPFAAR A. niger var.	awamori	FSHDNGIISI	LFALGLYNGT	KPLSTTTVEN	ItQTDGFS
SAWTVPFASR A. niger T213	3	FSHDNGIISI	LFALGLYNGT	KPLSTTTVEN	ItQTDGFS
SAWTVPFASR A. niger NRRL	3135	FSHDNGIISI	LFALGLYNGT	KPLSTTTVEN	ItQTDGFS
SAWTVPFASR A. fumigatus	ATCC13073	FSHDNSMVSI	FFALGLYNGT	EPLSTTSVES	akElDGYS
ASWvVPFGAR A. fumigatus	ATCC32722	F <sub>S</sub> HDNSMVSI	FFALGLYNGT	gPLSrTSVES	akElDGYS
ASWvVPFGAR A. fumigatus	ATCC58128	FSHDNSMVSI	FFALGLYNGT	EPLSTTSVES	akElDGYS
ASWvVPFGAR A. fumigatus	ATCC26906	FSHDNSMVSI	FFALGLYNGT	EPLSTTSVES	akElDGYS
ASWvVPFGAR A. fumigatus	ATCC32239	FSHDNGMIPI	FFAMGLYNGT	EPLSqTSeES	tkESNGYS
ASWAVPFGAR E. nidulans		FCHDMCMTCT	FFAMCI.VNCT	QPLSmdSVES	To Empoya
ASWTVPFGAR					-
T. thermophi. AAWTVPFGGR	lus			akLSTTeIKS	
T. lanuginosa ASWTVPFAAR				KPLSTSkIQP	
M. thermophi. ASWAVPFAAR	la	FSHDNdMMGV	LgALGaYDGv	pPLdkTArrd	peElGGYA
Consensus Sec	· ~ 11	FEUDNIMMET	PPATCT VNCT	KPLSTTSVES	IETDGYA
ASWTVPFAAR	4. <del>1</del> .	ESHDNIMV31	FFALGLINGI	RELISTIEVES	
AEO		401			
P. involutus	(phyAl)	mvVErLsC	fGt	Tk	VRVLVQDQVq
PLEfCGgDRn P. involutus	(phyA2)	maVErLsC	AGt	Tk	VRVLVQDQVq
PLEfCGgDQd T. pubescens		mvVErLDC	GGa	Qs	VRLLVNDaVq
PLafCGaDts A. pediades	. •	mvtErLlCQr	DGtGsGGpsr	imrNgnvQTF	VRILVNDaLq
PLkfCGgDmd P. lycii	ä	mtVEkLaC		sgKea	VRVLVNDaVq
PLEfCGg.vd A. terreus 9a	 a1	AYVEMMOCrA		EKEPL	VRVLVNDRVM
PLHGCPtDKL A. terreus cl	•				VRVLVNDRVM
PLHGCAVDNL					
A. niger var PLHGCPIDaL	. awamori	TAAEWWOCOV	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	EQEPL	VRVLVNDRVV

A. niger T213 PLHGCPIDaL	1 YVEMMQCQA	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	EQEPL	VRVLVNDRVV
A. niger NRRL3135	LAMENMOCON		EQEPL	UDUI IMBBIAI
PLHGCPVDaL	TIVEHIQUON	••••••	EQEPL	OKOTONDKOO
A. fumigatus ATCC13073	AYFELMOCKS		EKEPL	VRaf.TNDRVV
PLHGCDVDKL				VICEDITAL
A. fumigatus ATCC32722	AYFETMQCKS		EKEPL	VRaLINDRVV
PLHGCDVDKL				
A. fumigatus ATCC58128	AYFELMQCKS		EKESL	VRaLINDRVV
PLHGCDVDKL				
A. fumigatus ATCC26906	AYfEtMQCKS	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	EKEPL	VRaLINDRVV
PLHGCDVDKL				
A. fumigatus ATCC32239	AYFETMQCKS	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	EKEPL	VRaLINDRVV
PLHGCAVDKL	NUETINOOT			
E. nidulans PLHGCAVDKF	AYTELMQCE.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	KKEPL	VRVLVNDRVV
T. thermophilus	AYIEMMQCDD		an enu	UDIA IDIDDIA
PLHGCEVDsL	ATTEMMQCDD	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	SDEPV	VKVLVNDKVV
T. lanuginosa	AYVELLRCET	ETSSeEEeEG	EDEPF	WEALTWIDE WY
PLHGCrVDRW				THE BUILDING
M. thermophila	iYVEkMRCsG	GGgGgGGGEG	rQekdEeM	VRVLVNDRVM
TLkGCGaDEr			_	
	AYVEMMQCEA	GG-G-GG-EG	EKEDT	VRVLVNDRVV
PLHGCGVDKL			•	
	451		,	
P. involutus (phyAl)		Camerrachas	GDFEKCFAts	182
P. involutus (phyA2)			GDFEKCLAtt	
T. pubescens	GVCtLDAFVE	Scavarnoge	GDFEKCFAt~	~~
A. pediades	SICTLEAFVE	SakYAReDaa	GDFEKCFD~~	~~
P. lycii			GDFAKCgfvp	
A. terreus 9al			GNWADCF~~~	
A. terreus cbs			GNWAECF~~~	
A. niger var. awamori			GDWAECsA~~	
A. niger T213	GRCtrDsFVr	GLSFARSG	GDWAECFA~~	~~
A. niger NRRL3135			GDWAECFA~~	
A. fumigatus ATCC13073			GNWGECFS~~	
A. fumigatus ATCC32722			GNWGECFS~~	
A. fumigatus ATCC58128			GNWGECFS~~	
A. fumigatus ATCC26906			GNWGECFS~~	
A. fumigatus ATCC32239			GNSEQSFS~~	
E. nidulans			GNWktCFT1~	
T. thermophilus T. lanuginosa			GNWEGCYAas	
M. thermophila	CRCKIDEWIK	GLIFAKQG	GHWDrCF~~~ GKWDlCFA~~	~~
chethophila	GMCCLEIFIE	Smarakgn	GVMDICLW~~	~~
<b>6</b>				
Consensus Seq. 11	GRCKLDDFVE	GLSFARSG	GNWAECFA	

Figure	19																				
20		M	G	v	F	v	V	L	L	s	I	A	T	L	F	G	s	T	s	G	T
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60	•																				ATGG
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120	61		-+-	<b>-</b> - <b>-</b>		+				+			<b>-</b> + -		<b></b> -	+				+	
		CG	GAA	CCC	AGG	AGC	ACC	TTA	AAG	AGT	GAG	AAC	ACT	GTG	ACA	ACT	GCC	ACC.	ААТ	GGT	TACA
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180	121																				
																					GCTT
80		s	Α	Ι	S	P	D	V	P	D	D	С	R	V	Т	F	٧	Q	V	L	S
	187				_														_		GTCT
240		AG.	ACG	ATA	AAG	AGG	TCT	'GCA	AGG	тст	GCT	GAC	ATC	TCA	ATG	AAA	GCA	ÁGT	TCA	AAA	CAGA
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200	241																				TGAA
300		TC	TGT	GCC	:ACG	ATC	TAT	GGG	TTG	AAG	AAC	ACC	CAG	TTA	cce	AAT	GAG	ACG	AAA	СТА	ACTT
		A	I	Q	K	N	Α	Т	A	F	K	G	к	Y	A	F	L	к	Т	Y	N
120		GC	TAT	TCA	AAA	.GAA	CGC	TAC	TGC	TTT	CAA	GGG	TAA	GTA	CGC	TTT	CTT	'GAA	.GAC	TTA	CAAC
360	301		-+-			+				+			-+-			+				+	
		CG	АТА	AGI	TTT	CTT	'GCG	ATG	ACG	AAA	GTI	ccc	TTA:	'CAT	GCC	AAA	.GAA	CTT	CTG	TAA	GTTG
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		P	E	G	s	G	Y	Ŋ	Ŋ	т	L	D	н	G	T	С	T	A	F	E	D
220	601	CC.	AGA	AGG	ATC	CGG	TTA	CAA	CAA	CAC	TTI	GGA	CCA	CGG	TAC	TTG	TAC	TGC	ттт	'CGA	AGAC
660	601																				TCTG
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		AG	ACT	TAA	TCC	ACT	GCT	'GCA	ACT	TCG	PTA	'GAA	GTG	ACG	AAA	CAA	GCG	AGG	TCG	ATA	ATCT
260		A	R	L	E	A	D	L	P	G	v	T	L	Т	D	E	D	v	v	Y	L
	721	GC'	TAG.	ATT 	GGA	AGC	TGA	CTI	GCC	AGG	TGT	TAC	TTT	GAC	TGA	CGA	AGA	.CGT	TGT	TTA	CTTG
780																					GAAC
		M		M		P	F	D			A		т		D.		т	E	L	s	P
280		ATO	GGA	CAT	GTG	TCC	TTA	CGA	CAC	TGT	CGC	TAG	AAC	TTC	TGA	CGC	TAC	TGA	АТТ	GTC	TCCA
840	781		<b>- +</b> -			+				+			~+-			+				+	
		TAG	CCT	GTA:	CAC	AGG	TAA	.GCT	'GTG	ACA	GCG	ATC	TTG	AAG	ACT	GCG	ATG	ACT	ТАА	CAG	AGGT
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900		AA	GAC.	ACG.	AAA	CAA	GTG	AGT	GCT	GCI	TAC	СТА	.GGT	TAT	GCT	GAT	GAA	.CGT	TTC	GAA	CCCA
220		K	Y	Y	G	Y	G	A	G	N	P	L	G	P	A	Q	G	v	G	F	A
320	001	AA	GTA(	CTA	CGG	TTA	CGG	TGC	TGG	TAA	ccc	TTA	GGG	TCC	AGC	TCA	AGG	TGT	TGG	TTT	CGCT
960	901																				
																					GCGA
340														Q							
1020	961																				CCAC
102V		TT	GCT'	raa	СТА	ACG.	ATC	TAA	CTG	AGT	GAG	AGG	TCA	AGT	тст	GGT	GTG	AAG	ATG	ATT	GGTG
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1140																					CGGT
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	1321		-																		TGGT
1380	1321 1380	AA	CCC.	ATC	TAC	ATT	CTC	TCT	GCT	'GAA	GCA	ACT	TCC	Άλλ	CAG	ААА	.GCG	ATC	TAG	ACC	ACCA
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20		M	G	V	F	V	V	L	L	S	I	A	T	L	F	G	s	т	s	G	T
	1	AT	GGG	CGT	GTT	CGT	CGT	GCT	ACT	GTC	CAT	TGC	CAC	CTT	GTT	CGG	TTC	CAC	AŤC	CGG	TACC
60	_																				ATGG
40		A	L	G	P	R	G	N	s	H	s	С	D	T	v	D	G	G	Y	Q	С
40	61																				ATGT
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A		F	P	E	I	s	н	L	W	G	Ţ	Y	s	P	F	F	s	L	A	D	E
60	121																				CGAA
180		AA	GGG	тст	TTA	AAG	AGT	GAA	CAC	ccc	ATG	TAT	'GAG	AGG	TAA	GAA	GAG	AAA	CCG	ACT	GCTT
80		s	A	I	s	P	D	ν	P	K	G	С	R	V	T	F	V	Q	V	L	s
240	181																				GTCT +
		AG	ACG	ATA	AAG	AGG	TCT	GCA	AGG	TTT	ccc	AAC	ATC	TCA	ATG	AAA	GCA	AGT	TCA	AAA	CAGA
100		R	Н	G	A	R	Y	P	T	s	s	Ā	s	ĸ	<u>A</u>	Y	S	A	L	I	Е
	241	AG	ACA	.CGG	TGC	TAG	ATA	.ccc	AAC	TTC	TTC	TGC	GTC	TAA	.GGC	GTA	CTC	TGC	TTT	GAT	TGAA
300	241																				ACTT
120		A	I	Q	ĸ	N	A	T	A	F	ĸ	G	ĸ	Y	A	F	L	к	т	Y	N
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420	361				-+-			+				+			-+-			+			+
		ΑT	GTG	AAA	.CCC	ACG	ACT	GCT	'GAA	СТС	SAGG	AAT	GCC	ACT	TGT	TGT	ATT	CCA	ATT	GAG.	ACCA
160		I	K	F	Y	R	R	Y	K	A	L	A	R	K	I	V	P	F	Ī	R	A
	421																				AGCT
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200		K	L	A	D	P	G	A	N	P	Н	Q	A	S	P	V	I	N	V	I	I
200	541		_			-						_		_				-			TATT
600		TT	CAA	CCG.	ACT	GGG	TCC	ACG	ATT	GGG	TGT	GGT	TCG	AAG.	AGG	TCA	ATA	ATT	GCA	ATA.	ATAA
220		P	E	G	A	G	Y	N	N	T	L	D	Н	G	L	С	T	A	F	E	E
220	601															_	-				AGAA
660	601	•																			
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240		_	E		•	-		<b>V</b>			N		_	A	•	-	A	P	P	I	R
	661											-		_							TAGA
720		AG	ACT	TAA	CCC	АСТ	GCT	GCA	ACT	TCG	АТТ	GAA	GTG	ACG	ACA	AAA	GCG	AGG	TGG	TTA	ATCT
262		Α	R	L	E	A	н	L	P	G	v	N	L	т	D	E	D	v	v	N	L
260	70.																				CTTG
780	/21							-				-			-					•	+
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280		M	D	,	C	P	F	D	T	v 	A	R	T	s 	_	· A	T 	Q	L	S	P
0.4.0	781		_																		TCCA
840		TA	сст	GTA	CAC	AGG	TAA	.GCT	GTG	ACA	ACG	ATC	TTG	AAG	ACT	'GCG	ATG	AGT	TAA	CAG	aggt
200		F	С	D	L	F	Т	Н	D	E	W	I	Q	Y	D	Y	L	Q	s	L	G
300	041											_				-		_			GGGT
900	841							-													
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320																Q					V
0.00	901		GTA	CTA	-+-			+								TCA			TGG		CGTT
960		TT	CAT	GAT	GCC	TAA	GCC	ACC	ACC	rta:	'G <b>G</b> G	TAA	ccc	AGG	TCG	AGT	TCC	ACA	ACC	'AAA	GCAA
240		N	E	Ľ,	I	A	R	L	т	н	s	P	v	Q	D	н	T	s	T	N	н
340																CCA	CAC	TTC	TAC	TAA	CCAC
1020	961	•						·				·	•		•			+			+
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360		Т	L	D	S	N	P	A	Т	F	P	L	N	A	T	L	Ą	A	D	F	S

1021																				CTCT
1080																				GAGA
200	н	D	N	т	M	V	s	I	F	F	A	L	G	L	Y	N	G	T	ĸ	P
380																				GCCA
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1141																				GACT
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420																				ACCA
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440 1261																				CAAG
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460	L	G	R	С	К	R	D	D	F	v	E	G	L	s	F	A	R	s	G	G
460 1321																				TGGT
1380																				ACCA
					-	-	A CGC		Δ	467										
1381				-+-					- 1	404										

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Figure	21		
		ATGGGGGTTTTCGTCGTTCTATTATCTATCGCGACTCTGTTCGGCAGCACATCGGGCACT	20
	1	TACCCCCAAAAGCAGCAAGATAATAGATAGCGCTGAGACAAGCCGTCGTGTAGCCCGTGA	50
	61	A L G P R G N H S K S C D T V D L G Y Q 4 GCGCTGGGCCCCCGTGGAAATCACTCCAAGTCCTGCGATACGGTAGACCTAGGGTACCAG	10
120		CGCGACCCGGGGGCACCTTTAGTGAGGTTCAGGACGCTATGCCATCTGGATCCCATGGTC	
	121	C S P A T S H L W G T Y S P Y F S L E D 6 TGCTCCCCTGCGACTTCTCATCTATGGGGCACGTACTCGCCATaCTTTTCGCTCGAGGAC	50
180		ACGAGGGGACGCTGAAGAGTAGATACCCCGtgCATGAGCGGTAtGAAAAGCGAGCTCCTG	
	181	E L S V S S K L P K D C R I T L V Q V L 8 GAGCTGTCCGTGTCGAGTAAGCTTCCCAAGGATTGCCGGATCACCTTGGTACAGGTGCTA	30
240		CTCGACAGGCACAGCTCATTCGAAGGGTTCCTAACGGCCTAGTGGAACCATGTCCACGAT	
100		S R H G A R Y P T S S K S K K Y K K L <u>I</u>	
	241	TCGCGCCATGGAGCGCGGTACCCAACCAGCTCCAAGAGCAAAAAGTATAAGAAGCTTaTt	
300		AGCGCGGTACCTCGCGCCATGGGTTGGTCGAGGTTCTCGTTTTTCATATTCTTCGAAtAa	
120		T A I Q A N A T D F K G K Y A F L K T Y	
360	301	ACGGCGATCCAGGCCAATGCCACCGACTTCAAGGGCAAGTaCGCCTTTTTGAAGACGTAC	
300		TGCCGCTAGGTCCGGTTACGGTGGCTGAAGTTCCCGTTCAtgCGGAAAAACTTCTGCATG	
140		N Y T L G A D D L T P F G E Q Q L V N S	
420	361	AACTATACTCTGGGTGCGGATGACCTCACTCCCTTTGGGGAGCAGCAGCTGGTGAACTCG	
		TTGATATGAGACCCACGCCTACTGGAGTGAGGGAAACCCCTCGTCGTCGACCACTTGAGC	
160		G I K F Y Q R Y K A L A R S V V P F I R  GGCATCAAGTTCTACCAGAGGTACAAGGCTCTGGCGCGCAGTGTGGTGCCGTTTATTCGC	
480	421		
		CCGTAGTTCAAGATGGTCTCCATGTTCCGAGACCGCGCGTCACACCACGGCAAATAAGCG	
180		A S G S D R V I A S G E K F I E G F Q Q  GCCTCAGGCTCGGACCGGGTTATTGCTTCGGGAGAGAAGTTCATCGAGGGGTTCCAGCAG	
540	481		
		CGGAGTCCGAGCCTGGCCCAATAACGAAGCCCTCTCTTCAAGTAGCTCCCCAAGGTCGTC	

	541	GCGAAGCTGGCTGATCCTGGCGCGAACCGCGCCGCTCCGGCGATTAGTGTGATTATT
600		CGCTTCGACCGACTAGGACCGCGCTGCTTGGCGCGGCGAGGCCGCTAATCACACTAATAA
		PESETFNNTLDHGVCTKFEA
220	601	CCGGAGAGCGAGACGTTCAACAATACGCTGGACCACGGTGTGTGCACGAAGTTTGAGGCC
660		GGCCTCTCGCTCTGCAAGTTGTTATGCGACCTGGTGCCACACACGTGCTTCAAACTCCGC
		SQLGDEVAANFTALFAPDIR
240		AGTCAGCTGGGAGATGAGGTTGCGGCCAATTTCACTGCGCTCTTTGCACCCGACATCCGA
720	661	
. 20		TCAGTCGACCCTCTACTCCAACGCCGGTTAAAGTGACGCGAGAAACGTGGGCTGTAGGCT
260		A R <u>L</u> E K H L P G V T L T D E D V V S L
200	704	GCTCGCctCGAGAAGCATCTTCCTGGCGTGACGCTGACAGACGAGGACGTTGTCAGTCTA
780	121	
		CGAGCGgaGCTCTTCGTAGAAGGACCGCACTGCGACTGTCTGCTCCTGCAACAGTCAGAT
280		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	781	ATGGACATGTGTcCGTTTGATACGGTAGCGCGCACCAGCGACGCAAGTCAGCTGTCACCC
840	,01	TACCTGTACACAGGCAAACTATGCCATCGCGCGTGGTCGCTTCAGTCGACAGTGGC
300		F C Q L F T H N E W K K Y D Y L Q S L G
	841	TTCTGTCAACTCTTCACTCACAATGAGTGGAAGAAGTACGACTACCTTCAGTCCTTGGGC
900		AAGACAGTTGAGAAGTGAGTGTTACTCACCTTCTTCATGCTGATGGAAGTCAGGAACCCC
		K Y Y G Y G A G N P L G P A Q G I G F T
320		AAGTACTACGGCTACGGCGCAGGCAACCCTCTGGGACCGGCTCAGGGGATAGGGTTCACC
960	901	
<b>J</b> 00		TTCATGATGCCGATGCCGCTCCGTTGGGAGACCCTGGCCGAGTCCCCTATCCCAAGTG
		N E L I A R L T R S P V Q D H T S T N S
340		AACGAGCTGATTGCCCGGTTGACgCGTTCGCCAGTGCAGGACCACACCAGCACTAACTCC
1020	961	~~~~~~
		TTGCTCGACTAACGGGCCAACTGcGCAAGCGGTCACGTCCTGGTGTGGTCGTGATTGAGC
360		T L V S N P A T F P L N A T M Y V D F S
	1021	ACTCTAGTCTCCAACCCGGCCACCTTCCCGTTGAACGCTACCATGTACGTCGACTTTTCA
1080	.021	TGAGATCAGAGGTTGGGCCGGTGGAAGGGCAACTTGCGATGGTACATGCAGCTGAAAAGT

380		H	D	N	s	M	V	S	I	F	F	A	L	G	L	Y	N	G	T	E	P
•									-												ACCC
1140	1081				- <b>+ -</b> ·			+				+			-+-			+			+
		GTO	CTO	GTT(	GTC(	GTA(	CCA.	AAG	GTA	GAA	GAA	ACG	TAA	ccc	GGA	САТ	GTT	GCC	GTG	ACT	TGGG
400		L	S	R	T	S	v	E	s	A	K	E	L	D	G	Y	S	A	S	W	v ´
					-	-		-						-	-						GGTG
1200	1141				-+-	<b>-</b>		+				+			- <b>+-</b>			<b>+</b>		- <b></b>	+
		AAC	CAG	GGC	CTG	GAG	CCA	CCT	TTC	GCG	GTT	ССТ	TAA	ССТ	ACC	CAT	AAG	ACG	TAG	GAC	CCAC
420		V	P	F	G	A	R	A	Y	F	E	T	M	Q	С	K	s	E	K	E	P
																					GCCT
1260	1201				-+-		<b>-</b>	+				+			-+ <i>-</i>			+			+
		CAC	CGG	AAA	GCC	GCG	CGC	TCG	GAT	GAA	.GCT	CTG	СТА	CGT	TAC	GTT	CAG	CCT	TTT	CCT	CGGA
440		L	V	R	A	L	I	N	D	R	,V	V	P	L	H,	G	С	D	V	D	K
	1261		rgt'	TCG	CGC	TTT	_										_				CAAG
1320	1201			- <b>-</b> -				·				•			•			•			
		GAA	ACA.	AGC	GCG	AAA	CTA	ATT.	ACT	'GGC	CCA	ACA	.CGG	TGA	.CGT	ACC	GAC	GCT	ACA	.CCT	GTTC
460		L	G	R	С	K	L	N	D	F	V	K	G	L	s	W	A	R	S	G	G
	1321									-											GGGC
1380								•				•			•						
			300		<b></b>	~~~	~~>					~~~			~~~						
		GAG	CCC	CGC		GTT			ACT	`GA.ª			CCC	ΤΑΑ	.CTC	AAC	ccc	GTC	TAG	ACC	:CCCĠ
		N	W	G	TAC E AGA	С	F	s	*		ACA 467		CCC	ΤΑΑ	CTC	AAC	cce	GTC	TAG	ACC	cccĠ

Figure	22	CP-1
		ECORI M G V F V V L L S I A T L F G S T TATATGAATTCATGGGCGTGTTCGTCGTGCTACTGTCCATTGCCACCTTGTTCCGTTCCA
	1	ATATACTTAAGTACCCGCACAAGCAGCACGATGACAGGTAACGGTGGAACAAGCCAAGGT
120	61	S G T A L G P R G N S H S C D T V D G G CATCCGGTACCGCTTGGGTCCTCGTGGTAATTCTCACTCTTGTGACACTGTTGACGGTG
120		GTAGGCCATGGCGGAACCCAGGAGCACCATTAAGAGTGAGAACACTGTGACAACTGCCAC CP-2 CP-3
	121	Y Q C F P E I S H L W G Q Y S P Y F S L GTTACCAATGTTTCCCAGAAATTTCTCACTTGTGGGGTCAATACTCTCCATACTTCTCTT
180		CAATGGTTACAAAGGGTCTTTAAAGAGTGAACACCCCAGTTATGAGAGGGTATGAAGAGAA
240	181	E D E S A I S P D V P D D C R V T F V Q TGGAAGACGAATCTGCTATTTCTCCAGACGTTCCAGACGACTGTAGAGTTACTTTCGTTC
240		ACCTTCTGCTTAGACGATAAAGAGGTCTGCAAGGTCTGCTGACATCTCAATGAAAGCAAG  CP-4.7 CP-5.7
300	241	V L S R H G A R Y P T D S K G K K Y S A AAGTTTTGTCTAGACACGGTGCTAGATACCCAACTgacTCTAAGggtAAGaagTACTCTG
		TTCAAAACAGATCTGTGCCACGATCTATGGGTTGActgAGATTCccaTTCttcATGAGAC
360	301	L I E A I Q K N A T A F K G K Y A F L K CTTTGATTGAAGCCTATTCAAAGAACGCTACTGCTTTCAAGGGTAAGTACGCTTTCTTGA
300		GAAACTAACTTCGATAAGTTTTCTTGCGATGACGAAAGTTCCCATTCATGCGAAAGAACT CP-6 CP-7
420	361	T Y N Y T L G A D D L T P F G E N Q M V AGACTTACAACTACACTTTGGGTGCTGACGACTTGACTCCATTCGGTGAAAACCAAATGG
420		TCTGAATGTGAAGCCCACGACTGCTGAACTGAGGTAAGCCACTTTTGGTTTACC
	421	N S G I K F Y R R Y K A L A R K I V P F TTAACTCTGGTATTAAGTTCTAEAGAAGATACAAGGCTTTGGCTAGAAAGATTGTTCCAT
480		AATTGAGACCATAATTCAAGATGTCTTCTATGTTCCGAAACCGATCTTTCTAACAAGGTA
	481	I R A S G S S R V I A S A E K F I E G F TCATTAGAGCTTCTCCTAGAGAGTTATTGCTTCTGCTGAAAAGTTCATTGAAGGTT
540		AGTAATCTCGAAGACCAAGAagaTCTCAATAACGAAGACGACTTTTCAAGTAACTTCCAA
		Q S A K L A D P G S Q P H Q A S P V I D TCCAATCTGCTAAGTTGGCTGACCCAGGTTCTCCAGCCACCCAGCTTCTCCAGTTATTG

AGGTTAGACGATTCAACCGACTGGGTCCAAGAGTTGGTGGTTCGAAGAGGTCAATAAC

CP-10.7

V I I S E A S S Y N N T L D P G T C T A

ACGTTATTATTCCTGACGCTTCTTCCTTACAACAACACTTTGGACCCAGGTACTTGTACTG

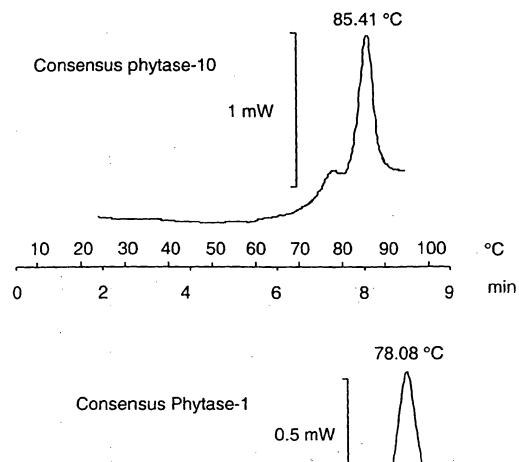
601

TGCAATAATAAagaCTgcgaAGGagaATGTTGTTGTAAACCTGggtCCATGAACATGAC

	661	F E D S E L A D T V E A N F T A L F A CTTTCGAAGACTCTGAATTGGCTGACGCTTGAAGCTAACTTCACTGCTTTGTTCGCT	P 'C +
720		GAAAGCTTCTGAGACTTAACcgaCTGtgaCAACTTCGATTGAAGTGACGAAACAAGCGA CP-12.7	
	721	A I R A R L E A D L P G V T L T D T E CAGCTATTAGAGCTAGATTGGAAGCTGACTTGCCAGGTGTTACTTTGACTGAC	G
780		GTCGATAATCTCGATCTAACCTTCGACTGAACGGTCCACAATGAAACTGACTG	C
	781	TYLMDMCSFETVARTSDAT TTACTTGATGGACATGTGTCTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	G
840		<b>AA</b> tga <b>ATGAACTACCTGTAC</b> ACAagaAAGCTTTGACAACGATCTTGAAGACTGCGATGA	TAGE CONTROL OF CONTRO
900	841	L S P F C A L F T H D E W R H Y D Y L  AATTGTCTCCATTCTGTGCTTTGTTCACTCACGACGAATGGAGACCTACGACTACTTG	C
900		TTAACAGAGGTAAGACACGAAACAAGTGAGTGCTGCTTACCTCTgtgATGCTGATGAACCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	G
0.50	901	S L K K Y Y G H G A G N P L G P T Q G ATCTTTGaagAAGTACTACGGTCacGGTGCTGGTAACCCATTGGGTCCAactCAAGGT	G
960		TTAGAAACtteTTCATGATGCCAgtgCCACGACCATTGGGTAACCCAGGTtgaGTTCCA	С
	961	G F A N E L I A R L T R S P V Q D H T TTGGTTTCGCTAACGAATTGATTGCTAGATTGACTAGATCTCCAGTTCAAGACCACACT	T
1020		AACCAAAGCGATTGCTTAACTAACGATCTAACTGATCTAGAGGTCAAGTTCTGGTGTGA	A
1	1021	T N H T L D S N P A T F P L N A T L Y  CTACTAACCACACTTTGGACTCTAACCCAGCTACTTTCCCATTGAACGCTACTTTGTAC	
1080		GATGATTGGTGTGAAACCTGAGATTGGGTCGATGAAAGGGTAACTTGCGATGAAACATG	C
1	1081	D F S H D N G I I S I F F A L G L Y N CTGACTTCTCTCACGACAACggtattATTTCTATTTTCTTCGCTTTGGGTTTGTACAAC	G
1140		GACTGAAGAGAGTGCTGTTGccataaTAAAGATAAAAGAAGCGAAACCCAAACATGTTG	_
1		T A P L S T T S V E S I E E T D G Y S GTACTGCTCCATTGTCTACTTCTGTTGAATCTATTGAAGAAACTGACGGTTACTCT	ŧ
1200		CATGACGAGGTAACAGATGATGAAGACAACTTAGATAACTTCTTTGACTGCCAATGAGA	
		<u>A</u> W T V P F A S R A Y V E M M O C O A	E

1201 L260	ctgc						_													
	gacg	аас	ርፓር	ACA	AGG	TAA	Gca	aac	aTC	ተርር	AAT	'GCA	ACT	אַדיבי	CTA	CGT	TAC	AGT	TCG	:AC
	3003								,				-20							
	ĸ	F	ъ	t.	17	0	V	τ.	17	NT	n	D				T.	н	G	_	2
1261	AAAA	GGA	ACC	TA	GGI	TAG	AGT	TTT	GGT	TAA	CGA	CAC	AGT	TGT	TCC	TTA	GC#	CGG	TTG	TC
1320	тттт																			

Figure 23



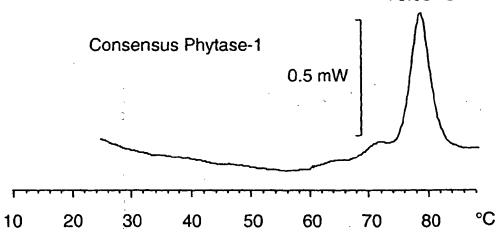
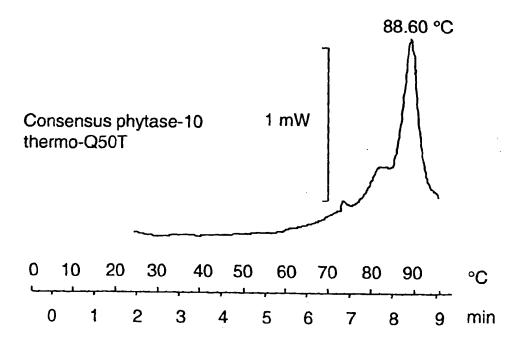


Figure 24



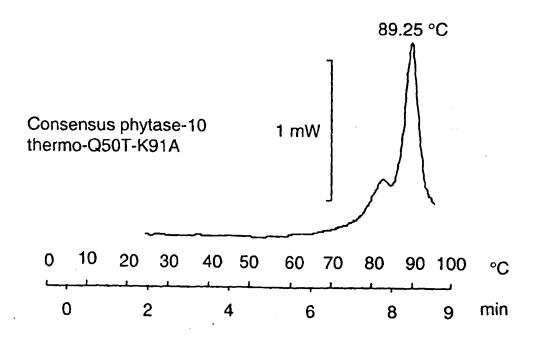
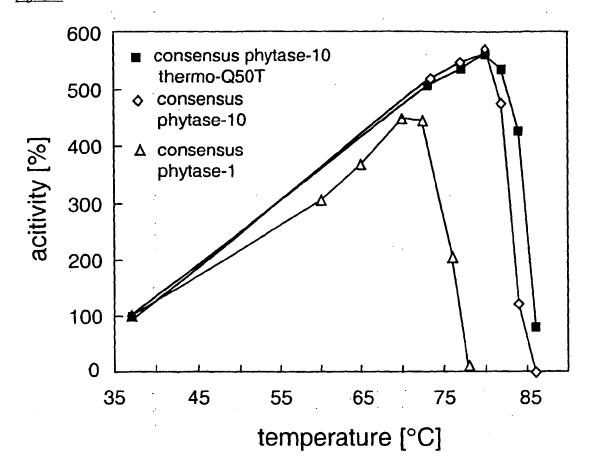
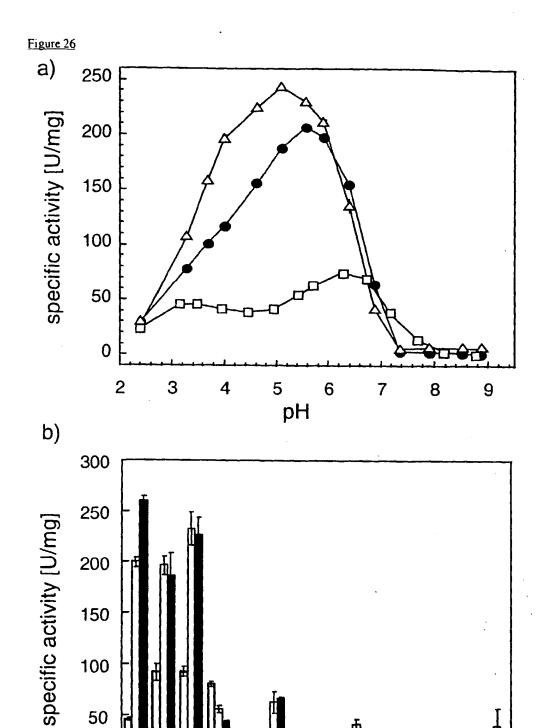


Figure 25



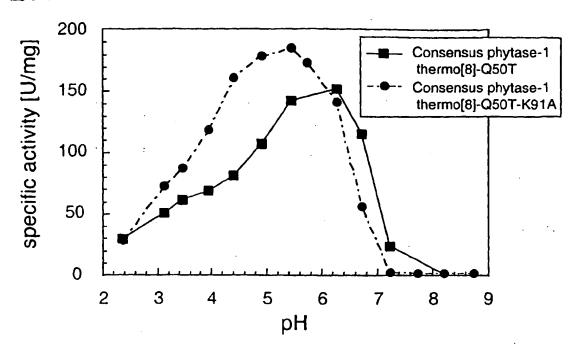


9 10 11 12 13 14

4 ·

Substrates

Figure 27



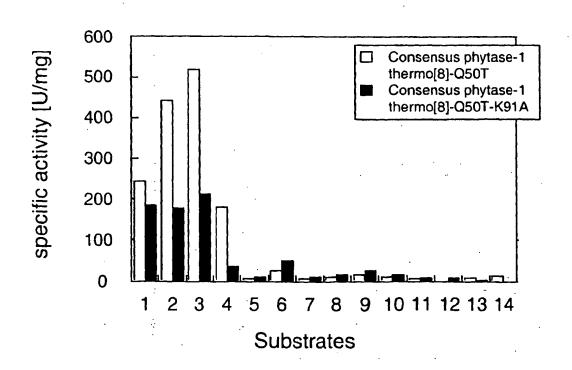
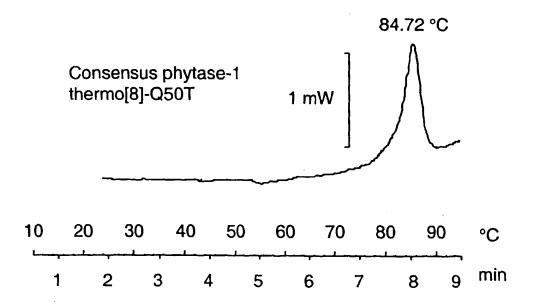
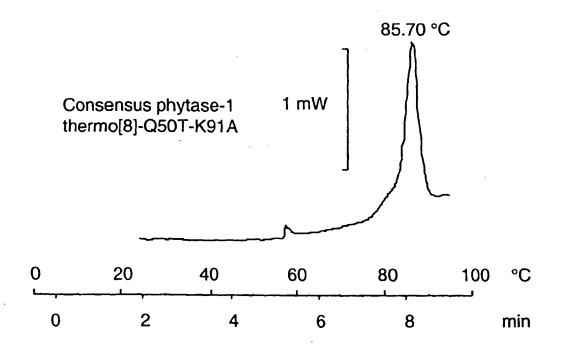


Figure 28







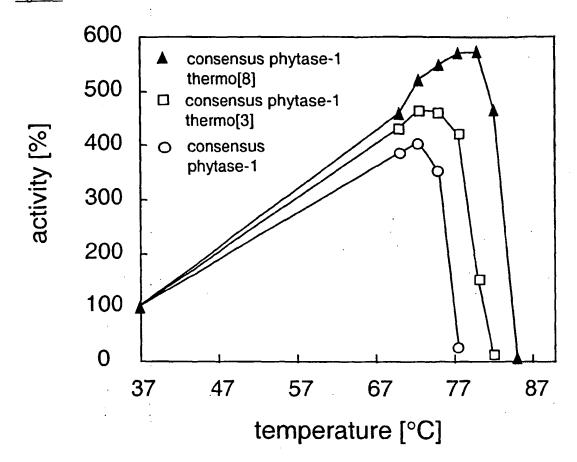
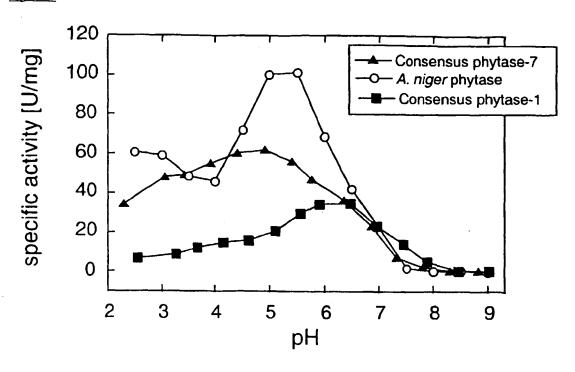


Figure 30



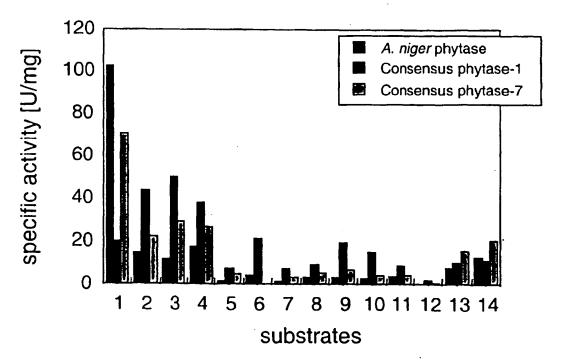
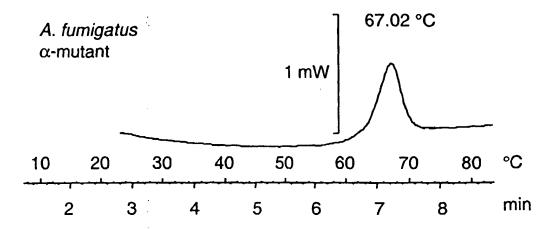


Figure 31



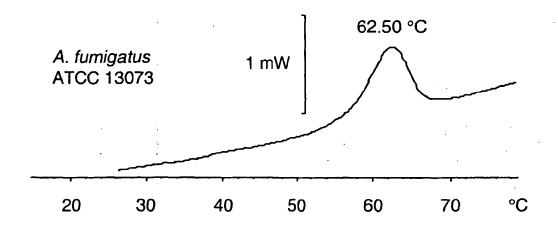
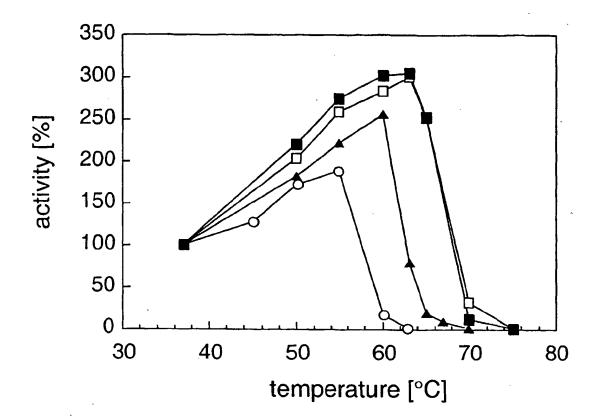


Figure 32



#### Figure 33

I MGVFVVLLSI ATLFGSTSGT ALGPRGNSHS CDTVDGGYQC FPEISSNWSP

51 YSPYFSLADE SAISPDVPKG CRVTFVQVLQ RHGARFPTSG AATRISALIE

101 AIQKNATAFK GKYAFLKTYN YTLGADDLVP FGANQSSQAG IKFYRRYKAL

151 ARKIVPFIRA SGSDRVIDSA TNWIEGFQSA KLADPGANPH QASPVINVII

201 PEGAGYNNTL DHGLCTAFEE SELGDDVEAN FTAVFAPPIR ARLEAHLPGV

251 NLTDEDVVNL MDMCPFDTVA RTSDATELSP FCDLFTHDEW IQYDYLGDLD

301 KYYGTGAGNP LGPAQGVGFV NELIARLTHS PVQDHTSTNH TLDSNPATFP

351 LNATLYADFS HDNTMVAIFF ALGLYNGTKP LSTTSVESIE ETDGYSASWL

401 VPFSARMYVE MMQCEAEKEP LVRVLVNDRV VPLHGCGVDK LGRCKRDDFV

451 EGLSFARSGG NWEECFA



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